

HISTORY & GOVERNMENT.

OPENER EXAM MARKING SCHEME.

(SECTION A. 20 MARKS)

1. Pre history

(1 mark)

2. - Locating a prehistoric site.

- By excavating fossils.

- By recording the findings. (2 marks)

3. - Rural urban migration

- Hardship among many Europeans.

- British immigrant to U.S.A. (1 mark)

4. - Money is divisible into smaller units

- It is light and therefore portable. (1 mark)

- It is durable.

5. - They were available in large number

- They were believed to be strong and therefore immune to diseases.

- Their dark complexion made it difficult for them to escape. (2 marks)

6. - It promoted trade between North Africa and

- It shortened route from Africa to Europe. (1 mark)

7. - Bantu communities made iron weapons which they used to defend themselves from enemies.

- They made iron tools such as axes and pangas which they used to clear vegetation for farming. (2 marks)

8. - Decline of iron.
- Attack by Axum.

(2 marks)

9. - Ethiopia
- Liberia.

(2 marks)

10. - Goree
- Dakar.
- Rufisque.
- St Louis.

(1 mark)

11. Samori applied the scorched earth policy.
Use of guerilla tactics.

(2 marks)

SECTION B

P.T.O.

ANSWER TWO QUESTIONS.

P.T.O.

12 a)

Wood
Water
Wind

SECTION B (30 Marks)

(3 marks)

b)

Inadequate capital
Brain drain among residents of third world countries
Political instability in third world countries
Poor government policy.
Stiff marketing competition.
Poor transport and communication system.
Low level of technology
Low literacy level.
High poverty level.

(12 marks)

13

a)

Family Spirits (Kadzimu)
Clan Spirits (Mhondoro)
National Spirits (Chamunika)

(3 marks)

b)

- Asante Kingdom had a centralised form of government headed by Asantehene.
- Asantehene ruled with the help of Omanhenes as his principal assistants.
- They had a strong standing army for defence and conquest / expansion.
- The main symbol of unity was the golden stool.
- Their main symbol of authority was the black stool.
- The empire was divided into three parts, The metropolitan Asante, Provincial Asante and Amotoo.

(12 marks)

- 14 a) - Serbia to give an explanation for the assassination
- To apologise to Austria - Hungary
 - To suppress all anti-Austrian publications and organizations
 - Allow Austrian official to participate in the investigations.
 - To dismiss all officials whom Austrian objected
- by - To allow austrian police to enter Serbian territories to ensure the above demands were fulfilled

(3 marks)

- b) Formation of military alliances.
- The arms race.
- First and Second military all
- Moroccan Crisis
- Colonial rivalry / imperialism
- Franco Prussian War / Need for revenge.
- The Sarajevo assassination.

(6 well explained)
(12 marks)