## 1. Coordinates and Graphics

1. A triangle ABC is formed by the points $\mathrm{A}(3,4), \mathrm{B}(-7,2)$, and $\mathrm{C}(1,-2)$.
(a) Find the coordinates of the mid-points $k$ of AB and $p$ of AC
(b) Find the equation of the perpendicular bisector of the line $k p$
2. The size of an interior angle of a rectangular polygon is $61 / 2$ times that of its exterior angle. Determine the number of sides of the polygon.
3. The sum of interior angles of two regular polygons of sides $n$ and $n+2$ are in the ratio 3:4. Calculate the sum of the interior angles of the polygons with n sides
4. The area of a rhombus is $60 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. Given that one of its diagonals is 15 cm long. Calculate the perimeter of the rhombus.
5. In the figure below AE is parallel to $\mathrm{BD} . \mathrm{BC}=\mathrm{BD}, \mathrm{AB}=7.25 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{AE}=15.25 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\mathrm{ED}=5.25 \mathrm{~cm}$


Find the perimeter of the figure .
6. The figure below shows a trapezium $A B C D$ in which side $A B$ is perpendicular to both $A D$ and $B C$. Side $A D=17 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{DC}=10 \mathrm{~cm}$
(i) What is the length of side $A B$

(ii) Find the value of $\cos \left(90^{\circ}-\mathbf{x}^{\mathbf{0}}\right)$ in the form $\underline{\mathbf{a}}$ where a and b are integers
b
7. The size of an interior angle of a regular polygon is $\mathbf{3} \mathbf{x}^{\mathbf{0}}$ while its exterior angle is ( $\left.\mathbf{x} \mathbf{- 2 0}\right)^{\mathbf{0}}$ Find the number of sides of the polygon
8.


In the figure above, angle $\mathbf{a}$ is half the sum of the other angles. Evaluate the triangle
9. The sum of the interior angles of an $\mathbf{n}$-sided polygon is $1260^{\circ}$. Find the value of $\mathbf{n}$ and hence deduce the polygon
10. Giving reason, find the angle marked $\mathbf{n}$

11. Solve for $\mathbf{y}$ in the equation $125^{\mathrm{y}+1}+5^{3 y}=630$
12. The interior angle of a regular polygon is $108^{\circ}$ larger than the exterior angle. How many sides has the polygon?
13. The interior angle of a regular polygon is 4 times the exterior angle. How many sides has the polygon
14. In the figure below ABCD is a trapezium with DC parallel to AB . $\mathrm{DC}=5 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{CB}=4 \mathrm{~cm}$, $\mathrm{BD}=8 \mathrm{~cm} \quad$ and $\mathrm{AB}=10 \mathrm{~cm}$

Calculate:

(a) the size of angle BDC
(b) the area of triangle ABD
15. In the figure below, DE bisects angle BDG and AB is parallel to DE . Angle $\mathrm{DCF}=60^{\circ}$


Find the value of angle:-
(a) CDF
(b) ABD
16. The size of an interior angle of a regular polygon is $4 x^{0}$, while its exterior angle is $(x-30)^{0}$. Find the number of sides of the polygon
17. The sum of interior angles of a polygon is $1440^{\circ}$. Find the number of sides of the polygon hence name the polygon
18. In the figure below PQ is parallel to RS. Calculate the value of $\mathbf{x}$ and $\mathbf{y}$

19. The interior angle of a $n$-sided regular polygon exceeds its exterior angle by $132^{\circ}$. Find the value of $n$

