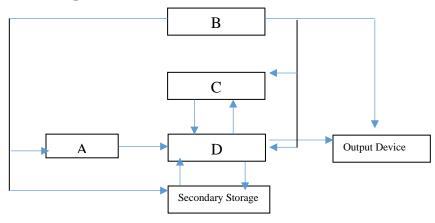
4.



# COMPUTER STUDIES: FORM 3 MARKING SCHEME

1. a) The diagram below represents the essential features of a computer system. Study the diagram and answer the questions that follow.



#### i) Name the components

[4mks]

- A Input
- B- Control unit
- C- Arithmetic Logic Unit
- D- Primary storage
- ii) On the diagram above, indicate the direction of data flow using arrows.

[3mks]

iii) Name and explain the three types of buses in a computer system.

[6mks]

- Data bus transfers data between control unit and main memory
- Control bus pathway for timing and controlling functions from the control unit to other parts of the system,
- Address bus pathway to locate storage in memory where next instruction or data to be processed is located.

#### 2. Describe the functions of the following computer hardware components.

[4mks]

- i) Mouse
- This is an input device that works in conjunction with a pointer on the screen. It is used for selecting and other input functions.
- ii) Scanner
- This is an input device that works with optical technology to capture data (text and images.

#### 3. State any two features of a user-friendly program.

[2mks]

- Relatively easy for user to start using the software
- Amount of effort and information required of the user to get the system complete required tasks should be kept minimum.
- Systems should be self-contained so that the user is not forced into accessing manuals or dealing with things be kept out the system.
- System should be able to adjust to different levels of expertise between users, and as users grows in competence
- User should be made to feel in control of what is going on.

### Differentiate between COM ports and LPT ports.

[4mks]

- COM port also known as a serial port transmits data bit by bit.
- LPT port also known as a parallel port transmits multiple bits simultaneously at a time.
- 5. Explain the term portability in reference to hardware and software aterials from https://teachanks.ke/notes
  - Software Ability of software to work/function in several computer hardware and OS platforms.
  - Ability of software to be installed in more than one computer.

#### **6.** Explain three ways in which computer viruses are spread from one computer to another. [6mks]

- Through using contaminated secondary storage devices
- Opening of e-mail attachment without scanning for virus
- Downloading and opening of infected files from the internet
- Updating of software through infected networks

[2mks]

• A room specifically designed for installation of computers and provide a conducive environment for

#### b) State three possible causes of fire outbreak in a computer laboratory.

[3mks]

- External attacks e.g. arsonists/terrorists

#### c) State three measures that should be put in place in a computer laboratory to safeguard users' [3mks]

- All power cables must be insulated and hidden from users
- The furniture used must be of standard computer furniture
- The room should be lit with adequate lighting.
- Computer monitor should be fitted with anti-glare to filter excess light rays emanating from the monitor.
- Avoid slippery floors/cemented floors.

## Give three differences between Post Office mail and electronic mail (email).

[3mks]

- Email is fast compared to post office mail
- With email one can get an immediate feedback.
- Email is less expensive than post office
- Email can be forwarded to many people without retyping unlike the post office mail.

### 9. Other than I/O devices, list other four components under the control of the operating system. [4mks]

- Main memory
- CPU/Processor
- Secondary storage
- Communication devices and ports

#### 10. Differentiate between Cache and Buffer memories.

[4mks]

- Buffer -Control the speed difference between communicating device or Control the speed imbalance between two devices.
- Cache It boost CPU processing speed because the CPU can access it much more quickly than RAM.

#### 11. i) State three importance of internet to society.

[3mks]

- Enhances commerce
- *Improved communication*
- Enhance research
- Enhance learning through (electronic learning)

### ii) Describe four challenges that internet has brought to society.

[4mks]

- Individual privacy cannot be guaranteed this and other FREE revision materials from https://teacher.co.ke/notes
- Moral and cultural issues have been greatly affected
- Security as a lot of information can be accessed from the internet.



#### 12. i) What is a computer keyboard?

[2mks]

- Input device with keys for keying in data in the form of characters.
- ii) Name and explain the function of the following key symbols found in a keyboard.

i)

[2mks]



Enter - Used to execute commands

- Used to move the cursor insertion point to the next line

[2mks]

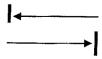


ii)

Shift - Used to change lower case to uppercase characters and other keys with two symbols/letters.

- Used together with direction keys to select highlight characters or cells

iii) [2mks]



Tab — Used to move the cursor at intervals.

# 13. A computer laboratory experiences power supply problems. Describe three power related problems that should be addressed. [6mks]

- Blackout this is unexpected disconnection of power supply of power supply in the laboratory.
- Power sag: sudden drop of voltage levels that lasts less than a second.
- Transients/surge: high voltage flowing
- Brownout: partial blackout where there's low voltage flow
- Short circuit: livewires touching each other's
- Loose connection, which may cause tripping or total power failure.

#### 14. List the three categories of system software.

[3mks]

- Firmware
- Networking software
- Operating system
- Utilities

# 15. State five file details that are assigned a file by the operating system which can assist in tracing the file.

[5mks]

- File types
- File extension
- File size
- Creating time/date of storage/saves time
- Owner/Account used
- Time of modification
- Usage conditions/file attributes (Read only Archives/Hidden) evision materials from https://teacher.co.ke/notes
- Protection information
- Contents of the file- access time

## 16. State three advantages of word processors over manual typewriter.

[3mks]

- Editing and formatting is easy
- Has punctuation and style checking capability
- Allows one to custom document printing needed
- Has built in dictionary for spell checking
- Offer alternative words (thesaurus)

# 17. List three editing features of word processing. (3 marks) [3mks]

- Moving and copying
- Cursor movement
- Find and replace
- *Inserting and overtyping*
- *Deleting text*

# 18. List three types of font types used in word processing. (3 marks) [3mks]

- Times New Roman
- Arial Black
- Tahoma
- Arial
- Algerian

### 19. Describe each of the following computer crimes. (3 marks)

a) Hacking

Unauthorized access to data and information by breaking security codes just for fun.

b) Piracy

Illegal copying of copyrighted software, information or data without permission from the owner.

c) Sabotage

Illegal or malicious destruction of system, data or information by employees or other people with grudges with the aim of crippling service delivery or cause great loss to an organization.

- 20. Mwende noticed that her PC is taking too long to load programs and files. The computer technician informed her that there was a high possibility it a virus.
- a) What is a computer virus? (1 mark)

A destructive program that attaches itself to other files when files are opened for use and install itself on the computer, without knowledge of the user.

#### b) Give any three sources of a computer virus. (3 marks)

- i. Contact with contaminated systems:
- ii. Use of pirated software:
- iii. Infected proprietary software:
- iv. Fake games:
- Download this and other FREE revision materials from https://teacher.co.ke/notes
- v. Freeware and Shareware:
- vi. Updates of software distributed via networks:

- c) List any three measures that Mwende needs to put into place to protect her computer from infection. (3 mks)
  - i). Install up-to-date (or the latest) antivirus software on the computers.
  - ii). Restrict the movement of foreign storage media, e.g., diskettes in the computer room.
  - iii). If they have to be used, they must be scanned for viruses.
  - iv). Avoid opening mail attachments before scanning them for viruses.
  - v). Write-protect disks after using them.
  - vi). Disable floppy disk drives, if there is no need to use disks in the course of normal operation.
  - vii). Backup all software & data files at regular intervals.
  - viii). Do not boot your computer from disks which you are not sure are free from viruses.
  - **ix).** Avoid pirated software. If possible, use the software from the major software houses.
  - **x).** Programs downloaded from Bulletin Boards & those obtained from computer clubs should be carefully evaluated & examined for any destructive code.

