## CONFIDENTIAL

In addition of apparatus formed in lab, each student is expected to have;

1. 100 cm 3 of solution A
2. 100 cm 3 of solution B
3. 0.5 g of solid E
4. Burette
5. Pipette
6. 2 conical flask
7. 6 test tubes in rack
8.1 boiling tube holder
8. Test tube holder
9. Distilled water in wash bottle.

Access

- $0.5 \mathrm{mBa}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}$ solution and dropper.
- 2 M NaOH solution and dropper.
- Source of heat.
- $0.1 \mathrm{MPb}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}$ solution and dropper.
- $2 \mathrm{MHNO}_{3}$ solution and dropper.
- Solution A is acidified $0.01 \mathrm{MK}_{2} \mathrm{CrO}_{7}$.
- Solution B is $0.1 \mathrm{MNa}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{3}$.
- Solution E is about 0.5 g of $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4} \cdot \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$.

NOTE:
Solution A is prepared by dissolving 2.94 g of $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CrO}_{7}$ in $200 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ of $2 \mathrm{M}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ then adding distilled water to 11 of solution.

