CELL PHYSIOLOGY

PAST KCSE QUESTIONS ON THE TOPIC

1. The table below shows the concentration of some ions in pond water and in the cells sap of an aquatic plant growing in the pond.

Ions	Concentration in pond water (parts per million)	Concentration in cell	
		sap (parts per million)	
Sodium	50	30	
Potassium	2	150	
Calcium	1.5	1	
Chloride	180	200	

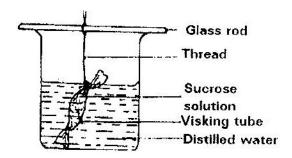
a)	Name the processes b	y which the	following	ions could	have been	taken up	by this
	plant.				(2mks	s)	

- i) Sodium ions
- ii) Potassium ions
- b) For each processes named in (a) (i) and (ii) above, state one condition necessary for the process to take place. (2mks)

- 2. Explain how water in the soil enters the root hairs of a plant. (4mks)
- 3. Explain how drooping of leaves on a hot sunny day is advantageous to a plant.

(2mks)

- 4. a) What is diffusion? (2mks)
 - b) How do the following factors affect the rate of diffusion?
 - i) Diffusion gradient (1mk)
 - ii) Surface area to volume ratio (1mk)
 - iii) Temperature (1mk)
 - c) Outline 3 roles of active transport in the human body (2mks)
- 5. State the importance of osmosis in plants (3mks)
- 6. An experiment was set up as shown in the diagram below.



The set up was left for 30 minutes.

a) State the expected results. (1mk)

	b)	Explain your answer in (a) above.	(3mks)			
7.	Explai	n why plant cells do not burst when immersed in distilled w	ater. ((2mks)		
8.	Disting	guish between diffusion and osmosis.	(2mks)			
9.	Define the following terms in relation to a cell					
	a)	Isotonic solution				
	b)	Hypotonic solution				
	c)	Hypertonic solution	(3mks)			
10.	Additi	Addition of large amounts of salt to soil in which plants are growing kills the plants.				
	Explai	n	hich plants are growing kills the plants. (6mks)			
11.	Explai	n why				
	a)	Red blood cells burst when placed in distilled water while	plant cell	s remain		
		intact.				
	b)	Fresh water protozoa like amoeba do not burst when place	d in distil	led water.		
		(2mks	s)			