

# ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION/314 TERM TWO 2023 ACADEMIC YEAR FORM ONE

#### **MARKING SCHEME**

#### 1. a) Explain five reasons for the revelation of the Qur'an in small bits.

(10marks)

- i. To strengthen the heart of the prophet by addressing him continuously and whenever the need arose.
- ii. Revelation was a very difficult experience therefore it was revealed in portions to ease the difficulty the prophet was going through.
- iii. To give room for spiritual development for the prophet and his swahabas
- iv. To allow gradual implementation of the sharia. It was difficult for the arabs to change their unislamic cultures instantly.
- v. For easier understanding. The swahabas used to learn few verses at a time until they fully understood.
- vi. To make memorization easy and possible for the swahabas
- vii. Different circumstances at different times and place necessitated the Quran to be revealed in portions.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{mks})$ 

## b) Give the meaning of all the verses of suratul Fatiha (7marks)

- i. 1 In the name of Allah, Most Gracious, Most Merciful.
- ii. 2 Praise and thanks be to Allah, The Cherisher and Sustainer of the worlds,
- iii. 3 Most Gracious , Most Merciful ,
- iv. 4 Master of the Day of Judgement
- v. 5 You alone we worship and You alone we ask for help.
- vi. 6 Guide us to the straight path:
- vii. 7 The path of those on whom you have bestowed your Grace, and not the path of those who earned your anger, nor of those who went astray.

 $(7 \times 1 = 7 \text{mks})$ 

#### c) State three teachings of suratul Nasr (3marks)

- i. The truth will always win over falsehood because the the nonbelievers were conqured by the believers.
- ii. Patience and firmness are required for victory to be achieved
- iii. When a muslim succeeds in any avtivity he/she must thank Allh
- iv. Muslim must always ask Allah for forgiveness after performing an act of worship
- v. Allah is always ready to forgive those who sincerely ask for forgiveness.

 $(3 \times 1 = 3 \text{mks})$ 

#### 2. a) Mention four importance of the holy Qur'an to muslims. (4marks)

i. It is the first source of Islamic sharia. It contains all solutions to man's problems in all aspects of life eg political, spiritual, social, economical, religious etc





- ii. It provides guidance to all those who want to discover the truth and reality about life on earth and in the hereafter
- iii. It preserves the messages of the previous scripture which were corrupted and distorted
- iv. It is a source of thawab for those who recite it. The recite gets ten rewards for every letter he/she reads.
- v. It is a source of knowledge on different areas eg scientific knowledge where it talks about embryonic development.
- vi. Students get wise when they start reading the Qur'an in their childhood, thus Holy Book is the best intellectual treasure a student can have.
- vii. Quran recitation inculcates love and fear of Allah. This is because some verses of the
- viii. Quran contain soothing effect while others contains harsh tone to the disbelievers and the evil doers.
- ix. It cultivates love and respect for the Prophet (SAW) to whom the Qur'an was revealed.
- x. It contains narratives of peoples and nations of the past and prophets.
- xi. It helps to improve Arabic and services as an incentive for the study of Arabic  $(4 \times 1 = 4 \text{mks})$

## b) Explain the forms of hadith (8marks)

- i. **Qaul Hadith**: This is the form of Hadith which the prophet has spoken and has the bearing of Islamic matters e.g the prophet said "Islam is cleanliness..."
- ii. **Fiil Hadith**: This is the action conducted by the prophet and has a bearing on matters regarding Islam. Eg The prophet has said "pray the way I do, pray"
- iii. Taqrir Hadith: This was an action carried out by the prophet's Swahaba and the Prophet gave its approval. Eg It is reported that Bilal when doing Adhan for Fajr, he was adding "prayers is better than sleep" The prophet kept quiet meaning he had approved.
- iv. Sifat: This refers to general appearance and especially bodily characteristics and the physical tributes the prophet possessed. It includes the qualities and attributes that the prophet displayed in his life. The Swahabas were able to observe his general conduct and follow them.

 $(2 \times 4 = 8 \text{mks})$ 

## c) Explain four benefits of following the prophet's hadith and sunnah. (8marks)

- i. Hadith explains the Quran eg some devotional acts like swalat are mentioned in general terms in the Quran and hadith explains them in detail.
- ii. It is a source of Sharia only next to the Quran eg some Islamic manners and etiquette are derived from Hadith
- iii. Helps a Muslim to know the proper way to behave
- iv. Helps a Muslim to be closer to Allah by carrying out his commands hence rewards from Allah (swt)
- v. Guides Muslims in their relationship with other Muslims, non-Muslims and the rest of Allah's creation.
- vi. Guides a Muslim's performance of Sunnah acts
- vii. It is a source of knowledge for Muslims/Academic excellence
- viii. Helps Muslims in their knowledge of the details of prophet Muhammad's (p.b.u.h) life
- ix. It defines the position held by the prophet (p.b.u.h) in Islam



x. Helps Muslims understand the opinion held by the Prophet and his stand on various issues  $(4 \times 2 = 8 \text{mks})$ 

#### 3. a) State ten attributes of Allah SWT in English (10marks)

- i. The Most Gracious
- ii. The Most Merciful
- iii. The Most High
- iv. The Mighty/Great
- v. The Protector
- vi. The Peaceful
- vii. The Majestic
- viii. The Provider
- ix. The Opener
- x. The Forgiver
- xi. The All-Knowing  $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{mks})$

## b) How does believing in the oneness of Allah SWT help a muslim? (4marks)

- i. It is the first basic principle of Islam. For one to be a Muslim he/she must believe in the oneness of Allah.
- ii. Belief in the oneness of Allah makes a person to obey Allah and follow His laws because Allah cannot be cheated.
- iii. It makes a person to be humble and modest. A believer in Allah is never arrogant or proud.
- iv. Belief in tawheed leads to unity and brotherhood among all muslims
- v. It makes the believer to become satisfied and to have hope in life. A believer knows that everything happens according to Allahs plans
- vi. It keeps man away from worshiping false gods and other forms of shirk
- vii. It makes a person to have a very strong degree of determination, patience and trust in Allah./helps increase the believer's taqwa
- viii. Lit makes the believer brave and courageous as he/she knows it is only Allah who safeguards and protects.
- ix. It is the basis on which believers unite regardless of race, colour, nationality and social status.
- x. It inculcates tranquility and peace of mind in the believer.  $(4 \times 1 = 4 \text{mks})$

#### c) Explain the types of Shirk. (6marks)

- i. Shirk al-Akbar (major shirk). This is invoking, making supplications or praying to other gods besides Allah. It also implies having intentions to worship other gods besides Allah and obeying authority against the commands of Allah. eg worshipping idols
- ii. Shirk al-Asghar. (minor shirk). This type implies showing love which is due to Allah alone to others other than Him. egRia or doing acts for show off
- iii. Shirk al-Khafi (inconspicuous shirk). This type implies not being satisfied with what Allah has decreed/ordained for a person or equating the power of Allah & those of other creatures, statement like: 'If it were not for Allah and you, I wouldn't have succeeded'





## 4. a) Discuss four significance of shahada. (8marks)

- i. It makes believers to surrender their life to Allah (SWT) thus fulfilling Allah's commands.
- ii. It makes a believer to have confidence and respect towards His Allah (SWT).
- iii. Promotes in a believer a feeling of contentment for he/she will know that Allah(S.W.T) willtake care of all his needs.
- iv. It makes a believer to be brave/courageous since he/sheknows that Allah is in charge of his/her life.
- v. It confirms that prophet Mohammad (P.B.U.H) is the chosen messenger of Allah (S.W.T)
- vi. It makes believers develop trust in the prophet (pbuh) and to follow his guidelines.
- vii. It makes believers to appreciate how Allah (S.W.T) has honored Prophet Mohammad. (P.B.U.H).
- viii. Gives Allah the absolute right to be worshipped/keeps believers away from shirk
- ix. Makes a Muslim to enter paradise if he/she mentions it at the point of death.  $(4 \times 2 = 8 \text{mks})$

#### b) State four importance of twahara (purification) to Muslims. (4marks)

- i. it is a command of Allah SWT hence rewardable.
- ii. It is among the fundamental teachings of the prophet (pbuh)
- iii. It brings a believer closer to Allah SWT because Allah SWT has promised paradise to those who practice twahara
- iv. Allah loves those who observes cleanliness
- v. It protects one from diseases and illness
- vi. It enables believers to perform acts of worship like swalat
- vii. Observing cleanliness makes a person to be respected in the society  $(4 \times 1 = 8 \text{mks})$

#### c) Explain the different types of sijda (8marks)

- i. Sijdatul tilawa: performed when reading the Qur'an and coming across the word sajda.
- ii. Sijdatul Sahw: performed when one makes a mistake in swalat
- iii. Sijdatul Shukr: performed to thank Allah (SWT) for blessings
- iv. Sijdatul Swalat: this is the normal sijda performed when one is observing swalat.  $(4 \times 2 = 8 \text{mks})$

#### 5. a) Explain the dimensions of Islamic morality

- i. Maaroofaat (the virtues): These are deeds or practices which are permitted in Islam (2mks)
- ii. Munkaraat (vices): These are all kinds of bad practices or deeds that are prohibited in Islam (2mks)

#### b) Give three examples for each dimension. (10marks)

#### **Examples of maarufat**



- (i) Visiting the sick and escorting the deceased to the grave.
- (ii) Feeding the poor.
- (iii) Honoring the aged.
- (iv) Trustworthiness: Muslims have to be people who keep their words in any promise, contracts among others.
- (v) Having contentment [Qanaa]or satisfaction with whatever Allah[sw] has decreed for him/her.
- (vi) Self control
- (vii) Contentment
- (viii) Patience

 $(3 \times 1 = 3 \text{mks})$ 

# **Examples of Munkarat**

- (i) Arrogance and pride.
- (ii) Slander and gossips.
- (iii) Telling lies.
- (iv) Calling one another by offensive nicknames.
- (v) Dissatisfaction and lack of contentment.
- (vi) Looking down upon others because, class or wealth, race etc.
- (vii) Wishful thinking.
- (viii) Drug and substance abuse.
- (ix) Gambling and games of chances.
- (x) All forms of sexual perversions.

 $(3 \times 1 = 3 \text{mks})$ 

#### b) Explain the importance of practicing good behavior by muslims (10marks)

- i. Islamic morality is meant to build in the human being a sound mind and body and a peaceful soul.
- ii. It makes a Muslim have a distinctive Islamic personality when interacting with others.
- iii. Islamic moral values are meant to cultivate in a Muslim the best character in the most whole some manner. □ It strengthensthe bonds between human beings and Allah thus developing a strong taqwa.
- iv. Islamic morality guards the Muslims external behaviors and his manifest deeds to be in line with Allah (S.W.T) the teachings of Islam.
- v. It shields a Muslims from evil since it guards his external behavior and his manifest deeds to be in line with Allah(S.W.T)
- vi. It promotes positive thinking by guiding individual Muslims to be occupied with constructive ideas and serious pursuits of how to lead a positive life on this earth and the hereafter.
- vii. It discourages a Muslimfrom practicing prohibitions such as use of intoxicants.
- viii. The Munkaraat have been prohibited by Allah (S.W.T) for the spiritual and mental well being of man as well as for the moral and material benefit of humanity.





- ix. It promotes peace and harmony in the society in that the prohibitions discourage vices.
- x. It generates affection and respect between the members of the family and the society in general hence promoting brotherhood.
- xi. Allah has promised rewards for those who abide by the Islamic morals and avoid evils deeds.  $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{mks})$



