

KENYA CERTIFICATE OF BASIC EDUCATION (K.C.B.E)

MARKING SCHEME

GRADE 10: METAL TECHNOLOGY – TERM 1 – JANUARY 2026

SECTION A (35 Marks)

1. Define the following terms:

a) Material (1 mark)

- ✓ Anything used to make a product or perform a task.
- ✓ Can be natural or synthetic.

b) Metal Technology (1 mark)

- ✓ The study of metals and how to shape, join, and finish them for practical use.
- ✓ It involves knowledge of tools, machines, and fabrication techniques.

c) Machine (1 mark)

- ✓ A device that helps perform work efficiently by using power or energy.
- ✓ Examples: drilling machine, lathe machine, grinder.

2. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) examples (3 marks):

- Safety goggles / eye protection
- Gloves / hand protection
- Apron / overall / protective clothing
- Ear muffs / ear plugs
- Safety boots / shoes

3. First aid procedures for a cut from a hacksaw blade (2 marks):

- Clean the wound with clean water / antiseptic
- Apply sterile dressing / bandage
- Apply pressure to stop bleeding
- Seek medical attention if deep

4. Businesses related to Metal Technology (3 marks):

- Fabrication / welding workshop
- Metal furniture making
- Construction / metal roofing
- Tool and machinery repairs
- Automotive bodywork / vehicle repairs

5. Components of a metal workshop layout (3 marks):

- i. Working area / fabrication area
- ii. Storage area for materials and tools
- iii. Assembly / finishing area
- iv. Safety zone / first aid area
- v. Entrance / exit and movement paths

6. General workshop rules (3 marks):

- i. Wear appropriate PPE at all times
- ii. Keep the workplace clean and organized
- iii. Do not operate machines without permission
- iv. Report accidents immediately
- v. Avoid horseplay / unsafe behavior

7. Causes of accidents when using machines (3 marks):

- i. Carelessness / negligence
- ii. Faulty or poorly maintained machines
- iii. Lack of PPE or improper clothing
- iv. Distractions or rushing the task
- v. Improper training or supervision

8. Uses of metals in the community (3 marks):

- i. Construction of buildings, bridges, and roads
- ii. Manufacturing tools and machinery
- iii. Fabrication of furniture and equipment
- iv. Electrical wiring and appliances
- v. Transportation – vehicles and parts

SECTION B (75 Marks)

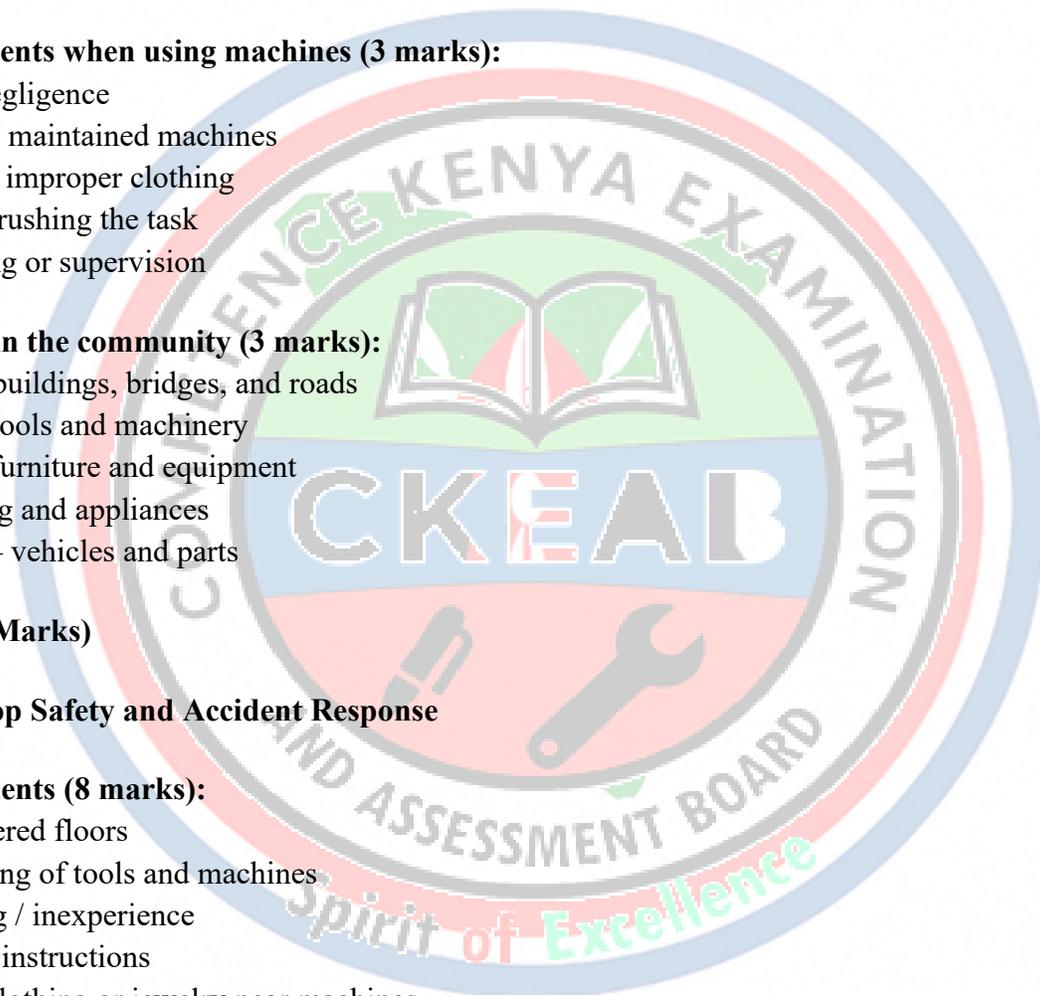
9. Metal Workshop Safety and Accident Response

a) Causes of accidents (8 marks):

- i. Slippery or cluttered floors
- ii. Improper handling of tools and machines
- iii. Lack of training / inexperience
- iv. Ignoring safety instructions
- v. Wearing loose clothing or jewelry near machines
- vi. Faulty or poorly maintained machines
- vii. Horseplay / distraction

b) First aid for deep cuts (8 marks):

- i. Stop bleeding by applying pressure
- ii. Clean the wound with antiseptic solution
- iii. Cover with sterile dressing / bandage
- iv. Seek medical attention / call nurse / inform teacher



c) Importance of safety (6 marks):

- i. Prevents injuries and accidents
- ii. Protects workers and students
- iii. Ensures efficient workflow
- iv. Reduces cost of damage and downtime

d) Responsibility of workshop technician (3 marks):

- i. Ensure machines are properly maintained
- ii. Monitor correct use of PPE
- iii. Supervise learners while using machines
- iv. Enforce safety regulations and protocols

10. Importance and Application of Metal Technology

a) Reasons to study Metal Technology (4 marks):

- i. Develop practical skills for employment
- ii. Learn to fabricate and repair metal products
- iii. Encourage self-reliance and entrepreneurship
- iv. Enhance problem-solving and innovation skills
- v. Understand material properties and workshop safety

b) Magnetic metals (4 marks):

- i. Iron
- ii. Steel
- iii. Nickel
- iv. Cobalt

c) Career opportunities (4 marks):

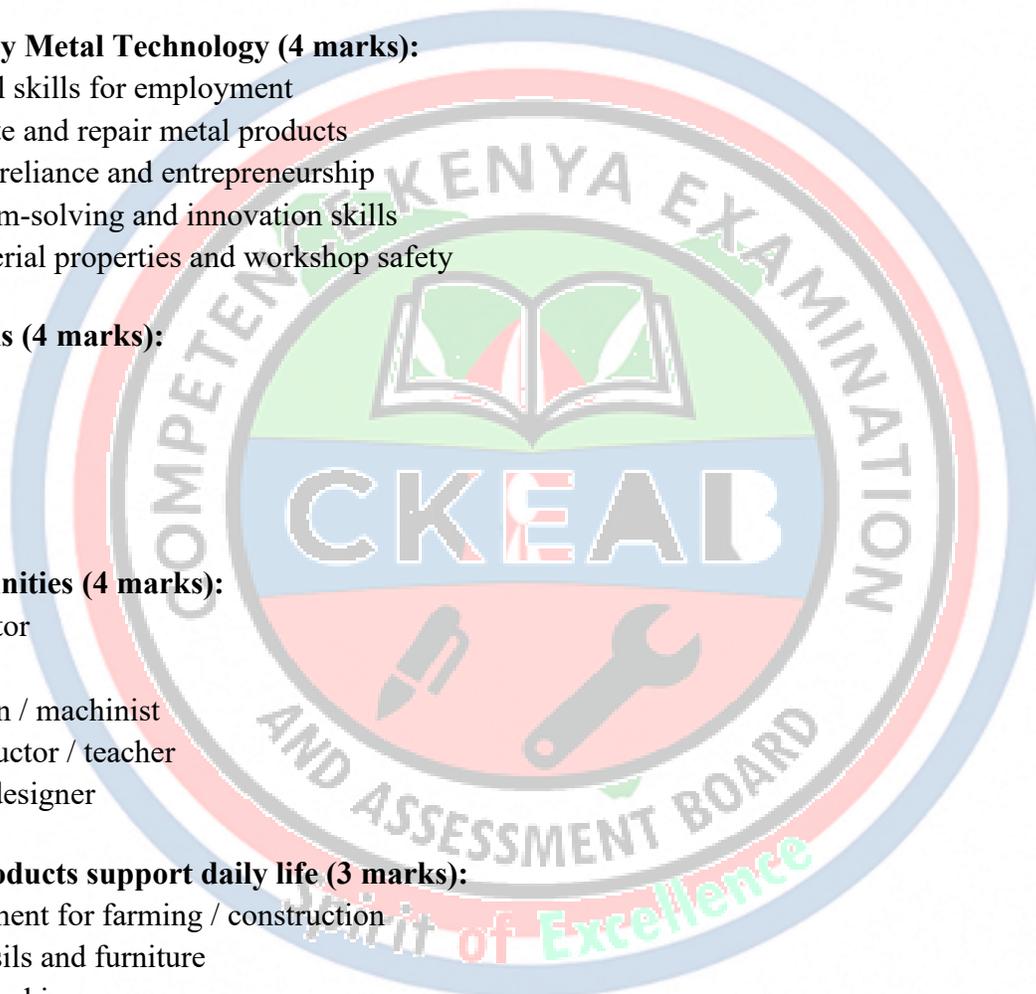
- i. Welder / Fabricator
- ii. Blacksmith
- iii. Metal technician / machinist
- iv. Workshop instructor / teacher
- v. Metal products designer

d) Ways metal products support daily life (3 marks):

- i. Tools and equipment for farming / construction
- ii. Household utensils and furniture
- iii. Vehicles and machinery
- iv. Electrical installations

e) Reasons metals are preferred in construction (3 marks):

- i. Strong and durable
- ii. Resistant to wear and tear
- iii. Can be shaped and joined easily
- iv. Conductivity and other useful properties



11. Metal Workshop Management

a) Difference between:

i) Tools vs Machines (2 marks):

- ✓ Tools are hand-operated (e.g., hammer, screwdriver)
- ✓ Machines are power-operated (e.g., lathe, drill)

ii) Workshop vs Store (2 marks):

- ✓ Workshop: area for fabrication and practical work
- ✓ Store: area for keeping materials and tools

b) Factors for workshop layout (4 marks):

- i. Safety and accessibility
- ii. Adequate ventilation and lighting
- iii. Space for movement and machines
- iv. Location of storage and emergency exits

c) Tool identification (6 marks)

- A: Hacksaw
 B: Cold Chisel
 C: Ball Pein Hammer
 D: Wire Strainer
 E: Snips
 F: Pliers

d) Reasons PPE is essential (3 marks):

- i. Protects eyes, hands, and body
- ii. Reduces risk of injury
- iii. Complies with safety regulations

e) Measuring tools (2 marks):

- i. Ruler / steel rule
- ii. Vernier caliper / tape measure

12. Fabrication Workshop and Metals

a) Blacksmith definition & metallic materials (3 marks):

- ✓ A blacksmith is a person who shapes and forges metals using heat and tools.
- Metallic materials:
- i. Iron
 - ii. Steel



b) Properties of metals (8 marks):

- i. Malleable (can be hammered into shape)
- ii. Ductile (can be drawn into wires)
- iii. Strong and durable
- iv. Conductive (electricity and heat)
- v. Corrosion-resistant (for some metals)
- vi. Lustrous / shiny

c) Differences between ferrous and non-ferrous metals (6 marks):

- i. Ferrous metals contain iron; non-ferrous do not
- ii. Ferrous metals are magnetic; non-ferrous are mostly non-magnetic
- iii. Ferrous metals are prone to rust; non-ferrous are corrosion-resistant

d) Metal identification (M, N, O)

M: Bronze

N: Iron

O: Copper

e) Proper handling & storage of materials (3 marks):

- i. Prevents accidents and injuries
- ii. Reduces material damage and wastage
- iii. Ensures organized workflow and efficiency

f) Economic benefits of metalworking (2 marks):

- i. Provides employment and income
- ii. Produces tools and products for community use
- iii. Encourages local entrepreneurship

NOTE TO FACILITATORS (TEACHERS):

The marking scheme provided is not exhaustive. Facilitators are advised to use their professional judgment when awarding marks. Any correct, relevant, and scientifically or contextually acceptable answer that demonstrates understanding of the concepts should be credited. Where examples are required, learners may provide other valid examples apart from those listed in the scheme.

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