Marking Scheme

SECTION I:

Answer all the questions in this section in the spaces provided for each

1. Evaluate
$$\frac{-4[(-4+-15+5)+-3-4+2]}{84+-7+3-5} \checkmark M^{1}$$
 $N \Rightarrow -4(-7-5) \Rightarrow -4(-12) = 48$
 $D \Rightarrow -12+3+5 \Rightarrow -4$
 $\Rightarrow \frac{48}{-4}$
 $= -12 \checkmark A1$

(3marks)

2. Use squares, cubes and reciprocal tables to evaluate, to 4 significant figures, the

2. Use squares, cubes and recipical tables to Valuation 1. Squares expression:
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{27.56}} + \frac{3}{(0.071)^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3\sqrt{27.56} = 3.020$$

$$\Rightarrow (7.1 \times 10^{-2}) = 50.41 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{3.02} + \frac{3}{5.041 \times 10^{-3}}$$

$$= (0.3311 \times 1) + (3 \times 0.1984 \times 10^{-3}) / M1$$

$$0.3311 + 595.2$$

$$\approx 595.5 / A1$$
3

3. Use substitution method to solve the simultaneous equations:

$$3 \times -2y = 7$$

$$5 \times +y = 3$$

$$8 \times = 7 + 2y \implies X = \frac{7 + 2y}{3}$$

$$5 \left(\frac{7 + 2y}{3}\right) + y = 3 \checkmark MI$$

$$5 \left(\frac{7 + 2y}{3}\right) + 3y = 9$$

$$13y = -26$$

$$y = -2 \checkmark AI$$

$$X = \frac{7 - 4}{3} = 1 \checkmark BI$$

$$3$$
(3marks)

4. The interior angle of a regular polygon with 3x sides exceeds the interior angle of another regular polygon having x sides by 40". Determine the value of x. (3marks)

$$\Rightarrow \text{Ext.} 1 = \frac{360}{3x} \Rightarrow \text{Int.} 1 = 180 - \frac{360}{3x} / \text{MI}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 Ext. $2 = \frac{360}{x} \Rightarrow$ Int. $2 = 180 - \frac{360}{x}$

$$\Rightarrow 180 - \frac{360}{3x} - 180 + \frac{360}{x} = 40 \checkmark MI$$

. 5. A man is now three times as old as his daughters in twelve years' time he will be twice as old as his daughter. Find their present ages. (3marks)

Man
$$\rightarrow 3x$$
 Daughter $\rightarrow x$
 $3x + 12 = 2(x + 12) \checkmark M$

6. Two similar cylinders have diameters of 7cm and 21cm. If the larger has a volume of 6237cm³. Find the height of the two cylinders (take $\pi = 22/7$) (3marks)

Vol of Smaller =
$$\frac{1}{27} \times 6237 = 23$$

Vol of Smaller =
$$\frac{1}{27} \times 6237 = 231$$

Smaller $\Rightarrow \frac{22}{7} \times \frac{7}{4} \times h = 231 \times M1$
 $h = \frac{231 \times 784}{22 \times 78} = 6 \text{ cm}$

7. Simplify the following expression by reducing it to a single fraction.

$$\frac{2x-3}{3} - \frac{x-2}{2} - \frac{x-1}{4}$$

(3marks)

- $\Rightarrow \frac{\#(2x-3)-6(x-2)-3(x-1)}{12} \checkmark MI$
 - $\Rightarrow \frac{8x 12 6x + 12 3x + 3}{12} \sqrt{M}$
 - $\Rightarrow \frac{-x+3}{12} \checkmark A1$

3-X

8. A trader sold an article at 15% discount to a customer who paid sh 510 for it. What was the marked price of the article? (2marks)

$$\Rightarrow \frac{100 \times 510}{85} \checkmark M$$
= Sh. 600 \checkmark Al

2

 A number y is such that, when divided by 32, when divided by 40 and when divided by 24, the reminder is 21. Find the number y. (4marks)

2	32	40	24
2	1842	200555	12
2	8	10	26333
2	4	5	3
2	2	5	3
3		5	3
5		5	!!

.√M)

$$= 2^{5} \times 3 \times 5 = 480 \checkmark \text{Al}$$

$$Y = 480 + 21 \checkmark \text{Ml}$$

$$= 501 \checkmark \text{Al}$$

4

3 | 2 1 2 3

Number	Std Form	Logarithm
43.25	4.325 X 10	1. 6360
0.9371	9.371 × 10"	T. 9717 T
2.64	8.64×10°	1.6077 T
8.43	8.43×10°	0.9258
210.2	2.102 × 10	7.2850 J 2.3227

11. A line is drawn through point (3,5) perpendicular to line 2y + x = 3. Find the equation of the line. (3marks)

$$y = -\frac{x}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \implies m_1 = -\frac{1}{2} \implies m$$

$$\Rightarrow y - 5 = 2 \checkmark MI$$

$$x - 3$$

$$y - 5 = 2x - 6$$

$$y - 2x - 1 \checkmark AI$$

Without using a calculator, evaluate.
$$\frac{1/20/3^{1}/2+1^{1}/2(2^{1}/2-^{2}/3)}{3/(27^{2})^{1}-1/4}$$
 (3marks)

12. Without using a calculator, evaluate.
$$\begin{array}{lll}
\frac{1/2 o f 3^{1}/2 + 1^{1}/2 (2^{1}/2 - 2^{1}/2 + 1^{1}/2 (2^{1}/2 - 2^{1}/2 + 1^{1}/$$

 A map is drawn using a scale of 1:200000. Find the actual area represented on the map by a rectangle 2cm by 2:5cm, giving your answer in km².
 | | (3marks)

rectangle 2cm by 2.5cm. giving your answer in kin'.

I cm
2
 rep 2 km

I cm 2 rep 2 kkm 2 2 2 3 4 2 A rea = 2 x 2.5 = 2 5 cm 3 In km 2 2 3 5 x 4 2 2 4 4 3

14. Three Craftsmen takes 10½-bours to wire a building. How many Craftsmen working at the same rate will complete the work in 5½-bours? | (3marks)

3

15. Awour uses one third of her farm for coffee, one quarter for tea and two fifths of the remainder for mixed farming. She still has 6 hectares of unused land. Find the size of her farm.

(3marks)

$$\frac{3}{5} \left[1 - \left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} \right) \right] = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$6 \times \frac{4}{7} \checkmark M1$$

$$= 24 \text{ hq. } \checkmark \text{ A} 1$$

- 16. A certain alloy is prepared using 6kg of copper, 2kg of Zinc, and 0.5kg of Tin.
- (a) What percentage of the compound is Tin?

$$\left(\frac{0.5}{6+2+0.5}\right) \times 100 \checkmark MI$$

$$= 5\frac{15}{17} \% \checkmark AI$$

|

(b)Find the ratio of copper to tin?

5.882%

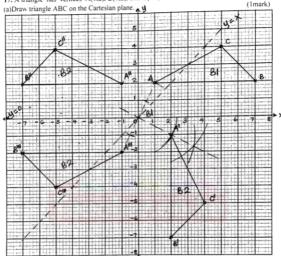
(2marks)

(2marks)

SECTION II

Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

A triangle has vertices A(1,2), B(7,2), and C(5,4).



(b) Construct triangle A'B'C' the image of triangle ABC under rotation of 90° clockwise about the origin. (3marks)

(c)Draw triangle A"B"C", the image of triangle A'B'C' under a reflection in the line y = x.

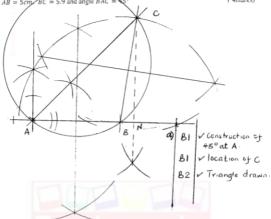
state the coordinates of A", B" and C" $A''(-1,2) \quad B''(-7,2) \quad C''(-5,4) \checkmark B1$

(3marks)

(d) Triangle A"B"C" is the image of triangle A"B"C" under reflection in the line y=0. Draw triangle A"B"C" and state the coordinates of its vertices. (3marks)

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18. (a) Using a ruler and a pair of consenses only construct triangle ABC in which AB = 5cm/BC = 5.9 and angle $BAC = 4.5^{\circ}$ (4marks)



(b)Draw the circumcircle of the triangle touching point A, B and C.

(3marks)

(c)By taking AB as the base, find the area of the triangle.

CN = 5.8 ±0.1

(3marks)

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \times 5 \times 5 \cdot 8 \times MI$$

$$= 14.5 \text{ cm}^{2} \times AI$$

$$C) B1 \times C$$

1.

$$y = 0$$

$$-6x = -6$$

$$x = 1 \sqrt{6}$$

$$z(1, 0) \sqrt{6}$$

(b) A second line L_2 is perpendicular to L_1 at Z. Find the equation of L_2 in the form ax + by = c where, b and c are integers.

$$M1 = \frac{2}{3}, \quad M2 = \frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{y-0}{x-1} = \frac{-3}{2} \Rightarrow 2y = -3x + 3$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x + 2y = 3 \checkmark A$$

- (c) A third line L3 passes through the point (2,5) and is parallel to L1. Find
 - i. The equation of L₃ in the form ax + by = c, where a, b and c are integers. (2marks)

$$\Rightarrow \frac{y-5}{x-2} = \frac{2}{3} \checkmark M$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x-4=3y-15$$

$$2x-3y=-111 \checkmark A1$$

ii. The coordinate of point R at which L2 intersects L3

Accept -2×+3y=11

(3marks).

81 7 3 2 2

20. Wanyonyi spent sh. 10.500 to buy a number of shirts and trousers from wholesaler at sh.150 per shirt and sh.300 per trouser. Atandi bought the same number of shirts and trouser from another wholesaler where he paid 20% more for a shirt and 10% less for a trouser. Atandi spent sh. 300 more than Wanyonyi.

a) Determine the number of shirts and trousers each man bought?

b) Wanyonyi sold all the clothes at a profit of 50% per shirt and 30% per trouser. How much profit did he make? (3marks)

c) Atandi sold all his clothes at profit of 45% per shirts and 60% per trouser. Calculate the percentage profit he made on the sale of all clothes?

9 | 7 : 4 :

21. A bus left Kampala on Wednesday evening and traveling to Mombasa according to the travel time table below arriving there on Friday.

Kampala	Departure	2015h
Malava	Arrival	0430h
	Departure	0655h
Nakuru	Arrival	1325h
	Departure	1455h
Nairobi	Arrival	1840h
	Departure	2030h
Mombasa	Arrival	0500h

Calculate:

- a) The time taken by the bus to travel from.
 - i. Kampala to Malava. 2015h - 0430h = 8h 15min. ✓ B)

(1mark)

ii. Malaya to Nakuru.

1325h - 0655h. = 6h 30min / Bi

(Imark)

iii. Nakuru to Nairobi.

(1mark)

iv. Nairobi to Mombasa.

2030h - 0500h. = 8h 30min / Bl

(Imark)

b) The total travelling time between Kampala and Mombasa.
8.15 + 6.30 + 3.45 + 8.30 ✓ M1

3.15 + 6.30 + 3.45 + 8.30 √ MI = 27 h .√.ÅI (2marks)

The total stoppage time during the whole journey. 2.25 + 1.30 + 1.50 ✓ M1

$$= 5h \cdot 45min \cdot \sqrt{A}$$

(2marks)

d) The average speed for the whole journey given that the distance between Kampala and Mombasa is 1965km. (2marks)

$$= \frac{1965}{27 + 5\frac{3}{4}} / MI \Rightarrow \frac{1965}{32\frac{3}{4}}$$
$$= 60 \text{ km/kr/AI}$$

10

10 | 1 : 4 4