

SECTION A

1. C
2. B
3. C
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17. C
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19. C
20. B

SECTION B

21. Tridevs & Khalsa Panth

a) Roles of Tridevs:

- i. Brahma – Creator of the universe
- ii. Vishnu – Preserver and maintainer of the universe

b) Khalsa Panth promotes equality and justice by:

- i. Eliminating caste discrimination among people
- ii. Promoting equality of all human beings before God
- iii. Encouraging protection of the weak and oppressed
- iv. Teaching discipline, honesty, and service to humanity

22. Sikh Scriptures & Sri Sukhmani Sahib

a) Importance of Sikh scriptures:

- i. They provide moral and spiritual guidance in daily life
- ii. They help believers remain peaceful and disciplined

b) Sections (cantos) of Sri Sukhmani Sahib:

– **Ashtpadi (8-verse sections)**

23. Paramatma & Nimrata

a) Paramatma:

– Paramatma is the Supreme Soul or God who is eternal, all-powerful, and present everywhere.

b) Ways of practicing Nimrata (humility):

- i. Respecting teachers and elders
- ii. Accepting correction without pride
- iii. Helping and serving others without showing off

24. Worship places & Jainism

- a) Proper behavior in Mandir/Gurdwara:
 - i. Remove shoes and wash hands before entering
 - ii. Cover the head and maintain silence/respect
- b) Importance of Kalpa Sutra during Paryushan:
 - i. It teaches the life and teachings of Jain Tirthankaras
 - ii. It promotes spiritual reflection, purity, and self-discipline

25. Gyan Yog & Bhai Gurdas Ji

- a) Stages of Gyan Yog:
 - i. Sravana (hearing teachings)
 - ii. Manana (thinking and reflecting)
 - iii. Nididhyasana (deep meditation and realization)
- b) Inspiration from Bhai Gurdas Ji:
 - i. He was a great scholar who promoted learning and wisdom
 - ii. His life teaches humility, discipline, and devotion to God

26. Hindu & Sikh ceremonies

- a) Significance of Upnyan (Thread Ceremony):
 - i. Marks beginning of formal education and learning
 - ii. Introduces discipline and moral responsibility
 - iii. Connects the child to spiritual learning under a guru
- b) Sikh initiation ceremony:
 - **Amrit Sanskar**

27. Naamkaran Ceremony

- a) What happens during Naamkaran:
 - i. The child is given a name in the presence of family/community
 - ii. A holy scripture is read and the chosen name is based on its first letter
- b) Importance of Naamkaran:
 - i. Gives the child identity and belonging
 - ii. Invokes blessings and welcomes the child into the faith/community