

TEACHER.CO.KE FORM 4 BUSINESS STUDIES PAPER 1 (565/1) OPENER TERM 1, (2022).

MARKING SCHEME

- 1. Ways in which the economic environment may positively influence the activities of a business(4 marks)
 - > The prices of commodities are low leading to increased demand
 - Increase in consumer's incomes hence high demand
 - > If the taxes levied on goods are low as it will make prices of commodities to fall
 - If banks charge low interest rates on loans, it encourages people to borrow loans and buy more goods
 - > If there is low levels of inflation increasing or maintaining higher ability to buy
- 2. Benefits to a community following the establishment of a milk processing factory in their locality. (4 marks)
 - Source of employment to the locals
 - > Provides market for local raw materials/Milk
 - > Enables the locals to buy their products saving them the need to travel in search of them
 - > Will influence the development of infrastructure like roads which benefits them
 - They participate in community welfare programmes such as street cleaning activities, sponsoring competitions, giving bursaries to needy children

3. General functions of state corporations(4 marks)

- > Providing essential goods and services at friendly prices/helping citizens from exploitation
- Providing goods and services that are so essential yet do not give good returns which are then avoided by the private sector
- Providing services to the public whose initial capital outlay is huge and cannot be raised by private businesses
- > Engaging in business so as to provide job opportunities to the citizens
- > Engage business so as to reduce/avoid foreign dominance in the economy
- > To provide sensitive products that cannot be left in the hands of the private sector

4. Mailing service that fits the following descriptions (4 marks)

| | Description | Name of the mailing service |
|------|--|-----------------------------|
| i) | Offered to travelers who may wish to receive correspondence away from their post office box | Post Restante |
| ii) | Used for sending correspondence and parcels to a destination in the shortest time possible | Speed post/Express |
| iii) | Offered to those sending articles of value for which security in handling is required. | Registered mailing service |
| iv) | Usually in form of letters and parcels including light parcels delivered by hand, road, rail or by air | Ordinary mail |



5. Benefits that are likely to be enjoyed by a firm as a result of expansion of the entire industry (4 marks)

- Easier access to Labour force
- Enjoys improved/efficient infrastructure
- Firms may be able to dispose of their waste product easily
- Ready market may be available from the surrounding firms
- ▶ Readily available services such as banking, insurance and medical care
- > Adequate supply of power due to large volume of consumption etc.
- \triangleright

6. Possible channels of distributing imported Machinery from Germany(4 marks)

- $\blacktriangleright \qquad \text{Foreign Manufacturer} \longrightarrow \text{Agent} \rightarrow \text{Wholesaler} \rightarrow \text{Retailer} \rightarrow \text{Local consumer}$
- Foreign Manufacturer \rightarrow M. Representative \rightarrow Wholesaler \rightarrow Retailer \rightarrow Local Consumer
- ▷ Foreign Manufacturer → wholesalers → Retailer → Local consumer
- $\blacktriangleright \qquad \text{Foreign Manufacturer} \rightarrow \text{Wholesaler} \rightarrow \text{Local consumer}$
- $\succ \qquad \text{Foreign Manufacturer} \rightarrow \text{Retailer} \rightarrow \text{Local Consumer}$
- ➢ Foreign manufacturer → Local consumer

7. Table of Assets, Liabilities and Capital. Determine the missing figures(4 marks)

| Assets | Liabilities | Capital | | | | |
|------------|-------------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| 755,700 | a | 223,300 | | | | |
| b | 315,800 | 455,200 | | | | |
| 537,750 | с | 269,450 | | | | |
| 478,900 | 602,500 | d | | | | |
| a) 532,400 | | | | | | |
| b) 777,000 | | | | | | |
| c) 268,300 | | | | | | |

d) -123,600

8. Highlight four advantages of division of labour and specialization in an organization. (4 marks)

- > Employees become specialists I their jobs as a result of performing tasks repeatedly.
- > It saves on time in performing tasks in work place.
- It produces high quality products.
- > There is standardization of products due to use of machines.
- Better organization work increases efficiency in the work place.
- Mass production/output per worker is increased/Increased quantity
- 9. Jennifer just completed her secondary school studies. She wishes to engage in a small scale retail

business in her locality. Four types of such business she can start: (4 marks)

- Itinerant trader (Hawking, peddling)
- Open air market
- Single shops
- Kiosks
- Market stalls
- ➤ Canteen
- Roadside sellers.

10. Measures that have been put in place by the government to bring order and sanity in the public transport sub-sector. (4 marks)

- ➢ Removal of unroadworthy vehicles which may cause accidents.
- > Installation of bumps to reduce speed which may cause accidents.



- Heavy penalties on motorists who disobey traffic rules.
- Making sure that passenger vehicles have safety belts to minimize casualties.
- Ensuring that public service vehicles have speed governors to limits the speed
- Construction of dual carriage roads and by-pass to ease congestion.
- Restrictions on travelling hours to ensure drivers have ample time to rest.
- Use of alcohol blow to curb drunken driving
- > All the PSVs are operating under a registered SACCO
- All drivers and conductors must have uniforms
- > Drivers and drivers required to have certificate of good conduct
- 11. Outline four differences between life assurance policy and general (property insurance policy. (4 marks)

| Life assurance policy | Genera (property) insurance policy | |
|--|--|--|
| Taken to cover life only | Taken to cover property only | |
| It is a long term policy | It is a short term policy | |
| -Principle of indemnity does not apply | -Principle of indemnity applies | |
| It has surrender rate | -Does not have surrender rate | |
| It is a kind of a saving | It is not a saving planning in any way. | |
| Policy value depends on ability to pay | Policy value depends on the value of | |
| | property | |

12. The equation given below relate to quantity demanded and quantity supplied at the equilibrium point. (4mks)

Qde = 4p + 50Qse = 8p + 30

Determine the equilibrium price and quantity.



P = 5 Qde = (5 x4) + 50 Qde = 20 + 50 Qde = 70 Price = 5Quantity = 70

13. State four emerging issues in population and employment (4 marks)

- ➢ The HIV/Aids pandemic
- Population growth and control policies
- Family planning campaign to create awareness.
- Teenage pregnancies
- Provision of free basic health services
- Food security issues
- Illegal immigration into the country
- Emphasis on maternal child health.
- > Emphasis on certificate of good conduct during recruitment
- Employment on the basis of performance contracts
- Social welfare scheme provided by the government for aged persons
- > County and Central government deliberately awarding contracts to women and the youth
- Sovernment created the UWEZO FUND to give loans to women and youth to start and run businesses



- 14. Services that are being offered by the Kenya Women Finance Trust (KWFT) to their client as one of the micro-financial institutions. (4 marks)
 - ▶ It offers financial assistance to small and medium size business enterprises.
 - They advices entrepreneurs on available business opportunities, business management and record keeping.
 - They give graduated loans to customers starting with small amount and increases the amount if the previous loans is wisely invested.
 - > They encourage savings by advancing loans to groups and individuals based on amount saved.
 - > They supervise and monitor their customers on the use of the borrowed loans.
 - > They give them fewer conditions during their process of lending.
 - Give affordable amount of loan to borrowers, however small, at low interest rates and longer repayments periods.

15. Characteristic of basic human wants. (4 marks)

- One cannot do without
- \blacktriangleright They are felt needs.
- > They cannot be postponed
- They are satisfied before secondary wants
- > They are universal

16. Ways in which it computerization contributes to the success of an organization. (4 marks)

- ➢ It has enable globalization
- ➢ It has made communication faster.
- It has reduced paper work.
- > Has assisted in data storage and inventory control.
- It facilitates market research activities
- Makes it easy the performance of any complex mathematic procedure
- Aid in security controls
- > -

17. Ways in which Kenya Bureau of standards (KEBS) regulates businesses. (4 marks)

- Conducting regular inspections to ensure that standards are meet by business people
- > They stamp on products to prove that the established standards have been adhered to.
- > Take legal actions against those who violet set standards.
- Set standards for all local and imported manufactured goods by conducting research and tests on these goods.
- Ensures businesses have valid licenses
- > Test goods to ensure they are safe for consumer use
- Destroy contaminated or poisonous goods
- > Check labels and packages to ensure that they have the correct information
- > They monitor and control the use of the standardization mark

18. Briefly give the meaning of the following warehouses. (4 marks)

- Private warehouse They are warehouses that are privately owned by individuals or firms for storing their goods only.
- Public warehouse They are warehouses owned by individuals or firms purposely constructed for renting to those in need of storage spaces.
- Free ware house They are warehouses in which tax free goods are kept awaiting sale or collection by owners.
- Bonded warehouse They are public warehouses especially meant for keeping imported goods as they await payment of customs duty.

19. Features of perfect competition market structure. (4 marks)



- They are large number of buyers and sellers.
- Products are uniform that is homogeneous.
- > There is freedom of entry and exit.
- > There is uniformity of buyers and sellers
- > There is no government intervention.
- > There is perfect knowledge of the market among buyers and sellers
- No excess supply or demand
- Perfect mobility of factors of production
- No transport costs
- 20. Reasons why high per capita income in a country may not be an indicator that its citizens are living a higher standard of live. (4 marks)
 - > The income may not be distributed equitably among all the citizens.
 - Data used may not be accurate.
 - > A high per capita income may be at the expense of citizen's social welfare.
 - > Higher income may be as results of increase in level of inflation.
 - > Increased productivity even when there are rising levels of environmental pollution
 - Use of inaccurate population data
- 21. State the book of original entry used to record information from the following source documents (4 marks)

| Source Document | Book of Original entry | |
|---------------------|------------------------|--|
| Received invoice | Purchase journal | |
| Copy of credit note | Sales returns journal | |
| Payment voucher | Cash payment journal | |
| Issued invoice | Sales journal | |

22. In the spaces provided indicate with a tick ($\sqrt{}$) whether each of the following transaction will increase, decrease or have no effect in the balance sheet totals. (4 marks)

| Transaction | increase | Decrease | No effect |
|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Selling a business asset at a loss | | \checkmark | |
| Depositing extra cash in business account | | | \checkmark |
| Drawing cash for personal use | | \checkmark | |
| Buying stock on credit | \checkmark | | |

23.State any four gaps in the Kenyan market with investment opportunities

(4 marks)

- > Where there are poor quality goods in the market
- > Where there is inadequate goods in the market
- Where the price is too high /customers being overcharged
- > Where the customers are being offered with poor services
- Where there is unavailability of goods

24.State four circumstances under which advertising may not be beneficial to the customers (4 marks)

- > Where advertisement does not disclose side effects of the product.
- ➤ Where advertising cost is passed over to consumers hence increasing price of a product.
- > Where the advertisement persuades consumer to buy a product he doesn't require.
- Where a consumer buys substandard products as a result of misleading advertising

> Where product does not perform as the advertised.

25.Highlight four circumstances under which the law of demand will not apply

- Where the goods in question are for ostentation
- Where the goods concerned are of inferior quality
- > Where consumers expect the prices of goods to rise in the near future
- Where impulse buying is concerned



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(4 marks)