SOCIAL STUDIES AND RELIGIOUS EDUCATION 13.0



THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL **KCPE 2014** 1450631 SOCIAL STUDIES AND

RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

Time: 2 hours 15 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES (Please read these instructions carefully)

- You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 90 questions. 1.
- 2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
- 3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the ANSWER SHEET, not in this question booklet.

HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

- 4. Use an ordinary pencil.
- Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet: 5.

YOUR INDEX NUMBER YOUR NAME NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

- By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number 6. and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
- 7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
- 8. Keep the sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.
- 9 For each of the questions 1–90 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
- 10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a **dark line** inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

Example

In the Question Booklet:

33. Among the Agikuyu, people who were initiated together formed

- A. a sub-tribe
- B. a clan
- C. a generation
- D. an age-group

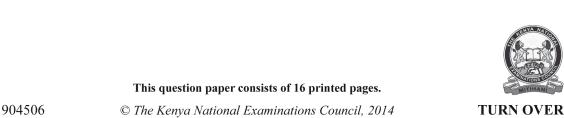
The correct answer is "D".

On the answer sheet:

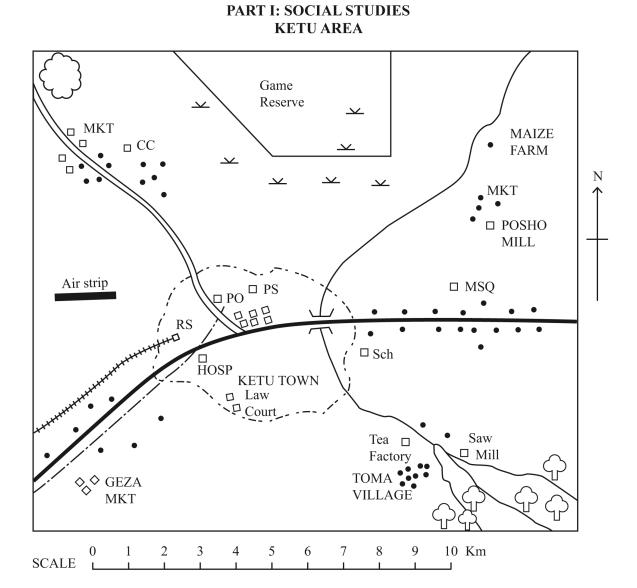


In the set of boxes numbered 33, the box with the letter D printed in it is marked.

- 11. Your dark line MUST be within the box.
- 12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.



63



KEY:

	Tarmac Road	MSQ	Mosque
	Murram Road	CC	Chief's Camp
	Telephone line	MKT	Market
\sim	River	Sch	School
	Town Boundary	PS	Police Station
++++++	Railway Line	РО	Post Office
JE	Bridge	HOSP	Hospital
	Permanent Building	RS	Railway Station
• • • •	Settlements		Quarry
\bigcirc	Forest	Т С	Scrub vegetation

Study the map of Ketu Area provided and answer questions 1–7.

- 1. The highest point in Ketu area is likely to be found in the
 - A. South East
 - B. North West
 - C. West
 - D. East.
- **2.** What is the approximate area of the game reserve?
 - A. 9.0km².
 - B. 13.5km².
 - C. 16.5km².
 - D. 18.0km².
- **3.** The type of climate experienced around Toma village is likely to be
 - A. cool and wet
 - B. hot and dry
 - C. hot and wet
 - D. cool and dry.
- **4.** A trader at Geza market wishes to send a message to a wholesaler in Ketu Town. The quickest means of sending the message would be by
 - A. messenger
 - B. telegram
 - C. telephone
 - D. letter.
- **5.** The distribution of settlement near the chiefs camp can be described as
 - A. dense
 - B. linear
 - C. sparse
 - D. clustered.
- **6.** Three of the following economic activities are carried out in Ketu area **except**:
 - A. mining
 - B. fishing
 - C. farming
 - D. forestry.
- 7. Which one of the following social services is provided in Ketu Town?
 - A. Health.
 - B. Religion.
 - C. Recreation.
 - D. Education.
- 904506

- **8.** Which one of the following is a traditional form of education?
 - A. Use of riddles.
 - B. Use of pictures.
 - C. Writing.
 - D. Reading.
- **9.** During the pre-colonial period, the Ameru were ruled by a
 - A. King
 - B. Chief
 - C. Queen mother
 - D. Council of elders.
- **10.** Which one of the following groups of communities belong to the plain nilotes?
 - A. Iteso, Acholi, Dinka.
 - B. Sabaot, Luo, Samburu.
 - C. Njemps, Karamojong, Maasai.
 - D. Elmolo, Langi, Turkens.
- **11.** Which one of the following benefits is as a result of interaction among communities in Africa?
 - A. Development of self reliance.
 - B. Development of Kiswahili.
 - C. Preservation of culture.
 - D. Spread of traditional religion.
- **12.** Which one of the following statements is **true** about the settlement of communities in Eastern Africa during the Pre-colonial period?
 - A. It led to intermarriage between communities.
 - B. It led to spread of diseases.
 - C. It led to decrease in population.
 - D. It led to introduction of cash crop farming.
- **13.** A pedestrian has been hit and injured by a cyclist near your school. The **immediate** action that should be taken is to
 - A. call a doctor to treat the pedestrian
 - B. stop the on lookers from crowding at the scene
 - C. give first aid to the pedestrian
 - D. call the police to arrest the cyclist.

14. Which one of the following instruments is **correctly** matched with the element of weather it measures?

Instrument Element of weather

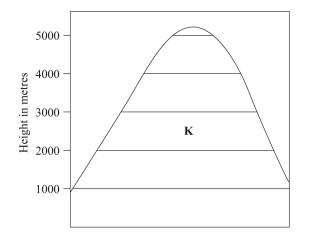
- A. Barometer temperature.
- B. Thermometer wind speed.
- C. Hygrometer humidity.
- D. Anemometer atmospheric pressure.
- **15.** Which one of the following statements is **true** about shifting cultivation?
 - A. It uses hired labour.
 - B. Farmers use simple tools.
 - C. Land is divided into several plots.
 - D. Fertilizers are applied regularly.
- **16.** Which one of the following countries was administered using direct rule by the colonial power?
 - A. Northern Nigeria.
 - B. Mozambique.
 - C. Senegal.
 - D. Congo.
- **17.** Below are responsibilities of family members.
 - (i) Giving support and guidance.
 - (ii) Helping in various duties.
 - (iii) Sharing family resources.
 - (iv) Learning positive values.

(v) Providing protection against attacks. Which one of the following combination consists of responsibilities of the children?

- A. (i), (ii), (iv).
- B. (i), (iii), (iv).
- C. (ii), (iii), (iv).
- D. (iii), (iv), (v).

18. The diagram below shows the vegetation zones on a mountain.

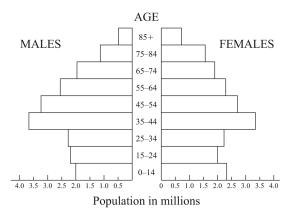
MOUNTAIN VEGETATION



The vegetation zone marked K represents

- A. bushland and thicket
- B. heath and moorland
- C. bamboo forest
- D. rain forest.
- **19.** Which one of the following ways creates a friendly environment for persons with special needs?
 - A. Creating awareness among people.
 - B. Giving responsibilities to persons with special needs in the society.
 - C. Providing wide passages and ramps.
 - D. Providing inclusive education.
- **20.** The statements below describe a type of climate.
 - (i) It experiences high temperatures.
 - (ii) It receives heavy convectional rainfall.
 - *(iii) Difference between the hottest and coolest month is small.*
 - The climate type described above is
 - A. mediterranean
 - B. tropical
 - C. desert
 - D. equatorial.

21. The age sex pyramid below represents the population of Germany.



According to the pyramid, the largest population of Germany is made up of people whose age is

- A. under 25 years
- B. between 35 and 64
- C. between 65 and 74
- D. above 75 years.
- **22.** Which one of the following minerals is correctly matched with the area it is mined?

	Mineral	Area mined
А.	Limestone	Magadi.
В.	Fluorspar	Athi river.
С.	Diatomite	Kariandusi.
D.	Soda ash	Kerio valley.

- **23.** Three of the following are factors that promote peace in a society **except**
 - A. nepotism
 - B. transparency
 - C. obeying the law
 - D. respect of one another.
- **24.** Below are statements on a river project in Africa.
 - (i) It has led to formation of lake Nasser.
 - (ii) It is mainly used for irrigation.
 - *(iii) It has helped reduce floods.*
 - *(iv) It has led to less fish at the mouth of the river.*

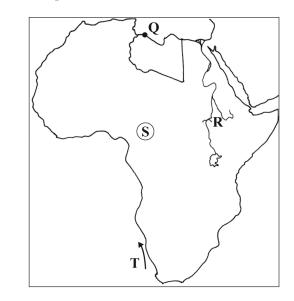
The river project described above is the

- A. Kariba Dam
- B. Volta scheme
- C. Aswan High Dam
- D. River Tana Dams.

25. Which one of the following is **most** likely to cause conflicts in a society?

- A. Ignorance.
- B. Cultural differences.
- C. Differences in opinion.
- D. Bad leadership.
- **26.** The following are some of the human rights.
 - (i) Freedom from discrimination.
 - (ii) Right to education.
 - (iii) Right to health care.
 - (iv) Right to privacy.
 - The human rights described above are
 - A. social
 - B. economic
 - C. political
 - D. environmental.

Study the map of Africa below and use it to answer questions 27, 28, 29 and 30.



- **27.** The town marked \mathbf{Q} is
 - A. Tunis
 - B. Cairo
 - C. Tripoli
 - D. Algiers.
- **28.** The crop grown in the area marked **R** is
 - A. sugarcane
 - B. coffee
 - C. sisal
 - D. wheat.

904506

TURN OVER

- **29.** The language group that originated from the shaded area marked **S** is
 - A. Cushites
 - B. Nilotes
 - C. Semites
 - D. Bantus.
- **30.** Which one of the following is an influence of the ocean current marked **T** on the nearby coastal area?
 - A. It lowers the temperature in the area.
 - B. It attracts rain in the area.
 - C. It leads to warm conditions in the area.
 - D. It raises the humidity in the area.
- **31.** Three of the following are effective ways of ensuring discipline of pupils in school. Which one is **not**?
 - A. Introducing strict school rules.
 - B. Punishing pupils when they disobey rules.
 - C. Encouraging pupils to discuss issues with teachers.
 - D. Calling parents to discuss pupils problems.
- **32.** Quattara depression in Egypt was formed as a result of
 - A. volcanic action
 - B. human activities
 - C. wind action
 - D. down warping.
- **33.** Below are statements about a country in Eastern Africa.
 - (i) It is landlocked.
 - *(ii)* It lies to the North of the equator.
 - (iii) It is a source of Blue Nile.
 - The country described above is
 - A. Eritrea
 - B. Uganda
 - C. Rwanda
 - D. Ethiopia.

- **34.** Which one of the following statements explain the importance of National unity? A. It allows freedom of movement.
 - B. It leads to equal distribution of wealth.
 - C. It makes people obey the law.
 - D. It creates job opportunities.
- **35.** Which one of the following crops is **not** grown in Pekera Irrigation scheme?
 - A. Rice.
 - B. Onion.
 - C. Maize.
 - D. Watermelons.
- **36.** The Berlin conference was held in order to A. involve African leaders in the partition of Africa
 - B. avoid conflicts among European powers
 - C. choose leaders for the scramble for Africa
 - D. discuss the political problems that were facing Africa.
- **37.** Which one of the following groups of industries consists of primary industries?
 - A. Cement, mining, textile.
 - B. Fishing, textile, forestry.
 - C. Mining, cement, textile.
 - D. Fishing, mining, forestry.
- **38.** Peter has been smoking cigarettes for a long time. Which one of the following is **likely** to happen to his health?
 - A. Grow thin.
 - B. Suffer memory loss.
 - C. Develop lung cancer.
 - D. Contract malaria.
- **39.** Which one of the following combinations consists of horticultural crops?
 - A. Wheat, oranges, rice.
 - B. Wheat, cabbages, potatoes.
 - C. Oranges, cabbages, potatoes.
 - D. Oranges, rice, potatoes.

- **40.** The following are some events that took place during the struggle for independence in Kenya.
 - (i) Jomo Kenyatta was released.
 - (ii) A state of emergency was declared.
 - *(iii) The first African was elected to the Legco.*
 - *(iv) Jomo Kenyatta became the president of KANU.*

Which one of the following is the **correct** order in which events took place?

- A. (i), (iii), (iv), (ii).
- B. (ii), (iii), (i), (iv).
- C. (ii), (iv), (i), (iii).
- D. (iii), (ii), (i), (iv).
- **41.** Which one of the following factors leads to slow population growth?
 - A. Cultural practices.
 - B. Religious beliefs.
 - C. Higher education.
 - D. Improved medical care.
- **42.** Who among the following Kenyan leaders was a member of the Kenya African Democratic Union (KADU)?
 - A. Ronald Ngala.
 - B. Tom Mboya.
 - C. Paul Ngei.
 - D. Oginga Odinga.
- **43.** The **best** way to attract more tourists to Kenya is by
 - A. improving accommodation facilities
 - B. improving transport facilities in the region
 - C. training more people to serve the tourists
 - D. lowering charges paid by tourists.
- **44.** Which one of the following groups of countries consist of members of intergovernmental authority on development (IGAD)?
 - A. Kenya, Uganda, Tanzania.
 - B. Eritrea, Rwanda, Tanzania.
 - C. Djibouti, Rwanda, Eritrea.
 - D. Uganda, Djibouti, Kenya.

- **45.** Below are statements on fish farming in Kenya and Japan.
 - (i) Fish are kept mainly for export.
 - (ii) Fish farming is capital intensive.
 - *(iii) The type of fish kept are mainly fresh water.*
 - *(iv)* Farmers sell the fish through co-operatives.
 - *(v) The main species of fish kept are tilapia.*

Which one of the following combination of statement is true of fish farming in Japan?

- A. (i), (iii), (iv).
- B. (i), (ii), (iv).
- C. (ii), (iv), (v).
- D. (iii), (iv), (v).
- **46.** Below are functions of United Nations Agencies.
 - *(i) Providing humanitarian help to mothers and children.*
 - (ii) Fighting diseases and illiteracy.
 - (iii) Improving water supply.
 - (iv) Protecting displaced persons.
 - (v) Ensuring every child enjoys basic rights.

Which among the following combinations consists of functions of the World Food Programme?

- A. (i), (ii), (iv).
- B. (i), (ii), (iii).
- C. (ii), (iii), (iv).
- D. (iii), (iv), (v).
- **47.** Three of the following are reasons why people move from rural areas to towns. Which one is **not**?
 - A. To get better recreational facilities.
 - B. To get better medical care.
 - C. To go to higher education.
 - D. To get cheaper land for settlement.
- **48.** Three of the following communities were affected by European settler farming. Which one was **not**?
 - A. Taita.
 - B. Turkana.
 - C. Maasai.
 - D. Akamba.

- **49.** One of the contributions of Daniel Arap Moi is that he
 - A. led Kenya to independence
 - B. was a founder member of KANU
 - C. promoted one party system in Africa
 - D. was a peacemaker.
- **50.** Most urban centres in Kenya are overcrowded. The government can reduce this problem by
 - A. establishing new towns
 - B. establishing more schools in rural areas
 - C. building more houses in urban areas
 - D. encouraging setting up of industries in rural areas.
- **51.** Below are some conditions that favour a type of livestock farming.
 - *(i) Cool temperatures.*
 - (ii) Plenty of water.
 - (iii) Large market.
 - (iv) Good transport network.

The type of livestock farming favoured by the conditions listed above is

- A. beef farming
- B. dairy farming
- C. poultry farming
- D. pastoral farming.
- **52.** Which one of the following groups of National parks are found in Uganda?
 - A. Murchison, Ruaha, Serengeti.
 - B. Serengeti, Bwindi, Nuba.
 - C. Murchison, Bwindi, Queen Elizabeth.
 - D. Ruaha, Murchison, Nuba.
- **53.** Mary wants to import medicine from Europe. Which one of the following forms of transport is **most** suitable?
 - A. Road.
 - B. Railway.
 - C. Water.
 - D. Air.
- **54.** Which one of the following is the **main** factor that hinders trade amongst Eastern Africa countries?
 - A. Political instability.
 - B. Underdeveloped means of transport.
 - C. Production of similar goods.
 - D. Limited use of international languages.
- 904506

- **55.** Which one of the following is the main benefit of the Jua Kali industry in Kenya? A. It creates employment opportunities.
 - B. It uses unskilled labour.
 - C. It provides cheap goods.
 - D. It provides goods for export.
- **56.** Which one of the following is a role of political parties in Kenya?
 - A. Register voters.
 - B. Approve national budget.
 - C. Appoint members of cabinet.
 - D. Educate people on their rights.
- **57.** Which one of the following members of the cabinet is a civil servant?
 - A. The president.
 - B. The secretary to the cabinet.
 - C. The Attorney General.
 - D. The Deputy President.
- **58.** Which one of the following groups of people are members of parliament?
 - A. Speaker Woman representative
 - Cabinet Secretary Senator
 - B. Senator Speaker
 - C. President C. Cabinet Secretary Woman representative
 - President
 - D. Senator Woman representative
- **59.** The highest court in Kenya is
 - A. High court
 - B. Court martial
 - C. Supreme court
 - D. Court of Appeal.
- **60.** The role of the Kenya Army is to
 - A. protect Kenya against external attacks
 - B. arrest law breakers
 - C. jail criminals
 - D. charge suspected criminals.