

P14

KCPE REVEALED NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS 206 - 2020 MARKING SCHEME					
MATHS	ENGLISH	SCIENCE	KISWAHILI	S/STUDIES/RE	
1. C	1. C	1. C	1. B	1. C	C.R.E
2. B	2. B	2. D	2. C	2. D	61. C
3. D	3. A	3. D	3. D	3. B	62. A
4. B	4. D	4. B	4. A	4. A	63. A
5. D	5. B	5. B	5. C	5. A	64. D
6. A	6. C	6. A	6. C	6. D	65. A
7. A	7. D	7. D	7. B	7. D	66. C
8. C	8. B	8. A	8. B	8. B	67. C
9. B	9. C	9. C	9. D	9. A	68. A
10. A	10. A	10. C	10. A	10. B	69. B
11. A	11. D	11. B	11. B	11. D	70. B
12. C	12. C	12. D	12. C	12. C	71. D
13. D	13. B	13. B	13. A	13. A	72. C
14. A	14. D	14. B	14. D	14. C	73. B
15. D	15. B	15. A	15. C	15. D	74. C
16. A	16. C	16. B	16. B	16. A	75. B
17. B	17. A	17. C	17. D	17. C	76. B
18. D	18. D	18. D	18. B	18. C	77. D
19. C	19. C	19. D	19. B	19. A	78. D
20. D	20. A	20. B	20. B	20. A	79. B
21. C	21. C	21. B	21. C	21. A	80. A
22. A	22. D	22. A	22. C	22. C	81. D
23. B	23. A	23. D	23. C	23. B	82. A
24. C	24. D	24. B	24. A	24. B	83. B
25. D	25. A	25. C	25. B	25. B	84. C
26. C	26. B	26. B	26. A	26. D	85. A
27. B	27. C	27. A	27. D	27. B	86. D
28. D	28. A	28. D	28. C	28. B	87. B
29. A	29. B	29. A	29. B	29. D	88. A
30. D	30. B	30. A	30. C	30. A	89. D
31. A	31. A	31. C	31. B	31. C	90. C
32. B	32. L	32. B	32. D	32. A	I.R.E
33. A	33. B	33. D	33. C	33. A	61. B
34. C	34. B	34. B	34. A	34. B	62. D
35. A	35. A	35. B	35. B	35. D	63. A
36. A	36. C	36. A	36. B	36. A	64. A
37. D	37. D	37. D	37. C	37. B	65. C
38. B	38. A	38. A	38. A	38. A	66. B
39. C	39. A	39. A	39. A	39. D	67. B
40. A	40. B	40. A	40. C	40. B	68. B
41. D	41. C	41. C	41. C/D	41. D	69. D
42. C	42. D	42. C	42. B	42. A	70. A
43. A	43. C	43. B	43. B	43. C	71. B
44. A	44. C	44. C	44. C	44. A	72. A
45. B	45. A	45. D	45. A	45. B	73. D
46. C	46. L	46. B	46. C	46. A	74. B
47. A	47. D	47. C	47. C	47. A	75. A
48. D	48. A	48. B	48. A	48. C	76. A
49. B	49. C	49. D	49. C	49. C	77. D
50. C	50. A	50. C	50. B	50. C	78. A
				51. A	79. A
				52. D	80. C
				53. B	81. D
				54. D	82. B
				55. A	83. C
				56. C	84. B
				57. C	85. A
				58. C	86. C
				59. B	87. B
				60. B	88. A
					89. B
					90. B



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# KCPE REVEALED

**KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**PREDICTION MASTER**

**206503**

**- MATHEMATICS - 2021**

**2 hours**

**READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY**

1. You have been given this question paper and a separate answer sheet. The question paper contains 50 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this paper.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the **ANSWER SHEET**, not in this question paper.

**HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET**

4. Use an ordinary pencil only.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet

**YOUR INDEX NUMBER**

**YOUR NAME**

**NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL**

6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (ie. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and **DO NOT FOLD IT**.
9. For each Questions 1 - 50, four answers are given. The answers are lettered **A, B, C, D** in each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet show the correct answer by drawing a **dark line** inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

**Example**

**In the question booklet**

19. What is the square of **0.25**?

- A. 2.5                      B. 0.0625                      C. 0.0025                      D. 0.625

The correct answer is **B**

**19** [A] [B] [C] [D]

In the set of boxes numbered **19**, the box with letter **B** printed in it is marked

11. Your dark line **MUST BE** within the box.
12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.



This question paper consists of **8 printed pages**

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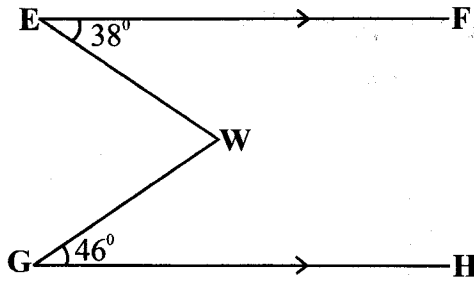


**TURN OVER**

● Covid -19 Always practice social distancing

- 2
1. Which one of the following is sixteen million one hundred and sixteen thousand and sixteen and sixteen thousandths in symbols?
    - A. 16016116.016
    - B. 16116106.016
    - C. 16116016.016
    - D. 16116016.16
  2. What is the place value of digit 5 in the number 6857329?
    - A. 50000
    - B. Ten thousands
    - C. Hundred thousands
    - D. Fifty thousand
  3. Work out the value of  $3.48 \div 25$  to the nearest 2 decimal places?
    - A. 0.1392
    - B. 7.18
    - C. 1.39
    - D. 0.14
  4. What is the perimeter of a square mat whose area is 0.0036 ha?
    - A. 6 m
    - B. 24 m
    - C. 2400 m
    - D. 36 m
  5. What is 7:4 expressed as a percentage?
    - A. 140 %
    - B. 57%
    - C. 74 %
    - D. 175 %
  6. What is three quarters of  $\frac{3}{19}$  of  $(\frac{4}{5} - \frac{1}{6}) + \frac{4}{15} + \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{2}{3}$ ?
    - A.  $\frac{2}{5}$
    - B.  $\frac{8}{15}$
    - C.  $\frac{4}{5}$
    - D.  $\frac{37}{90}$
  7. Work out:  $\frac{1.5 + 0.9 \text{ of } 2.5 - 1.42}{0.4 \times 2.5}$ 
    - A. 2.33
    - B. 4.58
    - C. 5.48
    - D. 3.22
  8. Tamera bought 5 trays of eggs at sh. 300. She paid sh. 300 for transportation. During the transportation, eggs in one tray broke. She sold the remaining eggs making a 20 % profit. How much more did she sell each egg than she bought?
    - A. sh. 18.00
    - B. sh. 10.00
    - C. sh. 8.00
    - D. sh. 5.00
  9. Given that  $r = 5$ ,  $q = s + 2$ ,  $p = s + 3$ , and  $s = 4$   
Find twice the value of  $\frac{r(p - s)}{q(s + q)}$ 
    - A.  $\frac{1}{4}$
    - B.  $\frac{1}{2}$
    - C. 4
    - D. 8
  10. Atieno, Adija and Amina bought some fruits. Amina bought 6 more fruits than Adija. Atieno bought 8 less fruits than twice the fruits bought by Adija. If Adija bought  $x$  fruits, which expression gives the total number of fruits bought by the three girls?
    - A.  $4x - 2$
    - B.  $4x + 2$
    - C.  $3x - 2$
    - D.  $3x + 14$
  11. A train left Kisumu on Wednesday 4:32 pm and took  $9\frac{4}{5}$  hrs to arrive in Mombasa. When did the train arrive in Mombasa?
    - A. Thursday 2:20 a.m
    - B. Wednesday 2:20 a.m
    - C. Thursday 12:08 a.m
    - D. Wednesday 12:08 pm

12. In the figure below line **EF** and **GH** are parallel. Angle **FEW** =  $38^\circ$  and angle **WGH** =  $46^\circ$ .



What is the size of reflex angle **EWG**?

- A.  $84^\circ$   
 B.  $184^\circ$   
 C.  $276^\circ$   
 D.  $134^\circ$

13. Lamech bought the following items from a shop:

4 kg of sugar at sh. 140  
 $2\frac{1}{2}$  kg of rice at sh. 80  
 4 -  $\frac{1}{2}$  kg packets of flour @ sh. 50  
 2 - 500 ml packets of milk @ sh. 50  
 2 bars of soap for sh. 240

He paid for the items using 3 - five hundred shilling notes. If he was given a discount of 5%. How much balance did he get?

- A. sh. 200  
 B. sh. 1235  
 C. sh. 37  
 D. sh. 265
14. A rectangular farm of length 42 m and width 33 m has the same area as a circular vegetable garden. What is the circumference of the circular garden?
- A. 132 m  
 B. 150 m  
 C. 66 m  
 D. 1386 m

3

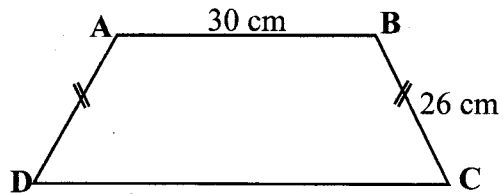
15. What is the value of:  
 $4 \times 3 - (4^2 - 3^2) + 6 \div 12$  ?

- A.  $\frac{11}{12}$   
 B. 5  
 C.  $11\frac{1}{2}$   
 D.  $5\frac{1}{2}$

16. Simplify:  $\frac{2}{3}(6x + 9y) - 4(\frac{1}{2}x - 1\frac{1}{2}y) - 2x$

- A. 12y  
 B. 0  
 C.  $14x + 12y$   
 D. 4x

17. In the figure below line **AB** = 30 cm. **BC** = **AD** = 26 cm. The perpendicular height between line **AB** and **DC** is 24 cm.



Find its perimeter.

- A. 122 cm  
 B. 132 cm  
 C. 112 cm  
 D. 142 cm

18. What is the next number in the pattern?  
 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, \_\_\_\_\_

- A. 87  
 B. 76  
 C. 91  
 D. 89

19. What is the value of **y** in the equation:

$$\frac{2y+3}{3} - 3 = \frac{3y+4}{5}$$

- A. 12  
 B.  $2\frac{4}{19}$   
 C. 42  
 D. 18

20. Below are properties of quadrilaterals:

- (i) *All sides are equal*
- (ii) *Opposite sides are equal and parallel*
- (iii) *Has a pair of parallel lines*
- (iv) *Diagonals are not angle bisectors*
- (v) *Diagonals are unequal*

Which properties stated above are shared by rhombus and parallelogram?

- A. ii and iv
- B. i and v
- C. I and iii
- D. ii and v

21. A square garden of area  $1600 \text{ m}^2$  was increased by 20 %. What was the area after increase?

- A.  $1920 \text{ m}^2$
- B.  $640 \text{ m}^2$
- C.  $2304 \text{ m}^2$
- D.  $320 \text{ m}^2$

22. A metallic rod of radius 7 cm and a height 20 cm was half way immersed in a bucket of red paint. What is the total surface area of the part of the rod that had the red paint?

- A.  $594 \text{ cm}^2$
- B.  $1188 \text{ cm}^2$
- C.  $440 \text{ cm}^2$
- D.  $1034 \text{ cm}^2$

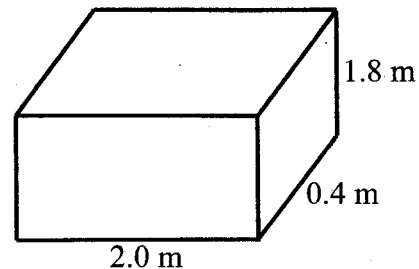
23. Bonface had a pocket money of sh. 6000. He spent  $\frac{1}{3}$  on snacks,  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the remainder on clothing and the rest on transport. How much more did he spend on transport than snacks?

- A. sh. 500
- B. sh. 1000
- C. sh. 2000
- D. sh. 3000

24. In a school of 720 pupils, the ratio of girls to boys was 5:4. In a certain year the girls increased in ratio 5:4 while boys decreased in ratio 3:4. What was the new population of the school after the changes?

- A. 700
- B. 560
- C. 740
- D. 680

25. The tank below is two thirds full of water. How many litres of water are required to fill the tank?



- A. 1440 L
- B. 960 L
- C. 48 L
- D. 480 L

26. Johnstone paid sh. 4800 for a radio after he was given a 20 % discount . How much more would he have paid if he was given a 15 % discount for the same radio?

- A. sh. 6000
- B. sh. 5100
- C. sh. 300
- D. sh. 900

27. What is the total value of digit 5 in the number 60.5043?

- A. 0.04
- B.  $\frac{4}{1000}$
- C. Thousandths
- D. 0.0004

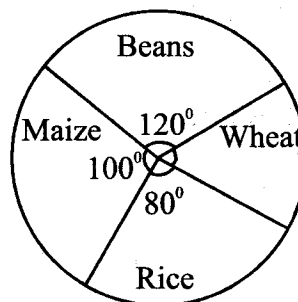
28. The hire purchase price of a T.V set involves a deposit of sh. 8600 and 6 equal monthly instalments of sh. 1900. The marked price is sh. 5000 less than the hire purchase price. How much did Njoroge pay if he was given a discount of 5 % of the marked price after buying it on cash?

- A. sh. 19000
- B. sh. 20000
- C. sh. 14000
- D. sh. 14250

29. 24 men could complete digging a farm in 30 days. Some more men were hired such that the work took 10 less days. How many more men were hired?

- |       |       |
|-------|-------|
| A. 12 | B. 36 |
| C. 16 | D. 8  |

30. The pie chart shows the number of 80 kg bags of different crops Kenga harvested from his farm.



If he harvested 4 bags of rice. How many more kilograms of wheat and maize than beans did he harvest?

- |        |        |
|--------|--------|
| A. 2   | B. 240 |
| C. 400 | D. 160 |

31. Using line **EF** below. Construct parallelogram **EFGH** in which **EH** = 4.5 cm and angle **EFG** =  $100^\circ$ . Draw a perpendicular line from **H** to meet line **EF** at **J**. Join **GJ**.



What is the measure of angle **HGJ**?

- |               |                |
|---------------|----------------|
| A. $36^\circ$ | B. $144^\circ$ |
| C. $53^\circ$ | D. $44^\circ$  |

32. An empty pick-up weighs 2.85 tonnes. It was loaded with 40 cartons. Each carton contained 120 - 500g packets of washing powder. Each empty carton weighed 400 g. What was the total mass of the loaded pick-up?

- A. 5.25 tonnes
- B. 5.266 tonnes
- C. 4.266 tonnes
- D. 5.2504 tonnes

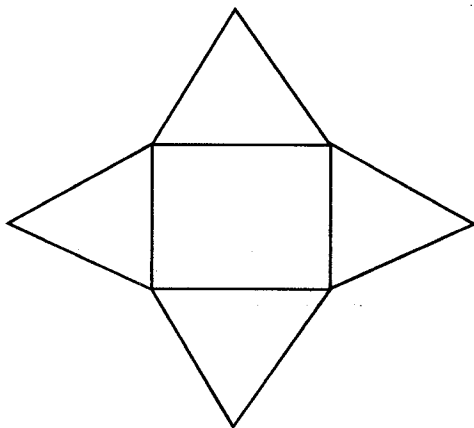
33. Lenny deposited sh. 85000 in a bank that paid compound interest at a rate of 8 % p.a. After 18 months, he withdrew all the money in his account. How much interest had the money earned?

- A. Sh. 10472
- B. Sh. 95472
- C. Sh. 14144
- D. Sh. 10200

34. How many groups of hundredths are there in the value digit 4 in the number 68.429?

- A. 0.4
- B. 4
- C. 40
- D. 400

35. What is the product of edges, vertices and faces of the solid formed by the net below?



- A. 200
- B. 576
- C. 270
- D. 160

36. The table shows the bus timetable from town A to town F.

Towns	Arrival	Departure
A	—	8:00 a.m
B	8:30 a.m	8:45 a.m
C	11:00 a.m	11:30 a.m
D	12:30 pm	12:30 pm
E	2:45 pm	3:00 pm
F	4:05 pm	—

If the bus was travelling at an average speed of 80 km/h. What was the distance between town C and town E?

- A. 260 km
- B. 300 km
- C. 280 km
- D. 240 km

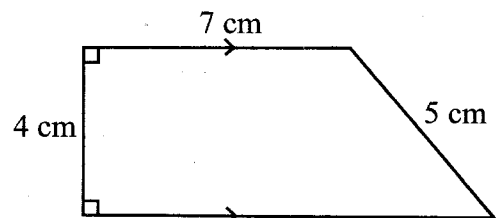
37. A salesgirl is paid a basic salary of sh. 13500 and a commission of 10 % for the sales she makes above sh. 80000. In one month she sold 40 suits at sh. 2000. How much did she earn that month?

- A. sh. 8000
- B. sh. 16500
- C. sh. 21500
- D. sh. 13500

38. What is the volume of a trough of radius 14 cm and height 40 cm?

- A.  $24640 \text{ cm}^3$
- B.  $12320 \text{ cm}^3$
- C.  $2376 \text{ cm}^3$
- D.  $3496 \text{ cm}^3$

39. Below is a scale drawing of a trapezium. The scale used is 1:20000.



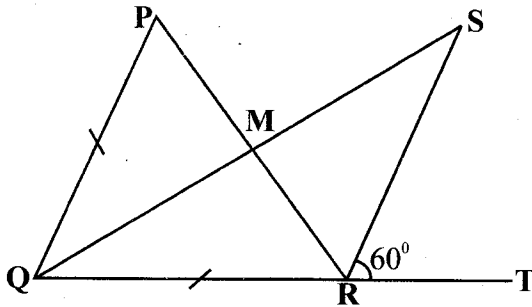
What is its actual area in hectares?

- A. 34
- B. 31.5
- C. 136
- D. 170

40. Mary visited her grandmother on 28<sup>th</sup> December 2011 and went back home on 2<sup>nd</sup> March the following year. For how many nights did she spend with her grandmother?

- A. 64                      B. 65  
C. 66                      D. 67

41. In the figure below line **QRT** is a straight line **QP = QR**, angle **SRT = 60°** and angle **PQR = 50°**.



Find the size of angle **PRT**?  
A. 120°                      B. 55°  
C. 65°                      D. 115°

42. What is the sum of the **LCM** and **GCD** of 24, 36 and 56?

- A. 1012  
B. 504  
C. 508  
D. 1008

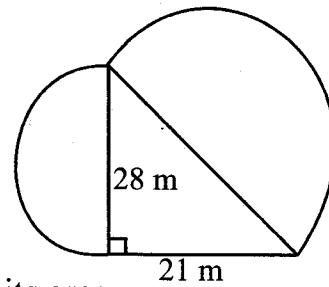
43. Construct triangle **WXY**, where line **WX = 6 cm**, angle **WXY = 70°** and angle **XYW = 50°**. What is the length of line **WY**?

- A. 7.4 cm  
B. 6.8 cm  
C. 5.3 cm  
D. 6.2 cm

44. A casual worker earns sh. 210 in 3 hours. How much can 12 workers earn in 9 hours?

- A. sh. 7560  
B. sh. 5670  
C. sh. 22680  
D. sh. 2520

45. The figure below shows two semicircles and a right angled triangle.



Find its area.

- A. 924 m<sup>2</sup>                      B. 1083.25 m<sup>2</sup>  
C. 654.5 m<sup>2</sup>                      D. 1097.25 m<sup>2</sup>

46. A motorist started his journey from Meru to Nanyuki driving at a speed of 60 km/h. After driving for 2 hours, the car got a puncture that took 30 minutes to repair. He then covered the remaining distance of 210 km at a speed of 70 km/h. What was his average speed for the whole journey?

- A. 100 km/hr                      B. 65 km/h  
C. 60 km/h                      D. 130 km/h

47. The mean mass of 5 boys is 34 kg. When a parent and a teacher are added the mean mass becomes 42 kg. If the mass of the parent is 6kg more than that of the teacher. What is the mass of the teacher?

- A. 59 kg                      B. 65 kg  
C. 48 kg                      D. 53 kg

48. The table below shows the charges for sending parcels through the post office.

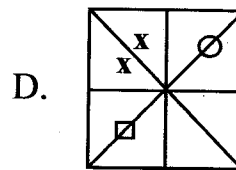
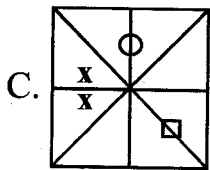
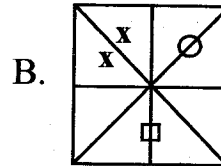
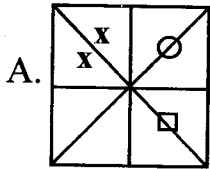
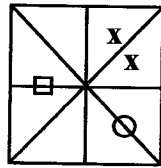
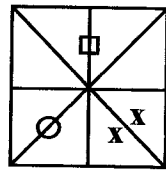
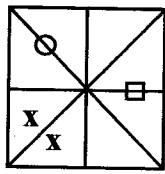
Weight steps	Comm (sh)
upto 200g	30.00
over 200 g upto 500 g	50.00
over 500g upto 1 kg	80.00
over 1 kg upto 5 kg	120.00
over 5 kg upto 10 kg	180.00
over 10 kg upto 20 kg	250.00
Each additional 1 kg or part there of upto 5 kg	60.00

Mambo sent two parcels weighing 1½ kg and another one of mass 12 kg. He also sent a parcel weighing 22½ kg. How much did she pay?

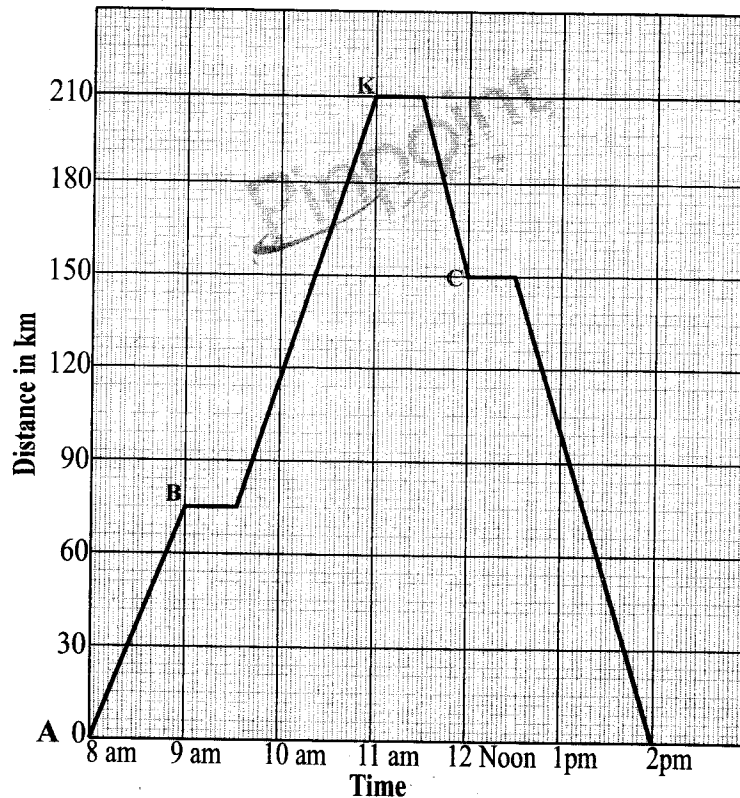
- A. sh. 800.00                      B. sh. 890.00  
C. sh. 620.00                      D. sh. 920.00



49. What is the next shape in the pattern?



50. The graph below shows the journey of a motorist from town A to town K and back via town B and C.



Between which two towns did he travel at the highest speed?

- A. A and B
- B. B and K
- C. K and C
- D. C and K



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# KCPE REVEALED

## MTIHANI WA KITAIFA UBASHIRI SHESHE

206504

Saa 1 Dak. 40

- KISWAHILI - LUGHA - 2021

### SOMA KWA MAKINI MAAGIZO YAFUATAYO

1. Umepewa karatasi hii ya maswali na karatasi ya kujibia. Karatasi hii ina maswali 50.
2. Ikiwa utataka kuandika chochote ambacho si jibu andika katika karatasi hii.
3. Ukisha chagua jibu lako lionyeshe katika **KARATASI YA MAJIBU** na wala siyo katika hii ya maswali.

### JINSI YA KUTUMIA KARATASI YA MAJIBU

4. Tumia penseli ya kawaida.
5. Hakikisha ya kwamba yafuatayo umeandika katika karatasi ya majibu

**NAMBA YAKO YA MTIHANI**

**JINA LAKO**

**JINA LA SHULE YAKO**

6. Kwa kuchora kistari katika visanduku nyenye namba zinazokuhusu, onyesha namba yako kamili ya mtihani (yaani namba ya shule na zile namba tatu za mtahiniwa) katika sehemu iliyotengewa mwanzo wa karatasi ya majibu.
7. Usitie alama zozote nje ya visanduku.
8. Iweke safi karatasi yako ya majibu.
9. Kwa kila swali 1 - 50 umepewa majibu manne. Majibu hayo yameonyeshwa kwa herufi **A, B, C, D**. Ni jibu **MOJA** tu kati ya hayo manne ambayo ni sahihi. Chagua jibu hilo.
10. Kwenye karatasi ya majibu, jibu sahihi lionyeshwe kwa kuchora kistari kwenye kisanduku chenye herufi uliochagua kuwa ndilo jibu.

### **Mfano**

23. Tegua kitendawili kifuatacho.

Ukimcheka anakucheka, ukimwomba anakuomba \_\_\_\_\_

A. kioo

B. mwangwi

C. kivuli

D. kasuku.

**Katika karatasi ya majibu, jibu sahihi ni B mwangwi.**

**23. [A] [B] [C] [D]**

Katika visanduku vinavyoonyesha majibu ya swali namba 23, kisanduku chenye herufi B ndicho kilichochoywa kistari.

11. Chora kistari chako vizuri, kistari chako kiwe cheusi na kisijitokeze nje ya kisanduku.
12. Kwa kila swali, chora kistari katika kisanduku kimoja tu kati ya visanduku vinne ulivyopewa.

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Kitabu hiki cha maswali kina kurasa 7 zilizopigwa chapa.

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**Soma vifungu vifuatavyo, vina nafasi 1 mpaka 15. Kwa kila nafasi, umepewa majibu manne. Chagua jibu lifaalo zaidi kati ya yale uliyopewa.**

Wakazi wa eneo la Funzi \_\_\_ 1 \_\_\_ asubuhi na mapema. Walikuwa wamejiandaa ili \_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_ katika uchaguzi wa viongozi wengine. Asilimia kubwa ya wakazi hao \_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_ kwa kutumia magari ya umma. Akina Juma walipoingia ndani ya basi, \_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_ aliupiga ubavu wa gari kisha wakaondoka. Waliwasili uwanjani pale wakati wa \_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_, jua la utosini lilikuwa limewaka mno. \_\_\_ 6 \_\_\_ ya wagombeaji walipatikana katika sakata ya kuwapiga wapigakura \_\_\_ 7 \_\_\_. Wengine walikamatwa na kuondolewa pale wakisubiri kufunguliwa mashtaka. Akina Juma walipokuwa wakirudi nyumbani, gari lao lilihusika katika ajali. Kwa bahati nzuri hakuna aliyeaga dunia ila majeraha madogomadogo tu. Haukupita muda mrefu kabla ya gari lao kuanza \_\_\_ 8 \_\_\_ moshi. Hatimaye moto mkubwa ulizuka, gari lote liliteteketa likawa majivu. Hakika, \_\_\_ 9 \_\_\_.

- | A.                                      | B.             | C.                                   | D.             |
|---|----------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|
| 1. walidemka                            | walijihimu     | walifumukana                         | walifumuka     |
| 2. kushurufishwa                        | kujiingiza     | kushiriki                            | kujihimiza     |
| 3. ilisafirisha                         | walisafirisha  | walisafiri                           | ilisafiri      |
| 4. kondakta                             | utingo         | manamba                              | taniboi        |
| 5. macheo                               | alasiri        | adhuhuri                             | machweo        |
| 6. Dhidi                                | Kati           | Baadhi                               | Minghairi      |
| 7. kumbo                                | konde la nyuma | butwaa                               | fagio la chuma |
| 8. kuvuka                               | kufuka         | kufuma                               | kuvuma         |
| 9. A. hakuna bamvua lisilokuwa na usubi |                | B. hakuna marefu yasiyokuwa na ncha  |                |
| C. hakuna masika yasiyokuwa na mbu      |                | D. hakuna msiba usiokuwa na mwenziwe |                |

Ama kwa \_\_\_ 10 \_\_\_, juhudi za serikali kutetea haki za watoto zimeanza kuzaa matunda. Kila mtu katika jamii ameanza kumthamini kila mtoto. Hakuna tena anayetaka \_\_\_ 11 \_\_\_ mtoto yeyote, awe msichana au mvulana. Hatua \_\_\_ 12 \_\_\_ imebadilisha jinsi watoto \_\_\_ 13 \_\_\_ na kujichukulia. \_\_\_ 14 \_\_\_ waliokuwa wakijidharau sana wanajiheshimu na kujiona bora. Hata hivyo, huo sio mwisho wa mambo. Serikali ingali \_\_\_ 15 \_\_\_ jamii kuendelea kuhakikisha kuwa watoto wote wanapata haki zao.

- | A.               | B.         | C.             | D.            |
|------------------|------------|----------------|---------------|
| 10. hakika       | vile       | sababu         | kuwa          |
| 11. kumstahi     | kumtweza   | kumkweza       | kumtwaza      |
| 12. zile         | hizo       | hii            | hiyo          |
| 13. wanavyojiona | wanaojiona | watakavyojiona | wanavyoonana  |
| 14. Wenye        | Kwingi     | Wingi          | Wengi         |
| 15. itaihimiza   | imeihimiza | inaihimiza     | ingaliihimiza |

16. Tambua kielezi katika sentensi ifuatayo.  
**Sokoni pale pamejengwa duka chini ya mti.**  
A. sokoni                      B. chini ya mti  
C. pale                          D. chini ya
17. Chagua orodha yenye nomino zinazopatikana katika ngeli moja.  
A. mchungwa, mvua, mkono  
B. miwani, mikunga, mifugo  
C. mafua, mapishi, makufuli  
D. chungu, chura, chawa
18. Chagua jibu lenye kitenzi kilichoundwa kutokana na nomino.  
A. cheza-mchezo      B. urembo-rembesha  
C. mtoto-utoto        D. boreka-boresha
19. Kiunganifu –a kimetumikaje katika sentensi ifuatayo? **Mlinzi wa hasira amefutwa kazi.**  
A. Kuonyesha umilikaji  
B. Kuonyesha tabia  
C. Kuonyesha aina  
D. Kuonyesha cheo
20. Chagua maelezo ambayo ni kweli kuhusu neno '**changarawe**'.  
A. Lina herufi nane.  
B. Lina sauti tisa.  
C. Lina herufi tumi.  
D. Lina silabi nane.
21. Jibu lipi lililounganisha sentensi zifuatazo kwa usahihi?  
**Yohana alipewa zawadi. Yohana hakufurahi.**  
A. Yohana angepewa zawadi angefurahi.  
B. Yohana alipewa zawadi licha ya kufurahi.  
C. Ingawa Yohana alipewa zawadi hakufurahi.  
D. Yohana alipewa zawadi maadamu hakufurahi.
22. Chagua sentensi iliyotumia kitenzi katika kauli ya kutendesha.  
A. Matunda yaliyoowa yametupwa.  
B. Pangusa meza hiyo vizuri.  
C. Mama ameyatokosa mahindi yale yakaiva.  
D. Ng'ombe wale wamekimbizwa na simba.
23. Chagua wingi wa;  
**Mgonjwa wa kifuakikuu amepolekwa kwa tabibu.**  
A. Wagonjwa wa kifuakikuu wamepolekwa kwa tabibu.  
B. Wagonjwa wa vifuavikuu wamepolekwa kwa matabibu.  
C. Wagonjwa wa kifuakikuu wamepolekwa kwa matabibu.  
D. Wagonjwa wa vifuavikuu wamepolekwa kwa matabibu.
24. Nuru alipokuwa akielekea shuleni wakati wa subuhi, jua lilikuwa nyuma yake. Je, shule ilikuwa upande gani wa dira?  
A. magharibi              B. mashariki  
C. kusini                    D. kaskazini
25. Orodha gani yenye vitenzi pekee?  
A. andika, ukumbusho, kimbia  
B. uguza, ona, imba  
C. vizuri, mbaya, mrefu  
D. changu, wako, zake
26. **Kitu unachoona kuwa hakina manufaa yoyote kwako kinaweza kumfaa mwingine kabisa.** Chagua methali inayoafikiana na maelezo haya.  
A. Ganda la muwa la jana chungu kaona kivuno.  
B. Mzigo wa mwenzio ni kanda la usufi.  
C. Bura yangu siibadili na rehani.  
D. Mwenda tezi na omo marejeo ni ngamani.
27. Yakobo alikuwa na mazoea ya **kuwategemea** sana wenzake, hatimaye **aliteseka** sana maishani. Chagua nahau zinazoweza kutumika badala ya maneno yaliyokolezwa rangi.  
A. kuwa kupe, alikula mwande  
B. kuenda nguu, alikula mwata  
C. kujipalia makaa, alilia ngoa  
D. kutia mrija, alikula mumbi
28. '**panda, kaa, chupa na paa**' ni mifano ya;  
A. visawe                    B. vitate  
C. vitawe                    D. vitanzandimi
29. Maamkuzi gani ambayo hutumika wakati wa jioni pekee?  
A. sabalheri  
B. masalheri  
C. chewa  
D. hujambo
30. Chagua ukanusho wa, Nyumba ambayo ilijengwa imepakwa rangi.  
A. Nyumba ambayo haikujengwa haijapakwa rangi.  
B. Nyumba ambayo ilijengwa haikupakwa rangi.  
C. Nyumba ambayo ilijengwa haijapakwa rangi.  
D. Nyumba isiyojengwa haijapakwa rangi.

**Soma kifungu hiki kisha uyajibu maswali 31-40.**

Ugonjwa ni kitu kinachosababisha mmea, mtu au mnyama kuwa katika afya mbaya. Magonjwa ni kati ya matatizo sugu ambayo serikali yetu inajaribu juu chini kushindana nayo. **Ni nani anayependa kuwa mgonjwa?** Hakuna anayependa, kwa kuwa ugonjwa ni kikwazo na ni chanzo cha gharama. Unapokuwa mgonjwa, huhisi tu vibaya bali pia huenda ukashindwa kwenda kazini au shuleni, kutafuta pesa au kuitunza familia yako. Huenda hata ukahitaji mtu fulani akutunze na kulipia gharama za dawa na matibabu. Kuna msemu usemao “**Kinga ni bora kuliko tiba.**” Baadhi ya magonjwa hayaepukiki. Hata hivyo, bado kuna mambo mengi unayoweza kufanya ili kupunguza au hata kuzuia kuanza kwa ugonjwa. Mambo gani unayoweza kufanya ili kuwa na afya bora?

Si suala la mjadala tena kuwa njia moja bora zaidi ya kujikinga na ugonjwa na kuepuka kueneza ugonjwa ni kunawa mikono. Ni rahisi kupata homa au mafua kama utagusa pua au macho yako huku mikono yako ikiwa na viini. Njia bora ya kujilinda na maambukizi ni kunawa mikono yako kwa ukawaida. Kudumisha usafi kunaweza pia kuepusha kuenea kwa magonjwa hatari kama vile nimonia na kuendesha, ambayo kila mwaka husababisha vifo vya watoto zaidi ya milioni mbili, walio chini ya umri wa miaka mitano. Hata kuenea kwa ugonjwa hatari wa Korona, kunaweza kupunguzwa kwa kuwa na ukawaida wa kunawa mikono.

Usifikiri kwamba kunawa mikono yako kikamilifu ni jambo lisile muhimu. Uchunguzi umeonyesha kwamba asilimia kubwa ya wale wanaotumia vyoo vya umma hawanawi mikono yao vizuri au hawanawi kabisa. Unapaswa kunawa mikono yako jinsi gani? Lowesha mikono yako katika maji safi ya bomba na kisha utumie sabuni. Sugu mikono yako pamoja ili kupata povu, bila kusahau kusafisha kucha, vidole, pande zote za mkono na katikati ya vidole vyako. Endelea kusugua kwa sekunde ishirini hivi. Safisha mikono yako katika maji safi yanayotiririka. Kausha mikono yako kwa kutumia kitambaa safi au karatasi ya kukaushia mikono.

Ni rahisi kufanya mambo hayo, na kufanya hivyo kunaweza kuzuia ugonjwa na kuokoa uhai. Katika maeneo fulani **ni muhali** kupata maji safi ya kutosha kwa ajili ya matumizi ya nyumbani. Hata hivyo, kutopatikana kwa maji safi kunaweza kuwa tatizo popote ulimwenguni. Hili huweza kutokea ikiwa chanzo kikuu cha maji safi ya kunywa kitachafuliwa kutokana na mafuriko, kimbunga, kuharibika kwa bomba au jambo lingine lolote. Ikiwa chanzo cha maji si safi au hakijatunzwa vizuri, maji yanaweza kusababisha magonjwa yanayotokana na vimelea, kama vile kipindupindu, ugonjwa hatari wa kuendesha, homa ya matumbo, mchochota wa ini na magonjwa mengine. Maji yasiyo salama ni moja ya chanzo cha ugonjwa wa kuendesha kwa visa vya watu zaidi ya bilioni moja kila mwaka.

Mara nyingi mtu huambukizwa ugonjwa wa kipindupindu baada ya kunywa maji machafu au kula chakula kilicho na viini kutoka kwa watu walioambukizwa. Unaweza kuchukua hatua gani ili kujilinda hata baada ya kupatwa na ugonjwa au maambukizi mengine yanayotokana na maji yasiyo salama? Hakikisha kwamba maji unayokunywa, unayotumia kusafisha meno, kugandisha barafu, kusafisha chakula na vyombo au kupikia, yanatoka kwenye chanzo salama. Chanzo salama ni kama vile bomba la umma, lenye maji yaliyowekwa dawa ili kuua viini au maji ya chupa yanayotengenezwa na kampuni inayoaminika. Ikiwa maji ya bomba unayotumia si safi, chemsha maji kabla ya kutumia au weka dawa ya kuua viini. Unapotumia kemikali au dawa za kuua viini katika maji kama vile klorini au dawa za kusafisha maji, fuata maelekezo ya watengenezaji.

Tumia mashine ya kuchujia maji iliyo bora ikiwa inapatikana na ikiwa unaweza kununua. Ikiwa hakuna dawa za kuua viini katika maji, tumia dawa ya kuondoa madoa, weka matone mawili katika lita moja ya maji, changanya vizuri kisha uache maji yatulie kwa dakika thelathini kabla ya kuyatumia. Siku zote hifadhi maji safi katika vyombo vilivyo safi na ufunike ili kuzuia yasichafuliwe kwa njia yoyote. Aidha, hakikisha kwamba vyombo vinavyotumiwa kuchota maji kama vile kikombe ni safi. Mikono yako inapaswa kuwa safi unapotumia au unapogusa vyombo vinavyotumiwa kutunza maji na usitumbukize mikono yako au vidole katika maji ya kunywa.

41. Kulingana na aya ya kwanza, ni kweli kuwa;  
 A. Bwana Limbuka aliwakuza watoto wake katika mazingira ya kazi nyingi.  
 B. Limbuka alikua kinyume na alivyokuzwa.  
 C. Limbuka alifanya kazi alizopewa na wazazi wake bila kupenda.  
 D. Limbuka alifanya kazi alizopewa na wazazi wake bila kupenda.
42. Kulingana na aya ya pili, mhusika alisahau kuwa;  
 A. asiyesikia la mkuu huvunjika guu.  
 B. mwacha mila ni mtumwa.  
 C. majuto ni mjukuu huja baadaye.  
 D. mtoto umleavyo ndivyo akuavyo.
43. Kulingana na aya ya nne, maneno yaliyosemwa na watoto wanaozungumziwa yalikuwa;  
 A. ya uongo  
 B. ya ukweli  
 C. ya kuchoma  
 D. ya watu wazima.
44. Maneno ‘jambo usilolijua ni usiku wa giza’ yametumia fani gani ya lugha?  
 A. chuku  
 B. tashhisi  
 C. istiara  
 D. tashbini
45. Watoto wanaozungumziwa katika kifungu hiki waliharibika kutokana na jambo hili hasa?  
 A. Kutorekebishwa na wazazi  
 B. Kupewa mahitaji yote  
 C. Wazazi kuwabwekea wachokozi  
 D. Kuishi maisha ya kifahari
46. Watoto wa Bwana Limbuka walikuwa;  
 A. safi, jasiri, werevu, wasiokuwa na undani  
 B. waigizaji, wazembe, waropokaji, walanguzi wa dawa za kulevya  
 C. waigaji, wasiokuwa na heshima, wazembe, walevi  
 D. wakakamavu, wenye bidii, waigaji, werevu
47. Kwa nini watoto wa Bwana Limbuka walishangaa walipoona watu wakipanda ‘matatu’ au ‘mabasi’?  
 A. Haikuwa kawaida matatu na mabasi kuonekana katika eneo hilo.  
 B. Haikuwa kawaida watu kupanda matatu na mabasi katika eneo hilo.  
 C. Kwa kawaida watoto hao walisafiri katika magari ya kifahari.  
 D. Matatu na mabasi kwa kawaida yalikuwa ya kusafirisha mizigo.
48. Kulingana na aya ya mwisho, si kweli kuwa;  
 A. watoto wa Bwana Limbuka hawakupita mitihani yoyote shuleni.  
 B. watoto wa Bwana Limbuka hawakufika katika chuo kikuu.  
 C. watoto wa Bwana Limbuka walijaribu kufanya biashara lakini wakashindwa.  
 D. watoto wa Bwana Limbuka walizunguka huku na huko bila la kufanya.
49. Kulingana na kifungu hiki, mtoto anafaa;  
 A. kujiepusha na tabia ya kuwategemea wazazi wake kwa lolote.  
 B. kukuzwa kwa kuzingatia makuzi yote ya kale.  
 C. kupewa mwelekeo wa kuzingatia maadili yanayokubalika katika jamii.  
 D. kufunzwa kufanya kazi nyingi mapema.
50. Kifungu hiki kinasisitiza umuhimu wa;  
 A. kuipenda na kuijali familia  
 B. kuzingatia malezi bora  
 C. kuzingatia mila na itikadi za kiafrika  
 D. kuwaelimisha watoto.



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# KCPE REVEALED

KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

PREDICTION MASTER

206502

- ENGLISH - COMPOSITION - 2021

40 minutes

## ENGLISH - SECTION B: COMPOSITION

YOUR INDEX NUMBER	
YOUR NAME	
NAME OF SCHOOL	

### READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. In the spaces given, write your Index Number, Your name and Name of your school.
2. Now open the page, read the heading of the composition carefully and write your composition in the given spaces.

*Do you have a copy of Revealed Composition and Grammar Book?  
This is not a book of theory. It is a book of usable solutions - how to  
fix a writing that is flawed, how to improve a writing that is good and  
how to create an interesting writing in the first place.  
Designed for classes 6, 7 and 8.*

This question paper consists of 4 printed pages.

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MTIHANI WA KITAIFA  
UBASHIRI SHESHE

206505

- KISWAHILI - INSHA -

2021

Dak. 40

**KISWAHILI:  
SEHEMU YA PILI:-  
INSHA**

NAMBA YAKO YA MTIHANI	
JINA LAKO	
JINA LA SHULE YAKO	

**Soma maagizo haya kwa makini**

1. Kwenye nafasi zilizoachwa hapo juu andika Namba yako kamili ya mthani, Jina lako na Jina la Shule yako.
2. Sasa fungua karatasi hii, soma kichwa cha insha kwa makini na uandike insha yako kwenye nafasi ulizoachiwa.

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Mwandikie rafiki yako barua ukimweleza mambo anayofaa kufanya ili kujiepusha na maambukizi ya magonjwa.

Lined writing area consisting of approximately 25 horizontal lines for the student to write their response.

*FINDOUT*



# KCPE REVEALED

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KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

206501

## PREDICTION MASTER

- ENGLISH LANGUAGE - 2021

1 hr 40 min

### READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this question paper and a separate answer sheet. The question paper contains 50 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this paper.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the **ANSWER SHEET**, not in this question paper.

### HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil only.
  5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet
- YOUR INDEX NUMBER**
- YOUR NAME**
- NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL**
6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (ie. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
  7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
  8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and **DO NOT FOLD IT**.
  9. For each Questions 1 - 50, four answers are given. The answers are lettered **A, B, C, D** in each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
  10. On the answer sheet show the correct answer by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

### Example

#### In the question booklet

18. Let's go to the market, \_\_\_\_\_?

A. can't we

B. shall we

C. must we

D. can we

The correct answer is **B**

**18.** [A] [~~B~~] [C] [D]

In the set of boxes numbered 18, the box with letter **B** printed in it is marked

11. Your dark line **MUST BE** within the box.
12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

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TURN OVER

*Read the passage below and answer questions 1 - 15.*

Learning goes in accordance \_\_\_ 1 \_\_\_ the laws of life. Improvement in teaching \_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_ learning can scarcely be made without a careful recognition of laws and \_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_ upon which to base \_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_ valuable structure for the betterment of learners.

The results of experiments of learning \_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_ generalized and stated as laws of learning. The laws of learning are \_\_\_ 6 \_\_\_ to state the \_\_\_ 7 \_\_\_ fundamental conditions favourable to the learning process.

There is an increasing tendency \_\_\_ 8 \_\_\_ writers of textbooks to omit academic discussion of the laws of learning. \_\_\_ 9 \_\_\_ departure has probably been influenced by \_\_\_ 10 \_\_\_ of the theories of learning.

It would, \_\_\_ 11 \_\_\_, be unwise for students of education to ignore salient points in the more important theories. In psychological and educational literature, we find varying expressions \_\_\_ 12 \_\_\_ \_\_\_ 13 \_\_\_ the real meaning of each law.

In order to be successful in his work, the teacher \_\_\_ 14 \_\_\_ understand the fundamental laws of human learning. E.L Thorndike is credited with the first explicit formulation of what are \_\_\_ 15 \_\_\_ the major laws of learning.

- |                   |              |                  |                 |
|-------------------|--------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. to          | B. for       | C. with          | D. in           |
| 2. A. or          | B. and       | C. but           | D. yet          |
| 3. A. principles  | B. policies  | C. jurisdictions | D. principals   |
| 4. A. some        | B. a         | C. no            | D. any          |
| 5. A. has been    | B. have been | C. are being     | D. were         |
| 6. A. trials      | B. meant     | C. attempts      | D. steps        |
| 7. A. many        | B. few       | C. least         | D. more         |
| 8. A. in          | B. among     | C. between       | D. from         |
| 9. A. That        | B. These     | C. This          | D. Those        |
| 10. A. inadequacy | B. weakness  | C. abundance     | D. availability |
| 11. A. hence      | B. in fact   | C. moreover      | D. however      |
| 12. A. who        | B. who       | C. which         | D. whose        |
| 13. A. set aside  | B. set forth | C. set upon      | D. set up       |
| 14. A. will       | B. could     | C. would         | D. must         |
| 15. A. then       | B. now       | C. recently      | D. soon         |

For questions 16 and 17, select the alternatives that best complete the sentences given.

16. Let the boy in, \_\_\_\_\_?

- A. shall we
- B. won't you
- C. will you
- D. can you

17. The teacher said won and \_\_\_\_\_ are pronounced alike.

- A. one
- B. warn
- C. worn
- D. wone

For questions 18 - 20, choose an option that is opposite in meaning to the underlined.

18. The suspect was **defended** by the mob.

- A. praised
- B. protected
- C. lynched
- D. set upon

19. We knew he would **confess** stealing.

- A. admit
- B. approve of
- C. deny
- D. accept

20. The **plaintiff** was dissatisfied with the ruling.

- A. respondent
- B. complainant
- C. witness
- D. prosecutor

3

For questions 21 and 22, select a sentence similar in meaning to the one given.

21. Kevin even went shopping.

- A. He was among those that went shopping.
- B. In spite of being free he did not go shopping.
- C. He went shopping besides doing other things.
- D. Also Kevin went shopping.

22. All but Mercy went on the trip.

- A. Everyone went on the trip.
- B. Only Mercy went on the trip.
- C. Save for Mercy, everyone went on the trip.
- D. Mercy also went on the trip.

Answer question 23 according to the information given.

23. In a certain language, the word MOTHER is written as IKPDAN. How will the word PUPIL be written?

- A. LQLEH
- B. LQLWH
- C. TYTMP
- D. VFVKM

In questions 24 and 25, select the sentence that is grammatically correct.

24. A. We could not dare to shout at him.  
B. Our easter was really amazing!  
C. My brother bordered a van to town.  
D. She had better leave now.

25. A. Keep it up! It is a good try.  
B. He is so good at swimming to lose this contest.  
C. It is high time we start revising.  
D. The luggage were found lying here.

*Read the passage below and answer questions 26 - 38 correctly.*

Disappointment, disbelief and fear filled my mind as I lay sandwiched between the cold, soft dirt and the hot slick metal of the car. The weight of the car pressed down on the lower half of my body with monster force. It did not hurt. My body was numb. All I could feel was the car mass stamping my body further and further in the ground. My lungs felt pinched shut and air would neither enter nor escape them. My mind was buzzing. What had just happened? In the distance, on that cursed road, I saw cars driving by completely unaware of what had happened, how I felt. I tried to yell, but my voice was unheard. All I could do was wait; for someone to help me or wait to die.

As I struggled hard to get my weary body off the ground, the maddening buzz of my alarm jerked me back to reality. I groggily slid out of bed to the shower.

It was the start of another routine morning. I took a shower in a flash and slipped into my school uniform. Just as I was headed for the dining table for a hearty breakfast, I noticed that my little sister was still yawning lazily, wobbling in and out of her bedroom, rubbing her eyes. How vexed I felt! I could not leave her home- we had to go to school together.

Getting her ready took a little while. Definitely, **we were running late**. Nevertheless, we had to have something for breakfast - the way she would peck at even the most palatable of dishes!

While **guzzling** the breakfast, it struck my head like thunderbolt that it was Mr. Henry on duty. To him, lateness was not a crime; it was a taboo at least from the severity of the punishment he would met on a culprit. Imagining me facing his wrath made my appetite fall to the floor.

In a snapshot, I darted to the washroom to brush my teeth. Fortunately Emelda too had finished taking her breakfast. In the twinkling of an eye, we left the house, Emelda's right hand buried in my left. Hastily, we hurried from one winding path to another, my little sister panting like a dog from a hunting expedition on a hot day. I could not help glancing at my wrist watch from time to time.

The school gate was now only a stone's throw. On a closer look, I discovered a stout figure in a black suit, a slim red tie and a blue shirt. It was him. My heart began beating more rapidly. I walked on hoping he was in good moods.

26. From the first sentence, how can we describe the narrator's feeling?  
 A. Desolate  
 B. Appalled  
 C. Indifferent  
 D. Outrageous
27. Why do you think the narrator says it did **not** hurt?  
 A. The car was light.  
 B. He was used to such pains.  
 C. He had lost sense of touch.  
 D. It would be shameful for a boy to complain of pain.
28. What can we say about the drivers of the cars who just drove by?  
 A. They were oblivious to the narrator's predicament.  
 B. They were too late for work to care about others.  
 C. They probably feared being accused of having caused the accident.  
 D. They were too distant to know what had happened.
29. Which of the following is **not** true according to the passage?  
 A. The narrator had a horrid dream  
 B. Emelda was reluctant to go to school  
 C. The narrator did not quite enjoy his meal.  
 D. Their school was within walking distance.
30. How did the narrator leave his bed?  
 A. in haste  
 B. slowly  
 C. noisily  
 D. quietly
31. The phrase '**... were running late.**' means  
 A. they were likely not to be punctual  
 B. they had to run to school  
 C. if they ran to school, they would not be late.  
 D. Emelda had to bathe fast.
32. It is **true** to say that Emelda was  
 A. the lastborn  
 B. an only girl in the family  
 C. a lazy girl  
 D. not so good with eating
33. Which of the following words **cannot** be used to replace **guzzling**?  
 A. devour  
 B. nibble  
 C. gulp  
 D. wolf
34. Mr. Henry can be said to be  
 A. one who did his work with a lot of diligence.  
 B. a faithful adherent of time.  
 C. always punctual at school.  
 D. a mean lean teacher.
35. The narrator did everything in a hurry that morning because  
 A. he did not want to get late for school.  
 B. he had woken up late.  
 C. he did not want to be punished at school.  
 D. he knew he had to prepare Emelda as well.
36. As they were running to school  
 A. the narrator was confident they would beat the time.  
 B. they saw Mr. Henry standing at the gate.  
 C. Emelda was probably lamenting about that speed.  
 D. the narrator always looked at his watch.
37. How do we know that Mr. Henry was a strict teacher?  
 A. He had a red tie that symbolised danger  
 B. He had a scary build  
 C. He was always the teacher on duty  
 D. The students dreaded crossing his path.
38. What is the **best** title for this passage?  
 A. A premonitional dream.  
 B. A dreadful morning.  
 C. A bad start.  
 D. A myriad scary happenings.

*Read the passage below and answer questions 39 - 50.*

It is best said that when you plant a tree you plant a life. Trees are one of the greatest blessings for humans from mother earth. The most important thing one must remember is that trees do not need us, rather we need them. Apart from the countless benefits they have, trees are certainly our best friends. They are the friends who always give us everything without expecting a single thing in return. **Trees have inherited** this earth longer than humans, however, humans tend to forget this fact. They fail to recognize their significance and continue to exploit them endlessly for short-term benefits.

Just like our friends, trees also come in our use in various ways. We usually share everything with our friends, similarly, trees do the same. They give us their fruits, seeds, flowers, herbs and more. It is impossible for human life to function without trees as they belong to the category of **principal** sources of oxygen on earth.

They are responsible for protecting us under their shade. Further, they even help in preventing national calamities like droughts and floods. In addition to being useful for human, trees are also a home to several birds and animals. They provide shelter to them which ultimately benefits humans as well. In other words, trees fulfill the role of a best friend in every human being's life irrespective of anything.

Despite holding such a great significance in our lives, humans have been exploiting trees for the longest time. This constant practice can prove to be extremely devastating for the earth and human life, both.

For instance, the industrial sector is **cutting down** trees rapidly for raw materials in bulk. Subsequently, even governments are contributing to deforestation by clear-cutting in order to build huge buildings.

The world is turning into a concrete jungle with paying little or no need to its dire consequences. Therefore, one must realise these facts and act on them before it gets too late.

To sum it up, as life gets hard without our best friend, the same will happen with the lack of trees too. The least we can do for trees is save them from being cut down. Without trees, this planet will turn into a desert.

While various governments of different countries are taking measures to conserve them, we must do it too individually. Encourage planting of trees and join campaigns that do the same. Make the world a greener place and protect our best friend.



39. Why are trees regarded as our best friends?  
 A. They selflessly share with us what they have.  
 B. They give us everything we need in life.  
 C. They cannot harm us whatsoever.  
 D. They keep the air fresh.
40. 'When you plant a tree, you plant a life.' What does this mean?  
 A. The tree you plant will give rise to another one.  
 B. Our lives depend on trees.  
 C. If you don't plant a tree, there will be none.  
 D. We grow as the planted tree does.
41. According to the first paragraph, it is **untrue** to say that  
 A. it is our responsibility to plant more and more trees.  
 B. man has continuously undermined trees.  
 C. human beings have lived on earth longer than the trees.  
 D. we need trees a lot more than they need us.
42. Which word below can mean the same as '**principal**'?  
 A. Headteacher  
 B. Subsidiary  
 C. Subordinate  
 D. Primary
43. Which of the lists contains what the trees provide humans with according to the passage?  
 A. Fruits, wood, flowers and fresh air  
 B. Fresh air, herbs, flowers and food  
 C. Fruits, flowers, herbs and seeds  
 D. Herbs, timber, fresh air and food.
44. Had there not been trees  
 A. humans would have found nowhere to shelter.  
 B. we would not have been experiencing so many calamities.  
 C. several birds and animals would very likely have been homeless.  
 D. the land would have been so beautiful.
45. In what way have human beings been exploiting trees?  
 A. Indiscriminately felling trees  
 B. Failing to plant more trees  
 C. Sheltering under them without their permission  
 D. Planting too many trees at one place.
46. What do you think will be the adverse effect of man's act of cutting down trees?  
 A. The governments will arrest him  
 B. A lot of animal lives will be lost  
 C. We will be forced to seek another life source  
 D. Life will become unbearable.
47. Which of the following reasons could **not** possibly justify man's act of cutting down trees?  
 A. In order to use the wood in industries.  
 B. To put up buildings and homes.  
 C. So that the land is put into agricultural use.  
 D. For their fruits, herbs, shelter and flowers.
48. From the passage, we can conclude that  
 A. both the government and the citizen have a responsibility to conserve trees  
 B. all governments have taken enough measures to conserve trees  
 C. instead of planting more trees, we should start campaigning for their conservation  
 D. it is our responsibility to ensure the government conserves trees
49. On which of the following occasions can one have the best platform to address tree conservation?  
 A. World Men's Day  
 B. Christmas Day  
 C. World Tree Planting Day  
 D. Labour Day
50. What is the **best** title for this passage?  
 A. Trees, our best friend  
 B. Importance of trees  
 C. Conservation of trees  
 D. Trees, our source of life



# KCPE REVEALED

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## PREDICTION MASTER

206506

- SOCIAL STUDIES & RE - 2021

2 hr 15 min

### READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this question paper and a separate answer sheet. The question paper contains 90 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this paper.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the ANSWER SHEET, not in this question paper.

### HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil only.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet

YOUR INDEX NUMBER

YOUR NAME

NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (ie. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and **DO NOT FOLD IT**.
9. For each Questions 1 - 90, four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C, D in each case only. **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet show the correct answer by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

### Example

#### In the question booklet

11. Which one of the following is the best means of transporting horticulture products?

A. Air

B. Road

C. Pipeline

D. Railways

The correct answer is A

[A] [B] [C] [D]

In the set of boxes numbered 11, the box with letter A printed in it is marked

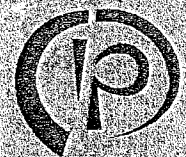
11. Your dark line **MUST BE** within the box.

12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

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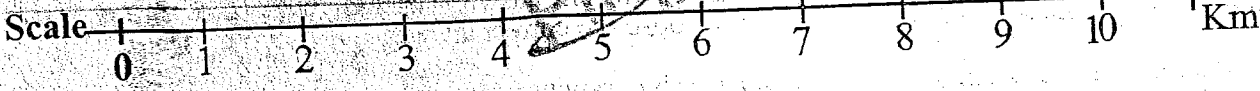
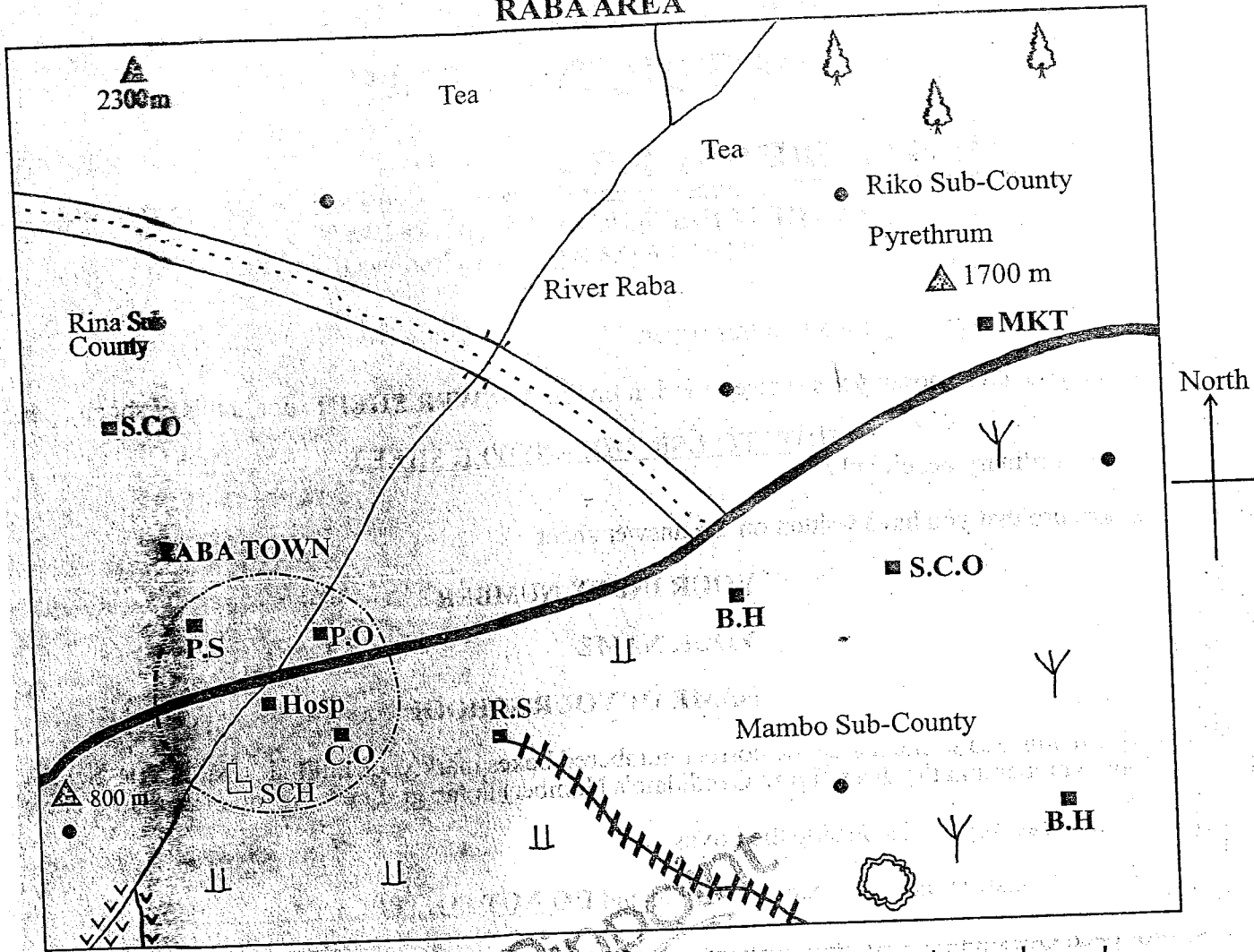


TURN OVER

Covid -19 Always practice social distancing

**SECTION I: SOCIAL STUDIES**

**RABA AREA**



**KEY**

- |            |                 |             |              |              |                     |
|------------|-----------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------|
|            | Forest          |             | Settlements  |              | Hill                |
|            | Tarmac road     |             | Railway line | <b>P.O</b>   | Post Office         |
|            | Town boundary   | <b>MKT</b>  | Market       |              | Permanent buildings |
|            | Scattered trees | <b>Hosp</b> | Hospital     | <b>B.H</b>   | Borehole            |
| <b>R.S</b> | Railway Station | <b>SCH</b>  | School       | <b>R.S</b>   | Railway station     |
|            | Murrum road     |             | Quarry       | <b>C.O</b>   | County office       |
|            | Swamp           |             | Scrub        | <b>S.C.O</b> | Sub-county offices  |

Study the map of Raba area and answer questions 1 - 7.

1. The general direction of flow of River Raba is
  - A. South West to North East
  - B. North West to South East
  - C. North East to South West
  - D. North to South East
2. The following activities are carried out in Raba area **except**
  - A. farming
  - B. mining
  - C. trading
  - D. fishing.
3. Population distribution in Raba area can be described as
  - A. dense
  - B. scattered
  - C. linear
  - D. clustered.
4. The lowest point in Raba area is
  - A. near Raba Town
  - B. Riko Subcounty
  - C. near the borehole
  - D. near the forest.
5. The main source of water for Raba Town is
  - A. river
  - B. swamp
  - C. borehole
  - D. dam.
6. What evidence shows that Raba town is an administrative centre
  - A. police station
  - B. county offices
  - C. school
  - D. post office

3

7. The approximate length of the murrum road is
  - A. 12 km
  - B. 18 km
  - C. 6 km
  - D. 9 km
8. Below are facts about a traditional form of government in Africa.

- (i) It was ruled by a council of elders
- (ii) Leadership was based on cyclic age-set system
- (iii) The leadership was not hereditary
- (iv) Handing over ceremony of power was known as Ntuiko

The form of government described above was that of

- A. Nyamwezi
- B. Ameru
- C. Baganda
- D. Abawanga.

9. Which one of the following is a responsibility of children in a family
  - A. keeping family secrets
  - B. sharing out resources
  - C. teaching positive values
  - D. ensuring family protection.

10. Lake Maghra was formed as a result of
  - A. folding
  - B. action of wind
  - C. downwarping
  - D. volcanicity.

11. Three of the following are Plain Nilotic speaking groups. Which one is **not**?
  - A. Samburu
  - B. Karamajong
  - C. Kunam
  - D. Dadog

The following are importance of a social institution.

- (i) Ensures the continuity of the society
- (ii) Provides a sense of belonging
- (iii) Fosters unity among people

The social institution described above is

- A. family
- B. school
- C. marriage
- D. clan.

Below are statements describing activities of early human beings.

- (i) Made advanced speech
- (ii) Lived in caves
- (iii) Organised hunting expeditions
- (iv) Ate cooked food

Which one of the following stone age periods did the early human described above belong?

- A. Middle
- B. Early
- C. Late
- D. Old stage age

The following are characteristics of early visitor to Eastern Africa.

- (i) Was a Scottish trader
- (ii) Owned British India steam navigation company
- (iii) A town is named after him between Mombasa and Voi
- (iv) Was a founder of a trading company

The early visitor described above is

- A. Vasco Da Gama
- B. Seyyid Said
- C. William Mackinon
- D. Carl Peters

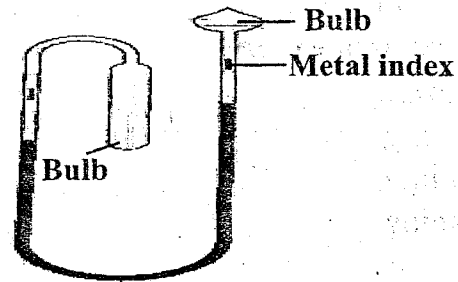
Which one of the following crops was not grown in traditional agriculture?

- A. Arrow roots
- B. Sweet potatoes
- C. Beans
- D. Irish potatoes

4

16. Which one of the following statements is **not** true about age-groups in traditional African societies? Members
- A. lived in the same village
  - B. were from different clans
  - C. played together
  - D. were born almost at the same time.

17. The diagram below shows a weather instrument.



The above instrument is used to measure

- A. air water
- B. atmospheric pressure
- C. coldness or hotness of a place
- D. nature of wind

18. The following are characteristics of horticultural farming.

- (i) Farming is done in small scale only
- (ii) Crops depend on favourable climate
- (iii) Farming is done in coastal areas
- (iv) Farming is highly mechanized
- (v) There is adequate labour supply

Which of the combination above belongs to horticultural farming in Netherlands?

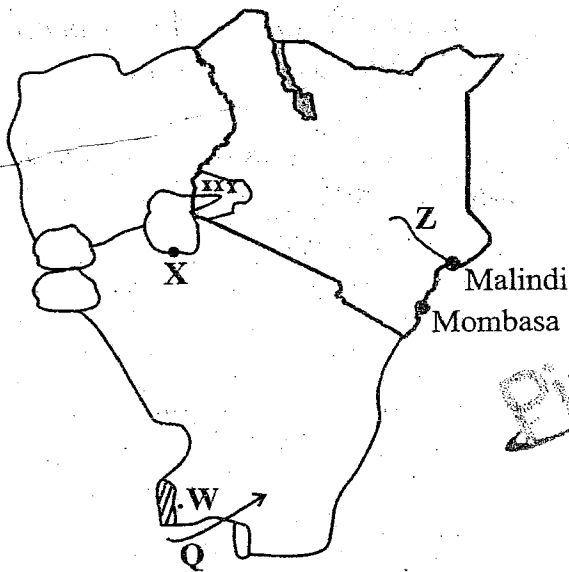
- A. i, ii, iii
- B. ii, iii, v
- C. i, iii, iv
- D. i, v, iii

19. Which one of the following statements **best** describes the importance of peace? It promotes

- A. freedom of movement
- B. national unity
- C. good governance
- D. good citizenship.

20. In case the deceased died intestate, the manner in which the estate should be distributed is done through
- law of succession
  - a will
  - public trustee
  - relatives of the deceased.
21. Which one of the following is a strategic reason why European nations scrambled for colonies in Africa?
- To spread Christianity
  - To gain national prestige
  - For geographical knowledge
  - Search for raw materials

Use the map of East Africa provided and answer questions 22 - 25.



22. The lake port marked X is
- Majanja
  - Mwanza
  - Bukoba
  - Jinja
23. Which one of the following communities used route W during their migration?
- Ngoni
  - Nyamwezi
  - Fipa
  - Wachagga

24. Which one of the following types of forests is found in the region marked xxx?
- Tropical highland
  - Tropical rain forest
  - Tropical lowland forest
  - Mangrove forest

25. The river marked Z has its source at
- Mt. Kenya
  - Ngong Hills
  - Abadares
  - Mau Hills
26. Settlement schemes were established in Kenya due to the following reasons except to
- settle the landless
  - reduce congestion in densely populated areas
  - increase rate of land ownership in Kenya
  - put more land into use.

27. Below are characteristics of a type of vegetation in Africa:
- Continuous grass cover
  - Buffaloe grass
  - Few trees along river valleys
  - Grass turns yellowish brown during winter

The type of vegetation described above is the

- savanna
  - veld
  - mountain
  - mediterranean.
28. Which one of the following United Nations agency promotes literacy?
- United Nations High Commission for Refugees (UNHCR)
  - United Nations Education on Science and Culture Organization (UNESCO)
  - United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)
  - United Nations Children Emergency Fund (UNCEF)

29. Three of the following are circumstances under which citizenship can be revoked in Kenya. Which one is not?

- A. Denouncing the country
- B. Committing treason
- C. Obtaining citizenship using false pretence
- D. Obtaining dual citizenship

30. Which one of the following is a cause of conflicts in the society?

- A. Competing for scarce resources
- B. Economic interactions
- C. Cultural differences
- D. Differences in opinion

31. The main factor influencing population distribution in Kenya is

- A. drainage
- B. economic activities
- C. climate
- D. relief

32. The following are uses of a certain mineral

- (i) Making alloys
- (ii) Making T.V. screens
- (iii) Making utensils

The main method of mining the above mineral is

- A. shaft
- B. stripping
- C. placer
- D. dredging

33. Which one of the following is a modern way of interaction?

- A. Schooling
- B. Birthdays
- C. Wars and raids
- D. Intertribal conflicts

34. Which one of the following is not a benefit of direct democracy? The people

- A. have powers to make decisions
- B. choose leaders to make decisions
- C. vote for certain laws
- D. are involved in making policies.

35. The following are statements about a leader in Africa.

- (i) Promoted pan Africanism
- (ii) Promoted unity in Africa
- (iii) Introduced free education from primary to university
- (iv) brokered for peace in some African countries

The leader described above is

- A. Abdel Nasser
- B. Haile Selassie
- C. Leopold sedor sengor
- D. Julius Nyerere.

36. The green sign of a person in traffic lights indicates

- A. the vehicle to continue moving
- B. the pedestrians to wait before crossing the road
- C. the pedestrians should cross the road
- D. vehicles should get ready to move.

37. Below are facts about a symbol of national unity.

- (i) Is a stamp-like feature
- (ii) Used to endorse official government document
- (iii) Has crops
- (iv) Has two circular rings

The symbol of national unity described above is

- A. coat of arms
- B. public seal
- C. national anthem
- D. national flag.

38. Which one of the following statements is not true about white settler farmers in Kenya?

- A. They introduced crop farming among Africans
- B. They led to urbanization
- C. Led to the problem of squatters
- D. They introduced exotic breeds of cattle.

39. Which one of the following statements is **true** about Nairobi Town. It is  
 A. an inland container depot  
 B. an agricultural centre  
 C. a mining centre  
 D. a headquarter for international organizations.
40. Which one of the following factors is likely to cause climate change?  
 A. Irrigation farming  
 B. Global warming  
 C. Distance from the sea  
 D. Acidic rain
41. Which one of the following is **not** a role of government in promoting trade?  
 A. Providing currency  
 B. Establishment of market centres  
 C. Establish ministry of agriculture and trade  
 D. Controlling number of traders
42. Which one of the following countries is a member of COMESA?  
 A. Egypt  
 B. South Africa  
 C. Angola  
 D. Ghana
43. Three of the following are problems facing beef farming in Kenya and Tanzania **except**  
 A. pests and diseases  
 B. inadequate market  
 C. high cost of feeds  
 D. overstocking.
44. Which one of the following pre-historic sites is **correctly** matched with the country where it is located?  
 A. Gámbles Cave, Chesowanjo - Kenya  
 B. Isimila, Ngoloba - Tanzania  
 C. Sango Bay, Magosi - Ethiopia  
 D. Hadar, Harer - Sudan
45. Which one of the following is the **most** effective way of conserving forests in Kenya?  
 A. Employing more forest guards  
 B. Controlling cutting of trees  
 C. Using alternative sources of energy  
 D. Recycling of paper
46. Okapi bought a pen. Later he found that two pens had been packed. He returned the extra pen to the shopkeeper. Okapi showed  
 A. loyalty                      B. fidelity  
 C. obedience                    D. honesty.
47. The population structure of India is similar to that of Germany in that  
 A. there is a large youthful population  
 B. there is high infant mortality rate  
 C. urban areas are densely populated  
 D. majority of the people live in urban centres.
48. Which one of the following is **true** about tourism in Switzerland?  
 A. Most of the tourists come from Asia.  
 B. Main tourists attraction is winter sports.  
 C. Major tourist attraction is the varied glacial scenes.  
 D. Main tourists attraction is the big five.
49. Which one of the following is not a soil conservation method?  
 A. Use of trashlines  
 B. Use of cut-off drains  
 C. Planting one type of crop in a farm for many years  
 D. Contour ploughing
50. Kariba Dam River Project was established **mainly** to  
 A. create an inland water way  
 B. settle the landless  
 C. promote industrial development  
 D. regulate the river flow.



1. Three of the following are roles played by early political associations in the struggle for independence in Kenya except
- demanding African representation in LEGCO
  - promoting unity among Africans
  - demanding release of political prisoners
  - educating Africans about injustices done to them by colonial government
52. Which one of the following statements describes mediation as a way of solving disputes in Kenya?
- Discussing the matter with one another
  - Taking the matter to court
  - Asking for forgiveness
  - Involving a third party
53. One of the achievements of Organisation of African Unity was that it
- promoted peace in the continent
  - eliminated all forms of colonialism in the continent
  - lacking adequate funds to carry out its activities
  - fought HIV and AIDS pandemic in the continent
54. One of the roles of political parties in democracy is to
- revise the voters register
  - create a parallel government
  - prepare voting materials
  - keep the government on its toes.
55. Which one of the following factors influenced the location of a milk factory at Dandora in Nairobi?
- Demand for milk
  - Availability of raw materials
  - Government policy
  - Good means of transport and communication
56. A member of county assembly may lose his/her seat through three of the following ways except
- being declared bankrupt
  - conviction of an election offence by the court
  - visiting a foreign country
  - being elected a speaker of the county assembly.
57. Meda was beaten by a group of youth for supporting a different political party in their region. Which one of the following freedom was he denied?
- Expression
  - Movement
  - Association
  - Worship
58. Who among the following was a founder member of KADU?
- Paul Ngei
  - James Gichuru
  - Masinde Muliro
  - Oginga Odinga
59. In Kenya, the prison service is headed by the
- commander
  - commissioner of prisons
  - the president
  - the inspector general of police.
60. In Kenya, the senior civil servant in a state department is appointed by
- the head of public service
  - the president
  - the judicial service commissioner
  - the Attorney general.

**SECTION II: CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION**

61. From the sufferings that Adam and Eve experienced after disobeying God according to the book of Genesis chapter 3, Christians learn that
- sin is unavoidable
  - snakes are very cunning animal
  - sin separates man from God
  - temptations are unacceptable.
62. Which one of the following creatures was sent by Noah to see whether the floods had receded and came with a fresh olive leaf?
- Dove
  - Raven
  - Pigeon
  - Duck
63. Which one of the following was **not** a promise of God to Abraham?
- He would die at a ripe age.
  - He will bless him with a son.
  - Many nations will be blessed through him.
  - Everlasting dynasty.
64. Which one of the following families moved to Egypt because God wanted to protect them against hunger?
- Jacob and his sons
  - Isaac and Rebecca
  - Abraham and his family
  - Hannah and Elikanah
65. When God called Moses, he was living in
- Haran
  - Ur
  - Midian
  - Canaan.
66. Which one of the following shows the **correct** order of the first four plagues in Egypt?
- Blood, gnats, frogs, flies
  - Frogs, gnats, flies, blood
  - Blood, flies, frogs, gnats
  - Blood, frogs, gnats, flies
67. Which one of the following forms of worship was done by the Israelites immediately after crossing the red sea?
- Offering sacrifices
  - Burning incense
  - Singing hymns to God
  - Reciting the ten commandments
68. Who among the following kings of Israel made Israel a wealthy nation?
- King
- Solomon
  - David
  - Saul
  - Rehoboam
69. Who among the following people was sent by prophet Elijah to go and ask king Ahab to meet him?
- Naboth
  - Obadiah
  - Jeroboam
  - Elisha
70. The prophet who foretold the escape and return of Jesus to Egypt and Israel respectively was
- Isaiah
  - Hosea
  - Jeremiah
  - Amos.
71. The **main** reason why the Angel of the Lord appeared to the shepherds at night that Jesus was born was to
- warn them against Herod.
  - show them the power of God.
  - instruct them to warn Joseph to escape to Egypt.
  - tell them good news about their saviour who had been born.
72. What lesson did John the baptist teach the crowd that came to listen to him? **Luke 3:7 - 11**
- The importance of forgiving those who wronged us.
  - The importance of praying to God.
  - The importance of sharing.
  - The importance of Abraham to the Jews.
73. Jesus showed that he was a universal Messiah by doing one of the following miracles, which one is it?
- Healing the blind Bartimaeus
  - Healing the daughter of a Caananite woman in Tyre
  - Calming the sea
  - Raising Jairu's daughter.
74. A lesson that Christians can learn from the parable of unforgiving servant is to be
- thankful
  - repentant
  - forgiving
  - prayerful.

"It is written, worship the Lord your God and serve him only." Luke 4:8.

These words were said by Jesus during his temptation. The incident teaches Christians that they should

- A. read the scriptures to the sinners.
- B. resist the devil with scriptures.
- C. realize that temptations is part of their life.
- D. fast and pray in the desert to overcome temptations.

To teach his disciples on the importance of service to others, Jesus did one of the following. Which one is it?

- A. Healing ten lepers
- B. Washing disciples' feet
- C. Sharing a meal with them
- D. Raising Jairus daughter

Who among the following disciples of Jesus became angry when Jesus asked whether he loves him for the third time?

- A. John
- B. James
- C. Thomas
- D. Peter

During the day of Pentecost

- A. the lame walked.
- B. there was an earthquake.
- C. the disciples shared the last meal.
- D. many believers were baptised.

Who among the following sold all his parcel of ancestral land and brought all the money to the disciples?

- A. Ananias and Saphirah
- B. Barbanas
- C. Saul
- D. Barsabas

Three of the following are fruits of the Holy Spirit except

- A. faith
- B. faithfulness
- C. patience
- D. peace.

Which one of the following African Traditional society beliefs is not compatible to Christianity?

- A. Belief in life after death
- B. Respect for life
- C. Response to God through worship
- D. Sacrificing to the ancestors

The main duties of diviners in traditional African communities was to

- A. tell the cause of calamities and their solutions
- B. bless warriors
- C. pray for the sick
- D. forgive sins.

10

83. In some traditional African communities, the initiates lived in seclusion in order to be

- A. punished
- B. taught their duties
- C. married
- D. made elders.

84. Which one of the following is a rite of passage in traditional African communities?

- A. Engagement
- B. Courtship
- C. Death
- D. Burial

85. The main reason why we should obey authorities according to Romans 13: 1 - 5 is

- A. authority is from God.
- B. man cannot do without authority.
- C. authority is the most powerful element.
- D. all who authorizes are friendly.

86. According to James 1:27, what God considers to be a pure and genuine religion is

- A. going to church and keeping the Sabbath holy.
- B. helping the aged.
- C. visiting the prisoners.
- D. taking care of the orphans and widows.

87. Which one of the following activities is the best use of leisure time?

- A. Used for entertainment
- B. Used to develop the community
- C. Used to buy power when necessary
- D. Saved and used when necessary

88. Judy is a committed Christian, her friend is in hospital. What is the best thing for her to do to her friend?

- A. Pray to God for her
- B. Tell her to stop fearing
- C. Take her to a magician
- D. Tell her to read the Bible

89. The main reason why Christian condemn prostitution is because it leads to

- A. unwanted pregnancies
- B. spread of HIV and AIDS
- C. expulsion from school
- D. misuse of sex.

90. Which one of the following best promotes love among Christians?

- A. Going to church
- B. Praying with others
- C. Caring for the hungry
- D. Visiting one another

**SECTION II: ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION**

61. In an event that the imam prostrates directly from qiyam, he was likely that he was reciting one of the following surahs;

- A. Takathur
- B. Alaq
- C. Tiyin
- D. Aala

62. The surah that talks about the great help that prophet Muhammad (PBUH) got while he was wandering is likely to be

- A. Maun
- B. Qureish
- C. Shamsu
- D. Dhuha

63. Which of the following is the correct completion of the following verse?

**"WAMAA UMIRUU ILLA LIYAABUDU ....."**

- A. Allah
- B. mukhuluswina
- C. kitaaab
- D. kafaruu

64. Which of the following correctly describes the other names of the Quran?

- A. Al Huda - guidance
- B. Tadhkirah - warner
- C. Rahma - tidings
- D. Bashi - criterion

65. What is the main theme learnt in surah Kafirun?

- A. Seeking of knowledge
- B. Worshipping Allah alone
- C. Freedom of worship
- D. Kindness to none Muslims

66. Which of the following statement is true?

- A. Hadith does not explain the religion's obligations
- B. Sunnah is the obligations that the prophet performed
- C. Swalah begins with taslim and ends with takbir
- D. Imam makes the call for prayer

67. The hadith of the prophet that stresses on the importance of fearing Allah teaches us

- A. to fear Allah alongside the prophet
- B. to follow up a bad deed with a good one
- C. not during a bad act while fasting
- D. fearing Allah most while I the mosque.

68. The prophet (SAW) discouraged the mixing of good items with the bad ones in an act termed as

- A. hoarding of items
- B. adulteration of items
- C. ribaa
- D. usury.

69. Among the four sources of Islamic law, which one is a combination of Muslim scholars?

- A. Hadith
- B. Quran
- C. Qiyas
- D. Ijmaa

70. Nabii Muhammad (SAW) said that the pleasure of Allah is in the pleasure of the following. Which one?

- A. Parents
- B. Relatives
- C. Neighbours
- D. Guests

71. Who among the following is an exemption in observing the fourth pillar of Islam?

- A. An adult man
- B. Traveller
- C. Maskin
- D. Orphan

72. Upon meeting his teacher, Zulekha greeted him. How many thawwab did she achieve?

- A. 30
- B. 5
- C. 100
- D. 90

73. Which day do angels of Allah raise our deeds?

- A. Saturday
- B. Monday
- C. Friday
- D. Thursday

74. To believe that something good or bad happening is a pillar of Faith called

- A. Tawaf
- B. Qadar
- C. Ikhlas
- D. Iman

75. Which event marks the completion of the Islamic calendar?  
 A. Pilgrimage                      B. Friday prayer  
 C. Ramadhan                        D. Tarawaeh
76. If one ~~eat~~s deliberately during the day of Ramadhan;  
 A. he or she must make up for the lost day  
 B. continue fasting  
 C. ask for forgiveness  
 D. recite Quran and pray.
77. Worshipping only one God associating non ~~with~~ him is referred to as  
 A. ~~shirk~~                                B. swiyaam  
 C. ~~itikaf~~                                D. ibaadah.
78. Which statement is true about Qarun?  
 A. he was a relative of Nabii Musa  
 B. he was poor  
 C. he helped the poor  
 D. he had the fear of Allah
79. Which amount is correct on zakat payment?  
 A. 30 heads - cattle  
 B. 5 heads - sheep  
 C. 15 heads - goats  
 D. 10 heads - camels
80. The migration of the prophet from Makkah to Madinah can best be described as  
 A. ~~Miraj~~                                B. Israi  
 C. ~~Talaq~~ badru                        D. Hijra.
81. Who among the following women was the first to embrace Islam?  
 A. Amina binti Wahab  
 B. Aisha binti Abuakr  
 C. Khadijah binti Khuweilid  
 D. Fatuma binti Muhammad
82. What was the reason behind Caliph Abubakar holding a name Aswiddiiq?  
 A. He was the first caliph  
 B. He testified the truth on ascension of the prophet  
 C. He had a lot of wealth  
 D. The prophet married his daughter
83. How old was the prophet (SAW) when Amina binti Wahab died?  
 A. 8 years  
 B. 40 years  
 C. 6 years  
 D. 10 years
84. Which prophet of Allah had thieves broken into his house and stole everything?  
 A. Yusuf A.S  
 B. Ayyub A.S  
 C. Issa A.S  
 D. Yahya A.S
85. The people of Nabii Swaleh were punished for which of the following mistakes?  
 A. For slaughtering the camel  
 B. Drinking khamr  
 C. Committing adultery  
 D. Not worshipping Allah
86. For how many years did Nabii Nuh (A.S) preach to his people?  
 A. 3  
 B. 1000  
 C. 95  
 D. 50
87. Qaum Musa (A.S) were guided by Allah's holy book called  
 A. Gospel                                B. Torah  
 C. Psalms                                D. Furqan.
88. Most of the prophets of Allah worked as  
 A. shepherds                            B. carpenters  
 C. traders                                D. hawkers.
89. Who was Imran?  
 A. Prophet Yusuf (A.S) father  
 B. Mariam's father (A.S)  
 C. Muhammad's uncle (S.A.W)  
 D. Nabii Yahya's brother
90. Where is Allah?  
 A. Everywhere around us  
 B. Above the sky on His Throne  
 C. In holy places  
 D. In the Kaabah in Makkah



# KCPE REVEALED

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## PREDICTION MASTER

206507

- SCIENCE -

2021

1 hr 40 min

### READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this question paper and a separate answer sheet. The question paper contains 50 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this paper.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the **ANSWER SHEET**, not in this question paper.

### HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil only.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet

**YOUR INDEX NUMBER**

**YOUR NAME**

**NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL**

6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (ie. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and **DO NOT FOLD IT**.
9. For each Questions 1 - 50, four answers are given. The answers are lettered **A, B, C, D** in each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet show the correct answer by drawing a **dark line** inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

#### Example

#### In the question booklet

16. Which one of the following is **NOT** a storage pest?

A. Termites

B. Aphids

C. Weevils

D. Rodents

The correct answer is **B**

**16** [A] [B] [C] [D]

In the set of boxes numbered 16, the box with letter B printed in it is marked

11. Your dark line **MUST BE** within the box.
12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

**Pinpoint**

This question paper consists of 8 printed pages

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TURN OVER

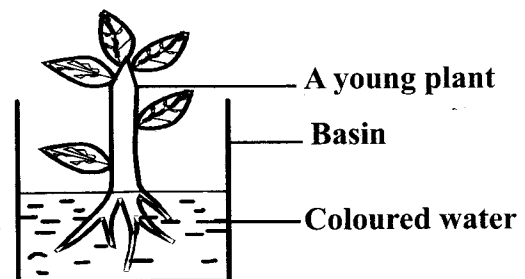
1. The following are feeding adaptations of some animals:

- (i) *Molars and premolars grow throughout their lifetime*
- (ii) *Presence of carnassial teeth*
- (iii) *Long, muscular and rough tongues*
- (iv) *Well-spaced teeth*

Which group describes the feeding adaptations of a cow?

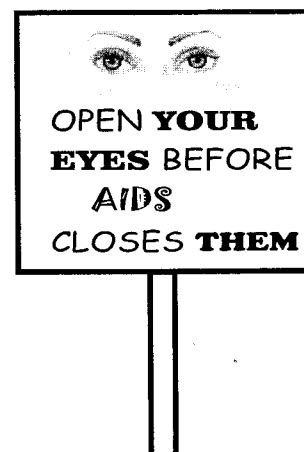
- A. i, iv
  - B. ii, iii
  - C. i, iii
  - D. ii, iv
2. All the following vertebrates have internal fertilization **except**
- A. whale
  - B. lizard
  - C. hen
  - D. newt.
3. Which one of the following is an effect of crop diseases?
- A. Stunted growth
  - B. Curled leaves
  - C. Spots and streaks
  - D. Reduced yield
4. During fertilization in flowers, a pollen tube is formed in the
- A. pollen grain
  - B. stigma
  - C. style
  - D. ovary.

5. Some pupils from a certain school uprooted a young plant and deeped it in coloured water as shown below.



After some hours, they cut across the stem and made their observations. What were they investigating?

- A. Transportation of water and mineral salts.
  - B. Absorption of water and mineral salts.
  - C. Photosynthesis in plants.
  - D. Food storage in plants.
6. Standard eight pupils from a certain school carried out a project on control measures for HIV and AIDS. They erected a billboard along the roadside as shown below.



This method of control measure can be classified as

- A. creating public awareness
- B. mass education
- C. mass media
- D. voluntary counseling and testing.

7. Which one of the following is **not** a way in which HIV/AIDS can be transmitted?

- A. Through sexual intercourse.
- B. Through breast feeding.
- C. Mother to child during birth.
- D. Sleeping with an infected person.

8. Which one of the following is **not** an excretory organ?

- A. Liver
- B. Lungs
- C. Kidneys
- D. Skin

9. Which statement below is **correct** about blood components?

- A. Red blood cells - transport carbon dioxide to the lungs.
- B. Platelet - Prevents clotting of blood.
- C. Plasma - Allows blood to flow freely in our bodies.
- D. White blood cells - They are biconcave in shape.

10. Which one of the following drugs is **most** commonly abused in Kenya?

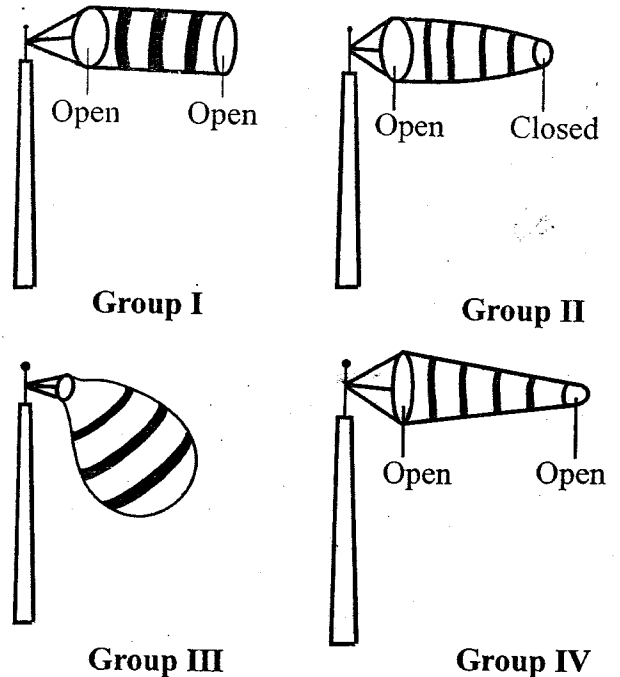
- A. Tobacco
- B. Cocaine
- C. Alcohol
- D. Miraa

11. A person infected with tuberculosis can **best** prevent himself from spreading the disease to others by

- A. being vaccinated against tuberculosis.
- B. seeking immediate treatment.
- C. observing high standards of hygiene.
- D. living in a well-ventilated room.

3

12. Four groups of pupils constructed wind socks as shown below.



Which group constructed the **correct** wind sock?

- A. Group III
- B. Group II
- C. Group I
- D. Group IV

13. Which one of the following farming activities is **not** likely to be carried out during dry season?

- A. Transplanting
- B. Tilling land
- C. Harvesting
- D. Irrigation

14. All the following livestock parasites destroy the liver **except**

- A. roundworms
- B. hookworms
- C. tapeworms
- D. liver flukes.



15. Which animal feed below is least suitable for making hay?

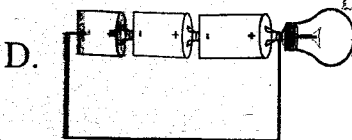
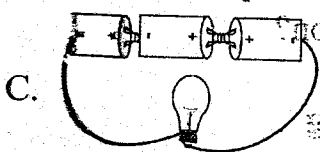
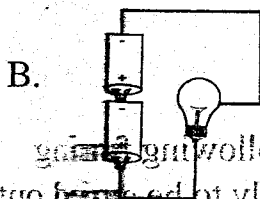
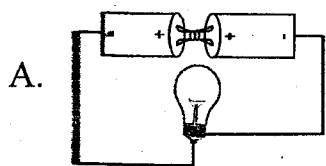
- A. Napier grass
- B. Star grass
- C. Kikuyu grass
- D. Rhodes grass

16. Which one of the following mainly conserves both soil and water?

- A. Fallow ploughing
- B. Mulching
- C. Controlled grazing
- D. Terracing

17. In which set up below will the bulb light?

Which group constructed the correct circuit?



18. All the following substances have indefinite shape except

- A. water vapour
- B. smoke
- C. water
- D. sand

19. Which pair of liquids below are not immiscible?

- A. Water and petrol
- B. Cooking oil and methylated spirit
- C. Kerosene and milk
- D. Methylated spirit and milk

20. Which gas is used by some plants to make protein?

- A. Carbon dioxide
- B. Nitrogen
- C. Oxygen
- D. Argon

21. The following are some of the ways of improving the rate of decomposition in a compost heap. Which one is not?

- A. Keeping the compost moist
- B. Adding a layer of top soil
- C. Adding a layer of wood ash
- D. Adding a layer of decayed material

22. Which statement below is not correct about clay soil?

- A. Spreads easily when dry
- B. Retains a lot of water
- C. Sticks when wet
- D. Has the best capillarity

23. Which component of soil is least affected when soil is thoroughly heated?

- A. Living organisms
- B. Air
- C. Humus
- D. Mineral particles

24. Which one of the following water pollutants is most likely to encourage the growth of water weeds?

- A. Oil
- B. Farm chemicals
- C. Soil
- D. Industrial waste

25. The following are signs and symptoms of a certain disease:

- (i) Fever
- (ii) Itching at the bowel
- (iii) Rash and itchy skin
- (iv) Blood in urine and stool

The above disease cannot be prevented by:-

- A. proper disposal of human waste
- B. draining stagnant water
- C. washing hands after visiting the toilet
- D. killing fresh water snails using chemicals.

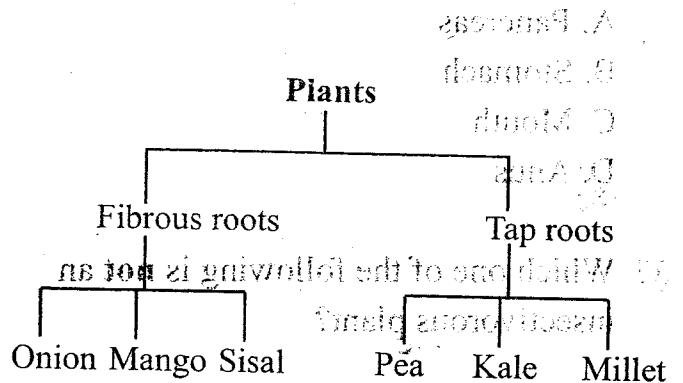
26. Which one of the following diseases is not immunisable?

- A. Measles
- B. Malaria
- C. Typhoid
- D. Pneumonia

27. An expectant mother who craves for soil lacks enough

- A. mineral salts
- B. fibre
- C. proteins
- D. vitamin D.

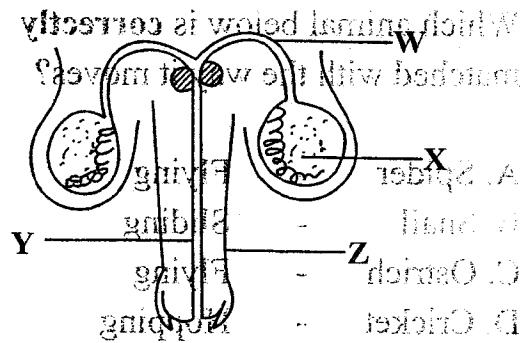
28. The chart below shows classification of plants by the type of their roots.



Which plants were wrongly classified?

- A. Pea and onion
- B. Kale and sisal
- C. Mango and kale
- D. Millet and mango

29. The diagram below shows parts of the male reproductive system of a human being.



Which letter represents the part that produces the male reproductive sex cells?

- A. X
- B. Y
- C. Z
- D. W

30. Which one of the following is **not** part of the alimentary canal?

- A. **P**ancreas
- B. **S**tomach
- C. **M**outh
- D. **A**nus

31. Which one of the following is **not** an insectivorous plant?

- A. **S**undew
- B. **B**utterwort
- C. **L**iverworts
- D. **B**ladder worts

32. Which group below are all oil crops?

- A. **C**oconut, barley and sunflower
- B. **S**unflower, cotton and coconut
- C. **A**ocado, maize and peas
- D. **C**otton, sisal and flax

33. Which animal below is **correctly** matched with the way it moves?

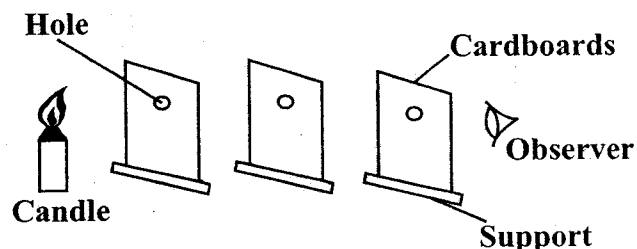
- A. **S**pider - Flying
- B. **S**ail - Sliding
- C. **O**strich - Flying
- D. **C**ricket - Hopping

34. Which one of the following is **not** a special sound?

- A. **S**creaming
- B. **S**houting
- C. **H**ooting of a car
- D. **F**ire engine siren

6

35. The experiment below was carried out to investigate a certain property of light.



From the above experiment, one can conclude that

- A. light cannot bend as it travels from one medium to another
- B. light travels in a straight line
- C. light can be reflected
- D. light travels in all directions.

36. All the following are ways of reducing friction. Which one is **not**?

- A. Increasing the surface area of the contact
- B. Streamlining
- C. Greasing the surface
- D. Using wheels, rollers and bearings

37. The gravitational pull applied on an object is called

- A. friction
- B. inertia
- C. newton
- D. weight.

38. Which material below is **not** needed when constructing a simple beam balance?

- A. Scale
- B. Nail
- C. Thread
- D. Lids

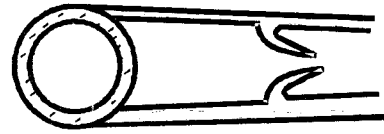
39. The following are signs and symptoms of nutritional deficiency diseases:

- (i) Sores at the corner of the mouth
- (ii) Almost all the body muscles disappear
- (iii) Severe loss of weight
- (iv) Some parts of the body begin to swell

A child who is not fed on enough quantity of balance diet is **most** likely to experience which signs?

- A. ii, iii
- B. i, ii, iii
- C. i, iv
- D. All the signs

40. The diagram below shows a blood vessel.



Which statement is **false** about the above blood vessel?

- A. It transports deoxygenated blood only.
- B. Blood flows at low pressure.
- C. It transports blood from other body organs to the heart.
- D. It has a thin wall which is less elastic.

41. Which ones of the following are both modern and traditional methods of preserving food?

- A. Canning and use of honey
- B. Salting and drying
- C. Use of low temperatures and drying
- D. Smoking and use of low temperatures

42. The diagram below shows a weather chart.

Day	Morning	Midday	Afternoon
Monday			
Tuesday			
Wednesday			
Thursday			
Friday			

Which statement below is **correct** about the above weather chart?

- A. Whenever it was sunny in the morning, it was windy in the afternoon.
- B. Whenever it was calm at midday, it was windy in the afternoon.
- C. Whenever it was rainy in the morning, it was sunny in the afternoon.
- D. No day of the week was good for winnowing.

43. Which part of the bean seed is **correctly** matched to its function?

- A. Radicle - Grows into shoot
- B. Cotyledon - Stores food
- C. Testa - Grows into root
- D. Hilum - Allows air and water into the seed.

44. Which one of the following is the **correct** description of beaks of birds that feed on nectar? The beaks are

- A. curved, slender and cone-shaped
- B. thick, straight and long
- C. long, slender and straight
- D. curved, strong thick and long.

45. Which one of the following factors does **not** affect sinking and floating of an object?

- A. Density
- B. Type of material
- C. Shape
- D. Size

46. The following is a procedure of separating some mixtures:

- (i) Dissolve
- (ii) Filter
- (iii) Evaporate

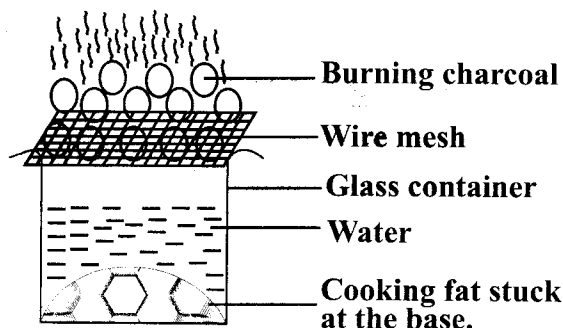
Which of the following mixtures can be **best** separated using the above procedure? A mixture of

- A. water, sugar and maize flour
- B. wheat flour and salt
- C. iron filings and soil
- D. sand and rice.

47. Which one of the following is **not** a safety precaution against electricity?

- A. Do not insert objects in electric sockets.
- B. Avoid scratching wires carrying electricity.
- C. Switch off lights when not in use.
- D. Do not overload elastic sockets.

48. Red hot burning charcoal was placed on a wire mesh over a glass jar containing cooking fat and water as shown below.



It is **true** to say that:

- A. the fat melted due to convection in liquids.
- B. cooking fat melted as a result of radiation.
- C. the fat did not melt because there was no convection.
- D. the fat did not melt because water is a poor conductor of heat.

49. Which maintenance practice of tools is **correctly** matched with its purpose?

- A. Proper storage - To use tools frequently
- B. Repairing broken handles - To access tools easily
- C. Cleaning after use - To avoid accidents
- D. Greasing - To prevent rusting

50. Which one of the following is **true** about fertilizers?

- A. They are not easy to transport.
- B. Excessive use is not harmful to the soil.
- C. Results in high growth rate in crops.
- D. They improve the water retention in soil.