**KISWAHILI KIDATO CHA KWANZA**

**MTIHANI WA MUHULA WA KWANZA 2024**

**Machi 2024**

**MUDA: SAA 2**

**Jina:………………………………………….. Nambari ya Usajili……………………. Shule…………………………………………………………………………………..….**

**Maagizo:**

1. Jibu maswali yote.
2. Majibu yote yaandikwe katika nafasi ulizoachiwa katika karatasi hii ya maswali
3. Majibu yote **lazima** yaandikwe kwa lugha ya Kiswahili
4. Karatasi hii ina kurasa 7 zilizopigwa chapa
5. **Watahiniwa ni lazima wahakikishe kuwa kurasa zote za karatasi hii zimepigwa chapa sawasawa na kuwa maswali yote yamo.**

**Kwa Matumizi ya Mtahini Pekee.**

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| **Swali** | **Upeo** | **Alama** |
| **1. UFAHAMU** | **15** |  |
| **2.MATUMIZI YA LUGHA** | **40** |  |
| **3.ISIMUJAMII** | **10** |  |
| **4.FASIHI SIMULIZI** | **15** |  |
|  **Jumla** | **80** |  |

**SEHEMU YA A: Soma Taarifa ifuatayo kisha ujibu maswali**

Nilianza kusikia habari za ugonjwa wa ukimwi mnamo mwaka wa 1984. Wakati huo nilikuwa nimemaliza masomo yangu ya kidato cha sita na kujiunga na chuo cha walimu kilichopo wilayani Nyeri kiitwacho Kagumo. Nilihofu sana maradhi hapo hasa nilipowaona walioambukizwa wakikondeana mithili ya ng’onda. Baada ya waathiriwa kufariki, jamaa zao hawakurusiwa kawazika. Wizara ya Afya ilitoa amri kali kuwa wale wote waliofariki kutokana na maradhi ya ukimwi wazikwe na kikundi maalum cha madaktari na wauguzi wa hospitali za wilayani. Kulikuwa na kasisi mmoja tuliyehusiana kiukoo aliyefariki kutokana na maradhi ya ukimwi. Sisi hatukurusiwa hata kumsongea karibu marehemu alipoletwa nyumbani. Madaktari na wauguzi walivalia majoho meupe ungedhani ni malaika. Mikononi walivaa glovu nyeupe ambazo zilitutisha machoni.

Mara nyingi nimeshangazwa na athari za ugonjwa huu. Inasemekana kuwa kuna njia kadha za usambazaji wa ugonjwa wa ukimwi. Njia moja ni kuhusika katika kitendo cha mapenzi na mtu ambaye ameambukizwa virusi vya ugonjwa huo. Njia nyingine nimeelezwa kuwa ni kwa kutumiwa kwa pamoja vifaa vyenye makali na mtu aliyeambukizwa virusi vya ukimwi. Inasemekana kuwa kugusa damu ya mtu aliyeambukizwa ugonjwa huu kunaweza **kukutia mashakani.**Mama mjamzito aliyeambukizwa ugonjwa huu anaweza kumwambukiza mtoto aliye tumboni anapojifungua na hata baadaye anapomnyonyesha mtoto wake mchanga. Kisha kuna kupokea damu kutoka kwa mtu ambaye tayari ameambukizwa janga hili la ukimwi.

Lakini nimewahi kusikia watu wakisema kuwa ukimwi si maradhi. Yaani ni upungufu tu wa kinga ya kukabiliana na magonjwa na katika mwili wa binadamu. Maadamu ukiweza kuimarisha kinga ya magonjwa katika mwili wako basi unaweza kuishi kwa **miaka na mikaka.**

Anachohitajika mtu ni apate chakula na lishe bora, afanye mazoezi ya kutosha, na kujiepusha na mahusiano ya kimapenzi na watu wengine ambao huenda wakamwambukiza aina tofauti za virusi vya ukimwi. Hayo yakifanyika mwathiriwa huwa na matumaini ya kuishi kwa muda mrefu kwani hatazidiwa na maradhi hayo na mwishowe **kwenda jongomeo**. Kuna haja kubwa ya kujilinda na kuepukana kabisa na janga hili lililotuzingira. Wengi tayari wameshapoteza roho zao. Wengine walioambukizwa wanaugua hospitalini na majumbani mwao kisirisiri. Mungu atujalie heri na atuepushe na shari, kwani utafiti wote ambao umefanywa kuhusu tiba ya uwele huu **haujafua dafu** hata kidogo. Hata hivyo Mola hamtupi mja wake. Dawa za kukabiliana na makali ya virusi vya ukimwi al maarufu ARVs zimevumbuliwa na zimesaidia pakubwa katika kuokoa maisha ya waja wengi ulimwenguni.

**MASWALI**

(a) Ipe habari hii anwani ifaayo; (Alama 1)

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(b) Kwa nini mwandishi ana hofu sana ya maradhi ya ukimwi? (Alama 2)

 …………………………………………………………………………………………………………………..…………………………………………………………………………………..………………………………..……………………………………………………

(c) Hapo awali watu waliwachukulia vipi walioambukizwa maradhi ya ukimwi? (Alama 2)

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(d) Eleza njia mbalimbali zinazomfanya mtu kuambukizwa maradhi ya ukimwi? (Alama 3)

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(e) Je, tunawezaje kuepukana na janga hili la ukimwi? (Alama 2)

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(f) Mwathiriwa wa virusi vya UKIMWI anaweza kuishi Maisha ya kawaida na kwa miaka mingi akifanya nini? (alama 2)

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(g) Eleza maana ya msamiati ufuatao kama ulivyotumika katika taarifa. (Alama 3)

 (i) Uwele

 ………………………………………………………………………………………………

 (ii) Haujafua dafu

 ………………………………………………………………………………………………

 (iii) kuenda jongomeo

 ……………………………………………………………………………………………..

**2. MATUMIZI YA LUGHA. (ALAMA 40)**

1. Tambua vipashio vya lugha kuanzia kidogo hadi kikubwa (alama 4)

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1. i) Lugha ya Kiswahili ina aina mbili kuu za sauti. Zitaje. (alama 2)

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ii) tofautisha aina mbili za sauti ulizotaja katika b) i) na uzitolee mfano mmojammoja. (alama 2)

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1. Tambua sifa tatu kwa kila sauti uliyopewa: (alama 3)

 /a/

……………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………

 /o/

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1. Huku ukizingatia kigezo cha namna hewa inavyozuiliwa wakati wa utamkaji, tambua aina za konsonanti na uzitolee mfano mmoja mmoja. (alama 7)

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1. Tofautisha kati ya ala tuli na ala sogezi kisha utoe mfano mmoja mmoja kwa kila aina. (alama 2)

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1. i. silabi ni nini? (alama 1)

……………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………

ii. silabi zilizotiwa msitari katika neno lifuatalo ni za aina gani? Kwa nini? (alama 2)

 M-tu

…………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………

iii. Andika neno lenye muundo huu wa silabi: KKKI-KI (alama 1)

…………………………………………………………………………………………………

1. Tia shadda katika maneno yaliyokolezwa ili kutoa maana iliyokusudiwa. (alama 2)

**Barabara** wanafunzi wapenzi wa Kiswahili **barabara** zote zinaelekea mjini kwa tamasha za muziki.

1. Maneno yafuatayo yamo katika ngeli gani? (alama 3)

 Kiziwi…………………………………………………………………………………

 Karatasi……………………………………………………………………………….

 Meza………………………………………………………………………………….

1. Tambua maneno yaliyomo kwenye sentensi ifuatayo: (alama 4)

Mwizi sugu sana na mwenzake walikamatwa na askari ndani ya msitu

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1. Andika katika wingi. (alama 2)

Mkulima bora hupokea mazao tele kutoka shambani

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1. Kanusha katika wakati ujao. (alama 2)

Ulisoma vizuri sana

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1. Karimu ni kwa -choyo, tua ni kwa………………….. (alama 1)
2. Tambua kundi nomino na kundi tenzi katika sentensi ifuatayo. (alama 2)

Wanafunzi wote wenye bidii watapita mtihani huu

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**3. ISIMUJAMII (ALAMA 10)**

1. Fafanua maana ya msamiati ufuatao: (alama 4)

 Isimu

………………………………………………………………………………………………….

 Jamii

………………………………………………………………………………………………….

 Isimujamii

………………………………………………………………………………………………….

 Lugha

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2. Lugha ina umuhimu gani katika jamii yako? (alama 6)

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**4. FASIHI SIMULIZI (ALAMA 15)**

a) Fafanua maana ya msamiati ufuatao: (alama 4)

1. Fasihi

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1. Sanaa

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1. fasihi simulizi

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1. fasihi andishi

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b) Fasihi ina umuhimu gani katika jamii? (alama 6)

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c) Kwa kutumia hoja tano, linganisha fasihi simulizi na fasihi andishi (alama 5)

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