NAME:	ADM NO:	CLASS:
DATE;	SIGN:	
ANESTAR VICTORY BOYS HIG MATHEMATICS FORM 2 CAT ONE TERM 3, 2023	H SCHOOL	MARK
INSTRUCTIONS: (Answer all the TIME: (1H 30 Min)  SECTION A  1. Without using a mathematical	question in Section A & any two in table or calculator solve the following	Test
3\\\\\0.729 \times 409.6\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	1.728 ×10 -1.2375 + 0.8250 1.2375 1.5875	38.68 =

2. Three bells are programmed to ring after an interval of 15 minutes, 25 minutes and 50 minutes. If they all rang together at 6:45am, when will they next ring together? (3mks)

$$2^{8\alpha} = 2^{9}$$

$$2^{8\alpha} = 9$$

$$8\alpha = 9$$

$$8 = 9$$

4. Solve the inequality and represent the solution on a number line

4-5x ≥ -11 (2mks)  

$$4-5x = -11$$
  
 $-5x = -11-4$   $x ≤ 3$   
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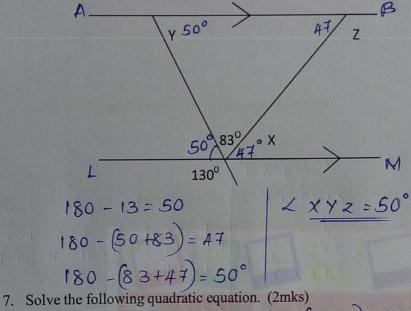
CamScanner

5. Find the equation of a line passing through point (2,3) and is perpendicular to (y=3x-1) (3mks)

Find the equation of a line passing through point (2,3) and is perpendicular to (y=3x-  

$$y = 3x-1$$
  $(2,3)(x,y) - \frac{1}{3}$   $3y - 9 = -x + 2$   
 $M_1 = 3$   $9 = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$   $3y = -x + 11$   
 $M_1 \times M_2 = -\frac{1}{3} = \frac{y-3}{x-2}$   $y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 11$ 

6. In the figure below, lines AB AND LM are parallel. Find angle X, Y and Z. (3mks)



$$5x^{2}-21x+4$$

$$5x^{2}-21x+4$$

$$5x^{2}-21x+4=0$$

$$S=-21y-1,-20$$

$$P=20y-1,-20$$

$$5x^{2}-x-20x+4=0$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} x (5x-1) - A (5x-1) = 0 \\ 6x - H) (5x-1) = 0 \\ x = A \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{1}{5} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

8. Calculate surface area of the rectangular based pyramid below. (4mks)

SA = Base Area x + leight

$$8^{2} + 6^{2} = \sqrt{100}$$

Diagonal = 5

Perpendicular Height

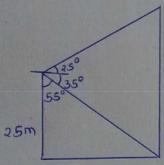
 $13^{2} - 2.5^{2} = \sqrt{162.75}$ 
 $= 12.757$ 

scm

 $SA = 6x8 \times 12.757$ 
 $= 612.35 \text{ cm}^{2}$ 

- 9. From a window 25m above a street, the angle of elevation of the top of a wall on the opposite side is 15°. If the angle of depression of the base of the wall from the window is 35° find:
  - a) The width of the street.

(2mks)



$$\tan \frac{35^{\circ} = x}{25}$$

$$x = 25 \tan 55$$

$$= 35.70 \text{ m}.$$

b) The height of the wall on the opposite side.

(2mks)

$$\tan 25^{\circ} = \frac{x}{35.70}$$

$$x = 35.70 \tan 25^{\circ}$$

$$= 16.65 + 25$$

$$= 41.65 \text{ m}.$$

10. a) Solve the inequalities 2x-5>11 and  $3+2x\le13$ , giving the answer as combined inequality (3mks)

$$2x - 5 \times 11$$

$$2x \times 16$$

$$2x \times 16$$

$$2x \times 8$$

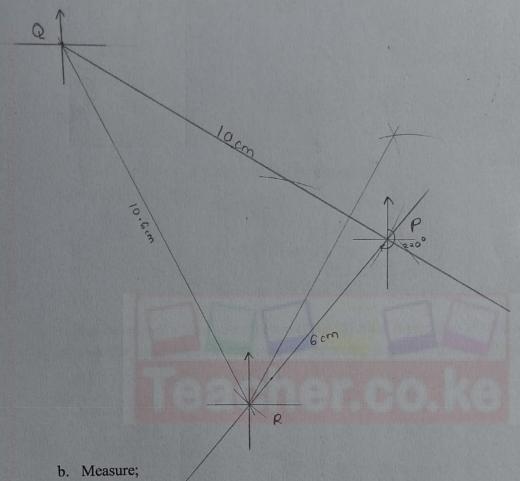
$$2 \times 5$$

8 L X L 5

c) List the integral values of x that satisfy the combined inequality in (a) above (1mk)

## SECTION B

- 11. Three towns P,Q and R are such that, P is on a bearing of 1200 and 20km from Q. Town R is on a bearing of 220° and 12km from P.
  - a. Using a scale of 1cm to 2km, draw and locate the position of the three towns (3mks)



i. The distance between Q and R in Kilometres. (2mk)

ii. The bearing of P from R. (1mk)

iii. The bearing of R from Q. (1mk)

iv. Calculate the area bounded by PQR. (3mks)

Height = 5.9 cm.

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 5.9$$

- 12. Makau made a journey of 700km partly by train and partly by bus. He started his journey at 8:00 am by train which travelled at 50km/h. After alighting from the train which travelled 50km/h. After alighting from the train, he took a lunch break of 30 minutes. He then continued his journey by bus which travelled at 75km/h. The whole journey took 111/4 hours.
  - a) Determine:

The distance travelled by bus (4mks) i.

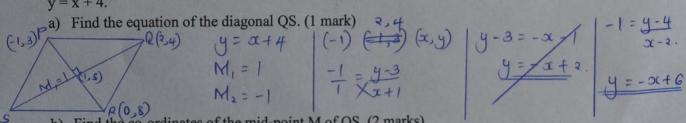
Total time = 
$$\frac{\alpha}{50} + \frac{1}{a} + \frac{(f \circ 0 - \alpha)}{75}$$
 |  $4\alpha + 5900 = 6750$ .  
 $\frac{4\beta}{4} = \frac{\alpha}{50} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{(f \circ 0 - \alpha)}{75}$  |  $3c = 212.5 \text{ km}$ .  
 $\frac{45}{4} = \frac{\alpha + 1475}{150}$  |  $700 - 212.5$  |  $487.5 \text{ km}$ .

ii.

Time travelled = 
$$212.5$$
  
by train  $50$   
=  $4^{1}/4$ hrs  $12 \cdot 15$   
 $+ 30$   
 $12 \cdot 45$ 

b) The bus developed a puncture after travelling 187.5km. It took him 15 minutes to replace the wheel. Find the timed taken to complete the remaining part of the journey (3mks)

13. A Rhombus has its vertices as PQRS. The co-ordinates of the vertex P and Q of the rhombus are P(-1, 3) and Q(2, 4). The diagonal QS and PR meet at point M. Given that the equation of the line PR is



b) Find the co-ordinates of the mid-point M of QS. (2 marks)

$$-x+6=x+4$$
  $y=-1+6$   
 $2x=2$   $y=5$   
 $x=1$   $M(1,5)$ 

Find the co-ordinates of the points R and S. (4 marks)

Find the co-ordinates of the points R and S. (4 marks)
$$SR = (R-1), (A-5) \qquad R = (-1+1)(3+5)$$

$$S = (1, -1) \qquad R = (0, 8)$$

d) Calculate the length of diagonal PR. (3 marks)

P (-1,3) 
$$R(0,8)$$
  
 $(-1-0)^2 + (3-8)^2$   
 $= \sqrt{1+25}$   
 $= 5.099$