

# TERM 2 - 2023 CHEMISTRY FORM FOUR (4) – 233/3 CONFIDENTIAL

#### In addition to the apparatus found in a laboratory, each candidate will require;

- 1.  $110 \text{cm}^3$  of solution C1
- 2. 150cm<sup>3</sup> of solution C2
- 3.  $60 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ of solution C3}$
- 4.  $80 \text{ cm}^3$  of solution C4
- 5.  $80 \text{ cm}^3$  of solution C5
- 6.  $50 \text{ cm}^3$  of solution C6
- 7. 1.0 g of Solid D1
- 8. 0.5 g of Solid M1
- 9. A white tile
- 10. A test tube rack with 1 boiling tube and 8 test tubes
- 11. A burette
- 12. A 25 ml pipette
- 13. A pipette filler
- 14. A test tube holder
- 15. A stopwatch
- 16. A filter funnel
- 17. Two conical flasks
- 18. A 100 ml GLASS beaker
- 19. Distilled water in a wash bottle
- 20. A metallic spatula
- 21. Eight labels
- 22. A clean dropper
- 23. A wooden splint
- 24. A 1cm x 1cm aluminium foil
- 25. Red litmus paper.

### Access to the following bench reagents

- 1. Universal indicator with a full range pH chart.
- 2. Acidified potassium dichromate (VI)
- 3. Bromine water
- 4. 2M sodium hydroxide solution
- 5. 2M aqueous ammonia
- 6. Aqueous barium nitrate
- 7. Source of heat

### Note:

- Solution C1 is a 0.01897 M KIO<sub>3</sub> solution.
- Solution C2 is a 0.1 M sodium thiosulphate.

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- Solution C3 is 0.167 M acidified potassium iodide. Prepared by dissolving 27.722 g of potassium iodide in 200 cm<sup>3</sup> of distilled water. It is acidified by adding 400cm<sup>3</sup> of 2M sulphuric (VI) acid then distilled water is added to make up to a litre of solution.
- Solution C4 is starch indicator solution. Prepared by dissolving 20 g of starch powder in 100 cm<sup>3</sup> of distilled water.
- Solution C5 is an acidified mixture of potassium iodide and sodium thiosulphate. It is made by dissolving a solid mixture containing 1.0 g of potassium iodide crystals and 1.0 g of sodium thiosulphate crystals in about 200 cm3 of distilled water. It is acidified by adding 400cm<sup>3</sup> of 2M sulphuric (VI) acid then distilled water is added to make up to a litre of solution.
- Solution C6 is hydrogen peroxide solution. It is prepared by taking 200 cm3 of 10 volume hydrogen peroxide and adding 800 cm3 of distilled water to make a litre of solution.
- Solid M1 is 1.0 g of maleic acid in a stoppered container.
- Solid D1 is 1.0 g of a mixture of 0.5 g of zinc (II) nitrate and 0.5 g of zinc (II) sulphate crystals.

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