

REPUBLIC OF KENYA

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION

JUNIOR SECONDARY SCHOOL CURRICULUM DESIGN

GRADE 7

ARABIC



KENYA INSTITUTE OF CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT 2021

First Published in 2021

All rights reserved. No part of this book may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transcribed, in any form or	by
any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopy, recording or otherwise, without the prior written permission of the	
publisher.	

ISBN:

Published and printed by Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development

FOREWORD

Curriculum is a tool which a country employs to empower its citizens. The Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development in meeting its core mandate 'to develop curriculum and curriculum support materials' has spearheaded curriculum reforms in the education sector. The reforms are based on rigorous research, monitoring and evaluation activities conducted on the 8-4-4 system of education to inform the Competency-Based Curriculum through a phase-in phase-out model. The reforms were informed by the Summative Evaluation Survey (2009), Needs Assessment Study (2016) and the Task Force Report on Re-alignment of Education Sector (2012), 21st century learning and approaches, the East Africa Protocol on harmonisation of education, among many others.

The curriculum reforms aim at meeting the needs of the Kenyan society by aligning the curriculum to the Constitution of Kenya 2010, the Kenya Vision 2030 and the East African Protocol, among other policy requirements as documented by the Sessional Paper No. 1 of 2019 on 'Reforming Education and Training for Sustainable Development in Kenya'. The reforms adopted the Competency-Based Curriculum (CBC) to achieve development of requisite knowledge, skills, values and attitudes that will drive the country's future generations as documented by the Basic Education Curriculum Framework (BECF). Towards achieving the mission of the Basic Education, the Ministry of Education has successfully and progressively rolled out curriculum implementation for Early Years Education, Grades 4 and 5. The roll out for Grade 6 and Junior Secondary (Grade 7-9) will subsequently follow.

It is my hope that the curriculum designs for Grade 7 will guide the teachers, among other educational stakeholders, for progressive achievement of the curriculum vision which seeks to have engaged, empowered and ethical citizens.

PROF. GEORGE A. O. MAGOHA, MBS, EBS, CBS CABINET SECRETARY
MINISTRY OF EDUCATION

PREFACE

The Government of Kenya embarked on the national implementation of the Competency Based Curriculum in January, 2019 for Early Years Education (Pre-Primary 1 and 2, and Lower Primary Grade 1, 2 and 3). The implementation progressed to Upper Primary (Grade 4, 5 and 6) based on the reorganization of the Basic Education structure. Grade 7 curriculum furthers implementation of the Competency-Based curriculum to Junior Secondary education level. This level marks the zenith of Middle School education whose main feature is to offer a broad opportunity for the learner to explore talents, interests and abilities before selection of pathways and tracks in Senior Secondary education level.

The Grade 7 curriculum designs for the respective learning areas will enable the development of twenty first century competencies. Ultimately, this will lead to the realization of the vision and mission of the Competency-Based curriculum as documented in the Basic Education Curriculum Framework (KICD, 2017).

It is my hope that all government agencies among other stakeholders in education will use the designs to guide effective and efficient implementation of the learning activities as well as provide relevant feedback on various aspects of the curriculum. Successful implementation of the Grade 7 curriculum will be a significant milestone towards realization of the curriculum mission 'Nurturing Every Learner's Potential'.

JULIUS JWAN, MBS, (PhD)
PRINCIPAL SECRETARY
STATE DEPARTMENT OF EARLY LEARNING AND BASIC EDUCATION
MINISTRY OF EDUCATION

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development (KICD) Act Number 4 of 2013 (Revised 2019) mandates the Institute to develop curricula and curriculum support materials for basic and tertiary education and training, below the university. The curriculum development process for any level involves thorough research, international benchmarking, and robust stakeholder engagement. Through this systematic and consultative process, KICD conceptualised the Competency Based Curriculum (CBC) as captured in the Basic Education Curriculum Framework (BECF). The CBC responds to the demands of the 21st Century and the aspirations captured in the Constitution of Kenya 2010, Kenya Vision 2030, East African Commission Protocol and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals.

The Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development has developed the Grade 7 curriculum designs taking cognisance of the tenets of the CBC, key among them being the need to ensure that learners are provided with learning experiences that call for higher order thinking, thereby ensuring they become engaged, empowered and ethical citizens as articulated in the BECF Vision. The Grade 7 designs also provide opportunities for learners to develop the core competencies as well as engage in Community Service Learning. The designs present Assessment Rubric linked to sub strands in the individual subjects. Teachers are encouraged to use varied assessment tools when assessing learners.

KICD obtains its funding from the Government of Kenya to enable the achievement of its mandate and implementation of the Government and Sector (Ministry of Education (MoE) plans. The Institute also receives support from development partners targeting specific programmes. The Grade 7 curriculum designs have been developed with the support of the World Bank through the Kenya Secondary Education Quality Improvement Program (SEQIP) commissioned by the MoE. The Institute is grateful for the support accorded to the process by the Government of Kenya, through the MoE and the development partners for the policy, resource, and logistical support.

I acknowledge the KICD curriculum developers and other staff, teachers and all the educators who participated, as panelists, in the development of the designs. I also appreciate the contribution of the Semi-Autonomous Government Agencies (SAGAs) and representatives of various stakeholders for their various roles in the development of the Grade 7 curriculum designs.

My special thanks to the Cabinet Secretary, Ministry of Education; the Principal Secretary State Department of Early Learning and Basic Education; the Secretary, Teachers' Service Commission (TSC) and the Chief Executive Officer, Kenya National Examinations Council (KNEC) for their support in the process. Finally, I am grateful to the KICD Governing Council for their consistent guidance during the development of the curriculum designs. The Institute assures all curriculum implementers, parents, and other stakeholders that the designs will ensure effective implementation of the CBC at Grade 7.

PROF. CHARLES O. ONG'ONDO
DIRECTOR/CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
KENYA INSTITUTE OF CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FOREWORD	ii
PREFACE	
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	iv
TABLE OF CONTENTS	vi
TIME ALLOCATION	
NATIONAL GOALS OF EDUCATION	. viii
LEVEL LEARNING OUTCOMES	xi
ESSENCE STATEMENT	xi
SUBJECT GENERAL LEARNING OUTCOMES	xii
STRAND 1.0: LISTENING AND SPEAKING	1
STRAND 2.0: READING	15
STRAND 3.0. WRITING	33
STRAND 4.0: LANGUAGE STRUCTURES	
COMMUNITY SERVICE LEARNING (CSL) PROJECT	62
ANNEX 1: LIST OF STRANDS, SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES, SUGGESTED ASSESSMENT METHODS AND NON-FORMAL ACTIVITIES	

TIME ALLOCATION

	Subject	Number of Lessons Per Week (40 minutes per lesson)
1.	English	5
2.	Kiswahili/KSL	4
3.	Mathematics	5
4.	Integrated Science	4
5.	Health Education	2
6.	Pre-Technical and Pre-Career Education	5
7.	Social Studies	3
8.	Religious Education (CRE/IRE/HRE)	2
9.	Business Studies	3
10.	Agriculture	3
11.	Life Skills Education	1
12.	Physical Education and Sports	2
13.	Optional Subject	3
14.	Optional Subject	3
	Total	45

NATIONAL GOALS OF EDUCATION

Education in Kenya should:

i) Foster nationalism and patriotism and promote national unity.

Kenya's people belong to different communities, races and religions, but these differences need not divide them. They must be able to live and interact as Kenyans. It is a paramount duty of education to help young people acquire this sense of nationhood by removing conflicts and promoting positive attitudes of mutual respect which enable them to live together in harmony and foster patriotism in order to make a positive contribution to the life of the nation.

ii) Promote the social, economic, technological and industrial needs for national development.

Education should prepare the youth of the country to play an effective and productive role in the life of the nation.

a) Social Needs

Education in Kenya must prepare children for changes in attitudes and relationships which are necessary for the smooth progress of a rapidly developing modern economy. There is bound to be a silent social revolution following in the wake of rapid modernization. Education should assist our youth to adapt to this change.

b) Economic Needs

Education in Kenya should produce citizens with the skills, knowledge, expertise and personal qualities that are required to support a growing economy. Kenya is building up a modern and independent economy which is in need of an adequate and relevant domestic workforce.

c) Technological and Industrial Needs

Education in Kenya should provide learners with the necessary skills and attitudes for industrial development. Kenya recognizes the rapid industrial and technological changes taking place, especially in the developed world. We can only be part of this development if our education system is deliberately focused on the knowledge, skills and attitudes that will prepare our young people for these changing global trends.

iii) Promote individual development and self-fulfillment

Education should provide opportunities for the fullest development of individual talents and personality. It should help children to develop their potential interests and abilities. A vital aspect of individual development is the building of character.

iv) Promote sound moral and religious values.

Education should provide for the development of knowledge, skills and attitudes that will enhance the acquisition of sound moral values and help children to grow up into self-disciplined, self-reliant and integrated citizens.

v) Promote social equality and responsibility.

Education should promote social equality and foster a sense of social responsibility within an education system which provides equal educational opportunities for all. It should give all children varied and challenging opportunities for collective activities and corporate social service irrespective of gender, ability or geographical environment.

vi) Promote respect for and development of Kenya's rich and varied cultures.

Education should instill in the youth of Kenya an understanding of past and present cultures and their valid place in contemporary society. Children should be able to blend the best of traditional values with the changing requirements that must follow rapid development in order to build a stable and modern society.

vii) Promote international consciousness and foster positive attitudes towards other nations.

Kenya is part of the international community. It is part of the complicated and interdependent network of peoples and nations. Education should therefore lead the youth of the country to accept membership of this international community with all the obligations and responsibilities, rights and benefits that this membership entails.

viii) Promote positive attitudes towards good health and environmental protection.

Education should inculcate in young people the value of good health in order for them to avoid indulging in activities that will lead to physical or mental ill health. It should foster positive attitudes towards environmental development and conservation. It should lead the youth of Kenya to appreciate the need for a healthy environment.

LEVEL LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of Middle School, the learner should be able to:

- 1. Apply literacy, numeracy and logical thinking skills for appropriate self-expression.
- 2. Communicate effectively, verbally and non-verbally, in diverse contexts.
- 3. Demonstrate social skills, spiritual and moral values for peaceful co-existence.
- 4. Explore, manipulate, manage and conserve the environment effectively for learning and sustainable development.
- 5. Practise relevant hygiene, sanitation and nutrition skills to promote health.
- 6. Demonstrate ethical behaviour and exhibit good citizenship as a civic responsibility.
- 7. Appreciate the country's rich and diverse cultural heritage for harmonious co-existence.
- 8. Manage pertinent and contemporary issues in society effectively.
- 9. Apply digital literacy skills for communication and learning.

ESSENCE STATEMENT

Arabic is one of the oldest living and active languages in the world. It is one of the official languages of the United Nations (UN) and the African Union (AU). It is also the official language of more than 22 countries, which constitute the Arab League, and the mother tongue of millions of native speakers. Arabic is a sacred language to over one and a half billion Muslims around the world. It has influenced linguistically and culturally many local languages, such as Kiswahili and Somali.

Proficiency in Arabic language will empower the learners socially, economically, politically, intellectually and culturally hence promoting intercultural understanding for peaceful coexistence as well as fostering the principle of global citizenship. Arabic builds on the language skills developed in upper primary and forms the basis for further language development and specialization in the subsequent levels of learning.

SUBJECT GENERAL LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of Junior Secondary School, the learner should be able to:

- a) Respond to spoken and written Arabic for effective communication.
- b) Access information written in Arabic for further learning.
- c) Write simple composition on daily experiences.
- d) Use language structures to communicate efficiently.
- e) Appreciate the culture of Arabic speaking people to promote national and international relationship for peaceful coexistence.

STRAND 1.0: LISTENING AND SPEAKING

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(S)
1.0 Listening and Speaking	listening: School Community (5 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) explain roles of members in the school community b) listen critically and respond to texts on school contexts c) value the importance of interactions with school community members in enhancing relationships	 The learner is guided to: discuss with peers the roles of different members within the school community match different roles to provided flashcards (Teacher to a whiteboard, Guard to a gate etc.) listen to audio or audio visual recordings and respond to given questions record themselves interviewing different members of their school community on what they do make presentations to their peers on their findings role play a skit portraying members of their school community as role models in their lives discuss the importance of a school community interacting and working together harmoniously 	1. Why is the school community important? 2. What strategies can you use to enhance your critical listening skills?

• Communication and Collaboration: learners listen actively and answer questions on a text about school community from an audio or audio visual recording.

• Digital Literacy: learners interact with digital devices as they record themselves interviewing members of the school community and share their findings with peers.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

• Patriotism: learners demonstrate respect for leadership.

Values:

- Respect: learners discuss the need to respect different members of the school community.
- Unity: learners discuss the importance of a school community working together harmoniously.

Link to other subjects:

• Social Studies: learners link to social studies where aspects of school are discussed.

Assessment Rubric					
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations	
Ability to explain roles of members in the school community.	Learner accurately and correctly identifies and explains the different roles of all members of a school community.	Learner correctly identifies and explains the different roles of all members of a school community.	Learner correctly identifies and explains the different roles of most members of a school community.	Learner needs assistance to correctly identify and explain the different roles of members of a school community.	
Ability to listen critically.	Learner always understands and responds accurately to all questions on given texts.	Learner frequently understands and responds accurately to all questions on given texts.	Learner sometimes understands and responds accurately to questions on given texts.	Learner barely understands and responds to questions on given texts.	

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 Listening and Speaking	1.2 Oral expression: Describing professions (5 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) name different types of professions for career selection b) respond to oral instructions on description of people and professions c) appreciate different professions for self and societal development	 The learner is guided to: match different types of professions to pictures/flashcards listen to an audio conversation on duties and responsibilities of different professions answer questions from given texts dramatize with peers the roles of different professions research online or various print media on codes of conduct of different professions and discuss with peers 	 How can friends influence your choice of profession? Why is it important to have codes of conduct for different professions?

- Self-efficacy: learners demonstrate personal skills as they dramatize with peers the roles of different professions.
- Digital literacy: learners connect with technology by researching online on codes of conduct associated with professions.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

• Peer Pressure: learners discuss how their friends influence their choice of profession and how to avoid negative peer pressure as they discuss the Key Inquiry Question.

Values:

• Integrity: learners develop an awareness of integrity needed in different professions as they research from the internet codes of conduct of different professions.

Link to other subjects:

• Business studies: learners link to business studies where they learn about professions and aspects of income generation.

Assessment Rubric						
Indicators	Exceeds	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations		
	Expectations		Expectations			
Ability to name	Learner confidently	Learner correctly	Learner partially names	Learner hardly		
different types	and correctly	names the different	the different types of	names different types		
of professions.	names all the	types of	professions.	of professions.		
	different types of	professions.				
	professions.					
Ability to	Learner responds to	Learner correctly	Learner responds to	Learner has		
respond to	all the questions and	responds to all	most questions and	difficulty responding		
questions and	instructions on	questions and	instructions on	to questions and		
instructions.	description of people	instructions on	description of people	instructions on		
	and professions	description of	and professions	description of people		
	accurately and	people and	correctly.	and professions.		
	correctly.	professions.				
		_				

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(S)
1.0 Listening and Speaking	Attentive Listening: My home (4 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify different items found in a house b) listen attentively to texts for effective communication c) create with technology for communication d) value risk mitigation measures in a home	 The learner is guided to: name the items found in a house answer questions related to items found in a house listen to an audio or audio visual recording and fill in blank spaces in sentences match given pictures to their corresponding household items draw pictures of different items found in a house on a chart and discuss with peers how to take good care of them design their dream house using online apps and share with peers for feedback 	 How can you improve your listening skills? What role does technology play in enhancing effective communication?

- Critical Thinking and Problem Solving: learners exhibit open mindedness and creativity as they design their dream houses.
- Digital Literacy: learners create with technology as they design their dream house using online apps and share with peers for feedback.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

• Safety and Security: learners develop awareness for safety and security as they discuss how to secure their homes.

Values:

• Responsibility: learners take personal care when handling and organising items found in a house.

Link to other subjects:

• Home science: learning is linked to Home Science as learners discuss care of items found in the house.

Assessment Rubric					
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations	
Ability to identify items found in a house.	Learner constantly identifies all the items found in a house correctly.	Learner correctly identifies all the items found in a house.	Learner correctly identifies most items found in a house.	Learner rarely identifies items found in a house.	
Ability to listen attentively and respond to questions.	Learner attentively listens to instructions and always responds to all questions correctly.	Learner attentively listens to instructions and often responds to most questions correctly.	Learner listens to instructions and sometimes responds to questions correctly.	Learner listens to instructions and responds to questions with assistance.	
Ability to create using digital technology.	Learner confidently and correctly designs their dream house using various online apps and shares with peers.	Learner correctly designs their dream house using online apps and shares with peers.	Learner partially designs their dream house using online apps and shares with peers.	Learner experiences difficulties designing their dream house using online applications.	

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(S)
1.0 Listening and Speaking	1.4 Attentive listening: Restraurant (5 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) categorise food based on types b) listen attentively to texts on types of foodstuff c) discuss foodstuff using appropriate vocabulary d) value the importance of healthy eating in everyday life	 The learner is guided to: listen to an audio clip and mention types of foods, drinks and staff related to the restaurant watch a cultural presentation from a video of different types of foods and drinks and extract types of foods and drinks listen to audio or audio visual recordings about foodstuff and respond to questions listen to and practise pronouncing sounds and words related to the restaurant explain the place of healthy eating in their day to day lives discuss how social justice can be achieved in a restaurant setup 	1. Why do we listen attentively? 2. What is the importance of eating healthy?

• Self-efficacy: learners practise effective communication skills as they listen to and practise pronouncing sounds and words related to the restaurant.

• Digital literacy: learners connect using technology to watch a cultural presentation of different types of foods and drinks from the internet.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

• Preventive health: learners explain the role of healthy eating in their day to day lives.

Values:

• Social justice: learners discuss how social justice can be achieved in a restaurant setup.

Link to other subjects:

• Home Science and Health Education teach aspects of food and nutrition.

Assessment Rubric				
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations
			Expectations	
Ability to mention	Learner always	Learner correctly	Learner mentions	Learner needs
types of foods and	mentions all types of	mentions all types	most types of foods	assistance to
drinks.	foods and drinks	of foods and drinks.	and drinks	mention types of
	correctly.		correctly.	foods and drinks.
Ability to listen	Learner attentively	Learner attentively		Learner listens to
and respond to	listens to texts about	listens to texts about	Learner listens to	texts about foodstuff
questions.	foodstuff and	foodstuff and	texts about	and has difficulty
	constantly responds to	responds to	foodstuff and	responding to
	questions	questions	responds to most of	questions, requires
	appropriately.	appropriately.	the questions	prompting in most
			appropriately.	of the questions.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(S)
1.0 Listening and Speaking	1.5. Oral Expression: Hospital (4 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify different personnel found in a hospital b) ask how others feel using appropriate expressions c) appreciate the roles played by health personnel in the society	 The learner is guided to: match different personnel found in a hospital to given pictures research online or various print media on different hospital equipment, sections and hospital personnel and make PowerPoint presentations listen to a recorded passage and respond to questions on expressing how they feel with peers role play using appropriate expressions to talk about how they feel while at the hospital in pairs or groups discuss the importance of health personnel in the society with peers and present in class 	1. What role do health personnel play in our society?

- Digital literacy: learners interact with digital technology as they research online and make PowerPoint presentations on different hospital equipment, sections and hospital personnel.
- Communication and collaboration: learners actively participate in discussing the importance of health personnel in the society with peers.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

• Social cohesion: learners discuss the importance of health personnel in the society.

Values:

• Respect: learners develop respect and an appreciation for the contribution of different health personnel in the society.

Link to other subjects:

• Health is a content area taught in Home Science, Social studies, German, French and Mandarin Chinese.

Assessment Ru	bric			
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
		Expectations		
Ability to	Learner always	Learner correctly	Learner identifies most of	Learner barely
identify	identifies all the	identifies all the	the different personnel in a	identifies the
different	different personnel in	different	hospital correctly.	different personnel
health	a hospital correctly.	personnel in a		in a hospital.
personnel.		hospital.		
Ability to use	Learner accurately	Learner correctly	Learner sometimes uses	Learner struggles to
appropriate	and correctly uses	uses appropriate	appropriate expressions to	use appropriate
expressions.	appropriate	expressions to	express feelings about their	expressions to
	expressions to	express feelings	health, makes mistakes that	express feelings
	express feelings	about their	affect communication to a	about their health.
	about their health.	health.	limited extent.	Makes considerable
				mistakes.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(S)
1.0 Listening and Speaking	1.6 Intensive listening: Social interactions (4 lessons)	_	 Suggested Learning Experiences discuss and make lists of the rules and norms governing social interactions with neighbour, friend and guest in pairs or groups make presentations on why rules are necessary and the consequences of breaking rules in the social environment that they interact with on a daily basis to their peers listen to an audio or audio visual recording, respond to questions and match given situations to corresponding pictures create and record songs using digital devices on peaceful co-existence 	
			discuss with others in pairs or groups on the need to co-exist with neighbours, friends, guests among other interaction	

• Critical thinking and problem solving: learners apply researching skills as they make lists of rules and norms governing social interactions with their peers.

• Digital literacy: learners interact with digital devices to record songs on peaceful co-existence with neighbour, friend and guest.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

• Social Cohesion: when learners peacefully co-exist with others.

Values:

• Peace: learners work harmoniously in groups or pairs to create and record songs on peaceful co-existence with neighbour, friend and guest.

Link to other subjects:

• Social Studies and Religious Studies: These contain aspects of social relations and the importance of maintaining good relations with others.

Assessment Rubi	ric			
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets	Approaches	Below Expectations
		Expectations	Expectations	
Ability to identify rules and norms governing social interactions.	Learner comprehensively and correctly identifies rules and norms governing social	Learner correctly identifies rules and norms governing social interactions.	Learner identifies most of the rules and norms governing social interactions.	Learner identifies rules and norms governing social interactions with guidance.
interactions.	interactions.			gardance.
Ability to listen intensively.	Learner intensively listens to short texts and responds to all questions correctly and confidently.	Learner intensively listens to short texts and responds to all questions appropriately.	Learner intensively listens to short texts and responds to some of the questions correctly.	Learner listens to short texts and exhibits inadequacy in responding to questions correctly.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(S)
1.0 Listening and Speaking	1.7 Listening for gist: Land transport (5 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) explain different types of road and water transport b) listen for gist to extract information c) appreciate the importance of observing road safety	 The learner is guided to: research popular modes of transport in Arabic speaking countries online in pairs or groups and make presentations in class watch an audio visual recording on means of land transport and answer given questions make digital portfolios on the different types of road and water transport and share with peers listen to a recorded passage on road safety in groups or pairs discuss ways of observing road safety demonstrate how they use the road safely in groups 	1. What is the importance of road and water safety?

- Creativity and Imagination: as learners apply networking skills to demonstrate using the road safely.
- Digital Literacy: learners interact with digital technology to make digital portfolios on the different types of road and water transport.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

• Safety and Security: learners acquire skills on ways of observing road safety.

Values:

• Responsibility: learners take personal responsibilities in road usage for safety.

Link to other subjects:

• Learning is linked to Road Safety taught in Social Studies.

Assessment Rub	oric			
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Ability to explain the different types of road and water transport.	Learner confidently and correctly explains different types of road and water transport.	Learner correctly explains different types of road and water transport.	Learner explains most of types of road and water transport, sometimes lacks detail in some types.	Learner is assisted to explain the different types of road and water transport.
Ability to listen for gist.	Learner understands the main ideas in a text and exemplarily responds to all given questions accurately.	Learner understands the main idea in a text and responds to given questions accurately.	Learner understands the main idea in a text and responds to most of the given questions.	Learner listens to a text, has difficulty to identify the main idea expressed therein. Requires prompting to respond to given questions.

STRAND 2.0: READING

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 Reading	2.1 Reading aloud: School community (3 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify specific terms from given texts b) read with the correct pronunciation and intonation c) use research skills to learn independently d) demonstrate love and respect towards their school community	 The learner is guided to: read texts on school and underline key words isolate/highlight/underline words and read them aloud read a passage on the roles of members of the school community aloud from a projector read in pairs and correct each other extract the <i>l</i> sounds (wa and fa) from words displayed on flash cards search for poems about school from varied sources and recite them to peers write down a list on how to show love and respect for the members of their school community and share with peers 	 Why is correct pronunciation important when reading? How do you appreciate members of your school community?

• Learning to learn: learners use research skills and share knowledge when searching for poems about school from varied sources and reciting them to peers in class.

• Digital literacy: learners interact with digital devices when they read a passage displayed on a projector.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

• Learners show respect and love for the members of the school community.

Values:

• Respect and Love: learners discuss how to appreciate members of their school community.

Link to other subjects:

• Learning is linked to Social Studies where concepts of the school are taught.

Assessment Ru	bric			
Indicators	Exceeds	Meets	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
	Expectations	Expectations		
Ability to	Learner distinctively	Learner clearly	Learner identifies most of	Learner is assisted
identify	and clearly identifies	identifies all the	the vocabulary relating to	to identify
specific terms.	all the vocabulary	vocabulary	school from given texts.	vocabulary relating
	relating to school	relating to school		to school from
	from given texts.	from given texts.		given texts.
Ability to read	Learner confidently	Learner reads a	Learner reads a passage on	Learner reads a
aloud.	reads a passage on	passage on school	school community with the	passage, makes
	school community	community with	correct pronunciation and	mistakes that affect
	with the correct	the correct	intonation, makes mistakes	understanding
	pronunciation and	pronunciation and	that affect understanding	considerably.
	intonation.	intonation.	minimally.	
Ability to use	Learner competently	Learner is able to	Learner is able to search for	Learner is able to
research skills	searches for	search for	appropriate poems about	search for appropriate
to learn	appropriate poems	appropriate poems	school from varied sources	poems about school
independently.			most of the time.	

about school	I from about school	from from vari	ied sources
varied source	es. varied source	es. with assis	stance.



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 Reading	2.2 Read aloud: Describing professions (3 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify different professions in a reading text b) read aloud a text fluently c) apply interpretation and inference skills to explore various professions d) appreciate the work done by different professionals for career selection	 The learner is guided to: underline names of different professions and match them with corresponding pictures read a dialogue on different professions discuss how to effectively select careers for self-development explore the pros and cons of different professions research online varied ways of earning and shares with peers 	 Why is reading aloud important? What factors influence career choice?

- Critical Thinking and Problem Solving: learners use interpretation and inference skills to explore the pros and cons of different professions.
- Digital Literacy: learners connect using technology to research on varied ways of earning.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

- Career Guidance: learners discuss how to effectively select careers for self-development and to seek guidance.
- Financial Literacy: learners research various ways of earning.

Values:

• Respect: learners read on the need to respect professionals in all areas.

Link to other subjects:

• Social Studies and Other Languages handle aspects of professions.

Assessment Ru	bric			
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Ability to identify professions.	Learner always identifies all professions in a given text correctly and accurately.	Learner correctly identifies all professions in a given text.	Learner correctly identifies most professions in a given text.	Learner barely identifies professions in a given text.
Ability to read aloud.	Learner always reads a passage with the correct pronunciation, intonation and sentence melody.	Learner frequently reads a passage with the correct pronunciation, intonation and sentence melody.	Learner occasionally reads a passage with the correct pronunciation, intonation and sentence melody with minimal distortions.	Learner rarely reads a passage loudly, makes some mistakes in pronunciation, intonation and sentence melody.
Ability to apply interpretation and inference skills.	Learner confidently interprets and infers the pros and cons of different professions.	Learner interprets and infers the pros and cons of different professions.	Learner partially interprets and infers the pros and cons of different professions.	Learner needs assistance to interpret and infer pros and cons of different professions.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 Reading	2.3 Reading for details: Home (3 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) extract names of items found in different rooms from a passage b) read a comprehension passage for details c) undertake tasks that require networking and creativity d) value different cultures related to home settings	 The learner is guided to: read short passages and underline items found in the different rooms match pictures to words identified answer comprehension questions on a given passage summarise the content in the reading passage discuss how to arrange items in their rooms and keeping their homes clean search for pictures of varied room arrangements from different cultural backgrounds using digital devices for example, Arabic, Swahili) and create a digital portfolio with peers 	1. How do you organize your room? 2. How does culture influence the arrangement of homes?

- Creativity and Imagination: learners acquire skills of making observations and connections as they search for pictures of varied room arrangements from different cultural backgrounds.
- Digital Literacy: learners create with technology as they make digital portfolios.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

• Hygiene and cleanliness: learners acquire skills on how to keep their homes clean.

Values:

• Responsibility is developed: learners keep their items and rooms clean.



Link to other subjects:

• Home Science: learning is linked to Home Science where housekeeping concepts are taught.

Assessment Ru	bric		<u> </u>	
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Ability to extract names of items.	Learner confidently extracts all the names of items found in rooms from a given passage.	Learner extracts all the names of items found in rooms from a given passage.	Learner extracts most of the items found in rooms from a given passage.	Learner has difficulty extracting items found in rooms from a given passage.
Ability to read for details and respond to questions.	Learner always understands the content in a passage and responds to all comprehension questions accurately.	Learner understands the content in a passage and responds to all comprehension questions correctly.	Learner understands most of the content in a passage and responds to most comprehension questions.	Learner struggles to understand the content in a passage and hardly responds to comprehension questions.
Ability to use networking and creativity skills.	Learner collaboratively, creatively and skilfully engages in activities depicting arranging of items in their rooms	Learner collaboratively and creatively engages in activities depicting arranging of items in their rooms and	Learner collaboratively and with moderate creativity engages in activities depicting arranging of items in their rooms and keeping their homes clean.	Learner collaboratively engages in activities depicting arranging of items in their rooms and keeping their homes clean. However,

and keeping their	keeping their homes	the learner lacks
homes clean.	clean.	creativity.



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 Reading	2.4 Reading aloud: Restaurant (2 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) categorise foods from diverse backgrounds b) read with the correct articulation c) observe safety and responsibility in digital environments, d) read texts for enjoyment	 The learner is guided to: differentiate types of foods and drinks presented in a passage (menu in a restaurant) take turns to read a passage aloud with the correct pronunciation and intonation repeat sounds, words, sentences based on restaurant and foodstuff correctly, for example, <i>Nun</i>, <i>Thal</i> & <i>Twa</i>) respond to questions on content related to restaurants discuss safety, protection and integrity issues when online with peers search online for appropriate texts on food and drinks and read at their own pace and time 	 How does one observe safety when reading online? What approaches can you use to read with correct articulation?

• Digital Literacy: learners develop digital citizenship as they discuss safety, protection and integrity issues while using digital technology.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

• Safety and Security: learners gain skills of protecting themselves when using online platforms.

Values:

• Integrity: learners practise integrity when accessing the appropriate sites online.

Link to other subjects:

• Learning is linked to Home Science in all aspects of foodstuff and etiquette in a restaurant.

Assessment R	ubric			
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Ability to categorise foodstuff.	Learner confidently identifies and categorises types of foodstuffs presented in a passage.	Learner identifies and categorises types of foodstuffs presented in a passage.	Learner identifies and categorises most types of foodstuffs presented in a passage.	Learner struggles to identify and categorise types of foodstuffs presented in a passage.
Ability to read texts aloud.	Learner accurately reads texts aloud with the correct pronunciation and intonation.	Learner reads texts aloud with the correct pronunciation and intonation.	Learner reads texts aloud, sometimes makes errors that distort pronunciation and intonation of some words.	Learner reads texts aloud, makes major errors that distort pronunciation and intonation of the text.
Ability to observe safety and responsibility.	Learner always observes safety and responsibility when using online platforms.	Learner observes safety and responsibility when using online platforms.	Learner often observes safety and responsibility when using online platforms.	Learner rarely observes safety and responsibility when using online platforms.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
		Outcomes		Question(s)
2.0	2.5 Reading	By the end of the sub	The learner is guided to:	1. How can one
Reading	for fluency: Hospital (3 lessons)	strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify equipment found in a hospital b) read comprehension passages for fluency and coherence c) communicate effectively on weaknesses related to fluency and coherence d) exhibit appreciation for the use of	 highlight names of equipment and hospital personnel presented in a reading passage use flash cards to match pictures of equipment with the vocabulary on hospital read texts in pairs to practise fluency identify areas of weakness in reading and find appropriate solutions to their challenges in small groups research how different hospital equipment work and discuss 	achieve fluency and coherence when reading? 2. How do you identify areas of weakness in reading?
		different hospital equipment in saving lives	findings with peers in an online forum	

- Self-efficacy: learners communicate clearly areas of weakness in reading and find appropriate solutions to their challenges.
- Digital Literacy: learners interact with digital devices as they discuss their findings in an online forum.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

• Social cohesion: learners work collaboratively to identify their areas of weakness and find appropriate solutions.

Values:

• Love: learners demonstrate tolerance towards their peers with challenges in reading.

Link to other subjects:

• Learning is linked to other languages in aspects of names of hospital personnel.

Assessment Rubi	Assessment Rubric					
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations		
Ability to identify hospital equipment.	Learner confidently and correctly identifies all hospital equipment mentioned in a passage.	Learner identifies all hospital equipment mentioned in a passage.	Learner partially identifies hospital equipment mentioned in a passage.	Learner hardly identifies hospital equipment mentioned in a passage.		
Ability to read for fluency and coherence.	Learner accurately reads texts with fluency and connects ideas therein in a coherent manner.	Learner reads texts with fluency and connects ideas therein in a coherent manner.	Learner reads texts with fluency and connects ideas therein in a coherent manner most of the time.	Learner reads texts, hesitates constantly and lacks coherence in connecting ideas during reading to bring out the meaning in text.		
Ability to communicate effectively.	Learner effectively expresses areas of weakness related to fluency and	Learner expresses areas of weakness related to fluency and coherence and	Learner sometimes expresses areas of weakness related to fluency and	Learner has difficulty expressing areas of weakness related to fluency and		

Ī	coherence and	proposes appropriate	coherence and	coherence but
	proposes	solutions.	proposes appropriate	requires support to
	appropriate		solutions.	find appropriate
	solutions.			solutions.



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 Reading	2.6 Reading aloud: Social interactions (3 lessons)	•	Experiences The learner is guided to: • find and read aloud sentences on the rights and responsibilities of people they interact with from a written text (neighbours, guests, friends, community members)read aloud texts with the appropriate speed • read and record texts using digital devices and reviews with peers • discuss with peers how to maintain good relations and make presentations on their findings • form social media groups for	
			community members to share ideas on how to solve problems affecting them	

- Citizenship: learners exhibit active community life skills as they discuss how to maintain good relations with others.
- Digital literacy: learners connect using technology as they form social media groups for the community members.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

• Learners apply interpersonal relations and conflict resolution skills while interacting with others.

Values:

• Peace and Unity: learners learn to live together harmoniously with people around them.

Link to other subjects:

• Social Studies, IRE and CRE capture aspects of maintaining good relations with others.

Assessment Rubric						
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations		
Ability to extract rights and responsibilities.	Learner accurately and correctly identifies all sentences on rights and responsibilities of neighbours, guests, friends and community members.	Learner identifies all sentences on rights and responsibilities of neighbours, guests, friends and community members correctly.	Learner identifies most sentences on rights and responsibilities of neighbours, guests, friends and community members correctly.	Learner requires support to identify sentences on rights and responsibilities of neighbours, guests, friends and community members.		
Ability to read with appropriate tempo.	Learner always reads texts aloud with the appropriate tempo; uses a smooth, natural and rhythmic voice; reads faster or slower as appropriate.	Learner reads texts aloud with the appropriate tempo; uses a smooth, natural and rhythmic voice; reads faster or	Learner reads texts aloud, reading is sometimes halted, and learner sometimes does not pause to bring out the meaning in the text.	Learner reads texts aloud; reading is sometimes choppy, stops unnecessarily slowing tempo considerably.		

	slower as	
	appropriate.	



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.0 Reading	2.7 Silent reading: Land transport (3 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) read vocabulary on road and water transport b) read texts silently for information c) display teamwork by participating actively in tasks d) enhance patriotism by travelling within the country	 The learner is guided to: read words and match pictures to names of road and water transport in turns read short passages from digital devices and identify the differences between road and water transport with peers read the vocabulary extracted from the texts read texts silently and underline difficult words answer questions on the text explain the importance of road and water transport in groups or pairs discuss how to keep safe when travelling by water and road transport in pairs 	1. How do you observe safety while travelling? 2. Why do we read silently?

- Digital Literacy: learners interact with digital technology to read short passages on road and water transport from digital devices.
- Communication and Collaboration: learners work together to come up with safety measures when travelling by water and road.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):



• Safety and Security: learners observe safety when travelling by water or road.

Values:

• Patriotism: enhanced as learners provide reasons why they need to travel within own country.

Link to other subjects:

• Social Studies: learners link to social studies where traffic lights are discussed.

Assessment 1	Assessment Rubric					
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations		
Ability to read vocabulary.	Learner confidently and correctly reads vocabulary on road and water transport.	Learner correctly reads vocabulary on road and water transport.	Learner reads most of the vocabulary on road and water transport correctly, makes a few errors.	Learner needs assistance to read vocabulary on road and water transport, makes major errors.		
Ability to read text for information.	Learner always reads silently for information and answers all questions accurately.	Learner reads silently for information and answers all questions.	Learner reads silently for information and answers most of the questions correctly.	Learner has difficulty reading silently for information and hardly answers the questions.		
Ability to display team work in tasks.	Learner always works with peers to come up with safety measures when travelling by water and road.	Learner usually works with peers to come up with safety measures when travelling by water and road.	Learner often works with peers to come up with safety measures when travelling by water and road.	Learner sometimes works with peers to come up with safety measures when travelling by water and road.		

STRAND 3.0. WRITING

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
3.0 Writing	3.1 Descriptive writing: School community (2 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify members in the school community and their roles b) write descriptive texts using correct language structures c) appreciate the support of the school community in enhancing learning	 The learner is guided to: list members in their school community and their roles in pairs or groups write short descriptions about roles of different members in their school community share the descriptions with peers through various social media platforms underline words with bilabial sounds in given sentences from an audio recording create an organizational chart of members in their school community and post on the class/school noticeboard compose a song or poem about the contribution of the school community in enhancing a conducive learning environment 	1. What makes a good descriptive text? 2. How does the support of the school community facilitate learning?

Core Competencies to be developed:

- Self-efficacy: learners write short descriptions about roles of members in their school community enhancing their self-esteem and confidence.
- Digital literacy: learners interact with digital technology to share their descriptions with peers through various social media platforms.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

• Social cohesion: learners develop awareness on the influence of the school community in enhancing a conducive learning environment.

Values:

- Respect: learners work together in groups or pairs, they learn to respect each other's opinion.
- Unity: learners develop unity when they engage in team work.

Link to other subjects:

• Learners' link to Social Studies and Foreign languages where content related to school is taught.

Assessment	Rubric			
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Ability to	Learner distinctively	Learner identifies	Learner sometimes	Learner identifies the
identify	and clearly identifies	the members in	identifies the members in	members in their
members in	members in their	their school	their school community and	school community
the school	school community	community and	their roles correctly.	and their roles
community.	and their roles	their roles	-	correctly with
	correctly.	correctly.		assistance.
Ability to	Learner constantly and	Learner accurately	Learner writes short	Learner makes effort
write	accurately writes short	writes short	descriptive texts on family,	to write short
descriptive	descriptive texts on	descriptive texts on	makes some mistakes that	descriptive texts on
texts.	family in a coherent	family in a	affect the flow and coherence	family, the texts are
	manner.	coherent manner.	of the text.	incomplete and lack
				coherency in
				numerous places.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
3.0 Writing	3.2 Guided writing: Describing professions (2 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) list different types of professions b) write guided descriptive texts using vocabulary from the context c) appreciate the importance of different professions for career guidance d) identify sources of generating business ideas and opportunities in the community	 The learner is guided to: listen to an audio recording and write down the different types of professions they hear list the vocabulary from the context in groups or pairs create a crossword puzzle using the words they have listed use cut-outs from pictures, magazines and newspapers of different professions to write short descriptions about them publish the descriptions on online blogs or post on noticeboards engage with individuals in their immediate environment in professions that they identify with for mentorship engage a community resource person in generating business ideas and opportunities 	Why do people identify with particular professions?

• Digital literacy: learners interact with digital technology to listen to an audio recording on the different types of professions.

• Critical thinking and problem solving: learners demonstrate researching skills as they engage a community resource person in generating business ideas and opportunities.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

• Mentorship: learners engage with individuals in their immediate environment in professions that they identify with for mentorship.

Values:

• Unity: learners demonstrate unity working together to list vocabulary from the context.

Link to other subjects:

• Learning is linked to Business studies on aspects of financial literacy and entrepreneurship.

Assessment	Assessment Rubric					
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations		
Ability to	Learner always lists	Learner lists all	Learner lists most types of	Learner requires		
list types of	all types of	types of	professions correctly.	assistance to list types		
professions.	professions correctly.	professions		of professions.		
		correctly.				
Ability to	Learner accurately	Learner accurately	Learner sometimes writes	Learner has difficulty		
write	and comprehensively	writes guided	guided descriptive texts	writing guided		
guided	writes guided	descriptive texts	using the vocabulary	descriptive texts using		
descriptive	descriptive texts	using the	learnt on professions	the vocabulary learnt		
texts.	using the vocabulary	vocabulary learnt	correctly.	on professions, makes		
	learnt on professions.	on professions.		considerable errors.		

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
3.0 Writing	3.3 Guided Writing: Home (3 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) classify items found in different house rooms b) create short texts on various contexts c) appreciate organisation of items in different rooms for optimal usage	 The learner is guided to: list items found in different rooms in a house as dictated by others form sentences from a substitution table in groups or pairs write short texts on items found in different house rooms using flashcards, pictures, illustrations and other visual stimuli record videos of rooms they have organised in a house and showcase how it enhances easy access of different items share the video with peers for feedback 	 How do you organize your room? What is the importance of writing accurately?

- Learning to learn: learners work collaboratively when they form sentences from a substitution table in groups or pairs.
- Digital literacy: learners interact with digital technology to record videos of rooms they have organised in a house.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

Decision making and problem solving skills: enhanced as learners organise items found in different rooms.

Values:

• Unity: learners demonstrate unity when collaborating to form sentences from a substitution table.

Link to other subjects:



• Home Science, French and Mandarin Chinese contain content related to rooms in a home.

Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations
			Expectations	
Ability to	Learner confidently	Learner accurately	Learner partially	Learner makes effort
classify	and accurately	classifies all items	classifies items found	to classify items found
items.	classifies items found	found in different	in different house	in different house
	in different house	house rooms.	rooms correctly.	rooms, however
	rooms all the time.			requires support.
Ability to	Learner constantly and	Learner accurately	Learner writes short	Learner makes effort
write short	accurately writes short	writes short texts on	texts on items found in	to write short texts on
texts.	texts on items found in	items found in	different rooms, makes	items found in
	different rooms in a	different rooms in a	some mistakes that	different rooms, the
	coherent manner.	coherent manner.	affect the flow and	texts are incomplete
			coherence of the text.	and lack coherency in
				several places.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
3.0 Writing	3.4 Functional writing: Restaurant (2 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) list different types of foods and drinks found in a restaurant b) write short texts on various contexts c) demonstrate intercultural awareness regarding foods and eating habits	 The learner is guided to: write down new words or vocabulary on types of food and drinks found in a restaurant from audio or audio visual recordings form sentences in pairs or groups using the types of <i>Taa</i> write sample menus from audio or audiovisual recordings collaborate with peers to make a collage using photos of different types of food and drinks and write short texts research online and design digital brochures on food and drinks from various cultures 	 How does culture influence our eating habits? How do we appreciate differences in culture without bias?

- Communication and collaboration: learners write short texts fluently and coherently on different types of foods and drinks.
- Digital literacy: learners create with technology as they design digital brochures on food and drinks from various cultures.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

Social cohesion: learners develop skills of co-existing with others in the community.

Values:



• Respect: learners appreciate varieties of food from various cultures.

Link to other subjects:

• Learning is linked to Health education in aspects of food and drinks.

Assessment	Rubric			
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Ability to list types of foods and drinks.	Learner confidently and correctly lists the different types of foods and drinks found in a restaurant.	Learner lists the different types of foods and drinks found in a restaurant correctly.	Learner lists most types of foods and drinks found in a restaurant.	Learner struggles to list the types of foods and drinks found in a restaurant.
Ability to write short texts.	Learner constantly and accurately writes short texts on foods and drinks in a coherent manner.	Learner accurately writes short texts on foods and drinks in a coherent manner.	Learner writes short texts on foods and drinks, makes some mistakes that affect the flow and coherence of the text.	Learner makes effort to write short texts on foods and drinks, texts are incomplete and the texts lack coherency in several places.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
3.0 Writing	3.5 Guided writing: Hospital (3 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) write names of equipment found in a hospital b) construct sentences using acquired vocabulary in context c) value preventive healthcare to save money	 The learner is guided to: listen to an audio recording and list names of equipment and hospital personnel match pictures or illustrations of equipment and hospital personnel with the appropriate vocabulary in groups write down the vocabulary correctly complete gap filling exercises construct sentences using vocabularies learnt on health research online the importance of investing in food that promotes good health and make PowerPoint presentations in class 	1. Why should we write sentences correctly? 2. How can eating right save money?

- Digital literacy: learners interact with digital technology to research online and make PowerPoint presentations.
- Self-efficacy: learners exhibit effective communication skills when they construct sentences using vocabularies on health.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

• Financial literacy: learners discuss how investing in healthy food choices saves money.

Values:

• Unity: learners demonstrate unity as they work together to match pictures with their appropriate vocabulary.

Link to other subjects:

• Health and Physical Education handle aspects of health.

Assessment Rubric						
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations		
Ability to	Learner constantly and	Learner accurately	Learner writes names of	Learner has difficulty		
write	accurately writes	writes names of	equipment and personnel	writing the correct		
vocabulary	names of equipment	equipment and	found in a hospital, makes a	vocabulary associated		
associated	and personnel found in	personnel found in a	few mistakes.	with the hospital.		
with the	a hospital.	hospital.		_		
hospital.						
Ability to	Learner confidently	Learner constructs	Learner constructs correct	Learner needs		
construct	constructs correct	correct sentences	sentences using vocabulary	assistance to construct		
sentences.	sentences using	using vocabulary	acquired in context most of	sentences using		
	vocabulary acquired in	acquired in context.	the time.	vocabulary acquired		
	context all the time.			in context.		

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
3.0 Writing	3.6 Guided writing: Social interactions (3 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) list rights and responsibilities of a neighbour, friend and guest b) construct sentences using vocabulary learnt in context c) write guided compositions on the theme given d) value peaceful co-existence with others to promote cordial relationships	 The learner is guided to: state the rights and responsibilities of a neighbour, friend and guest and make PowerPoint presentations in class write words and sentences to enhance their spelling skills through dictation construct sentences from the given words write a descriptive composition on qualities of a good neighbour, friend and guest write a simple play relating to peaceful co-existence with others in groups 	1. How can we live harmoniously with others? 2. What does friendship mean to you?

- Citizenship: learners exhibit social cultural sensitivity and awareness skills as they work within diverse teams to write simple plays on peaceful co-existence with others.
- Digital literacy: learners interact with digital technology to make PowerPoint presentations on the rights and responsibilities of a neighbour, friend and guest.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

- Social cohesion: learners acquire skills that enable them to live peacefully with others in the society.
- Peer education: learners distinguish the qualities of a good neighbour, friend and guest in the community.

Values:

• Peace: learner values the importance of good relationships with others in enhancing social cohesion.

Link to other subjects:

• Social Studies, CRE, IRE and HRE have aspects of maintaining good relations with others.

Assessment Rub	oric			
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Ability to list rights and responsibilities.	Learner always lists rights and responsibilities of a neighbour, friend and guest comprehensively.	Learner lists rights and responsibilities of a neighbour, a friend and a guest.	Learner partially lists rights and responsibilities of a neighbour, a friend and a guest.	Learner lists rights and responsibilities of a neighbour, a friend and a guest only with guidance.
Ability to construct sentences.	Learner accurately and correctly constructs sentences using vocabularies learnt from the context.	Learner constructs sentences using vocabularies learnt from the context correctly.	Learner attempts to construct sentences using vocabularies learnt from the context with minimal errors.	Learner barely constructs sentences using vocabularies learnt from the context.
Ability to write descriptive compositions.	Learner confidently and clearly writes a detailed composition on social interactions.	Learner clearly writes a detailed composition on social interactions.	Learner writes a composition on social interactions, composition lacks proper organisation.	Learner writes a composition on social interactions, makes considerable mistakes that affect understanding.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
		Outcomes		Question(s)
3.0 Writing	3.7 Guided writing: Land transport (3 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify means of road and water transport in a text b) write texts using vocabulary in varied contexts c) recognize the importance of observing road safety measures for awareness creation	 The learner is guided to: label means of road and water transport depicted in a picture from a digital device or various print media match the new vocabularies learnt with their correct meanings create texts using vocabulary learnt organize ideas and write a composition on the importance of observing road safety measures draw road signs, label and use them to create awareness in the society on road safety in small groups or pairs form a writing club or corner to enhance their writing skills 	 How is organisation of ideas useful in writing a composition? What safety measures do you observe while using road and water transport?

- Creativity and imagination: learners network by forming a writing club / corner to enhance their writing skills.
- Digital Literacy: learners interact with digital devices to label means of road transport depicted in a picture.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

• Clubs and societies: learners actively participate in forming a writing club or corner to enhance their writing skills.

Values:

• Integrity: learners become responsible for ensuring that they observe safety measures appropriately without supervision.

Link to other subjects:

• Social Studies and other foreign languages teach aspects of transport and road safety.

Assessment	Rubric			
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Ability to identify means of transport.	Learner confidently and correctly identifies all the means of land and water transport in a given text.	Learner correctly identifies most means of land and water transport in a given text.	Learner correctly identifies some of the means of land and water transport in a given text	Learner struggles to identify means of land and water transport.
Ability to organise ideas in texts.	Learner confidently organises ideas when writing on road safety in a clear and concise manner.	Learner organises ideas when writing on road safety in a clear and concise manner.	Learner organises ideas when writing on road safety in a clear and concise manner most of the time.	Learner organises ideas when writing on road safety with assistance.

STRAND 4.0: LANGUAGE STRUCTURES

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
4.0 Language structures	4.1 Past and present tenses (3 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify the past and present tenses in given texts b) use past and present tenses in simple sentence construction c) value the use of tenses in communication	 extract forms of past and present tenses in sentences (<i>Ishtara al fawakih</i>, <i>Ashtary al fawakih</i>) from given texts convert given texts from present to past tense underline past tense in given sentences construct sentences using the past and present tense (<i>Dhahaba ilal madrasat-Adhhabu ilal madrasa</i>) in pairs develop a Power Point presentation or any other possible ICT related presentation on past and present tenses 	Why are tenses important in communication?

• Digital literacy: learners develop the skills to create with technology as they develop a PowerPoint presentation or any other possible ICT related presentation on past and present tenses.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

• Social cohesion: learners develop a sense of social cohesion within the school set up.

Values:

• Love: learners construct sentences expressing the need to love and respect school community members.

Link to other subjects:

• Learning is linked to all languages in the aspect of past and present tenses.

Assessment R	Rubric			
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Ability to	Learner confidently	Learner correctly	Learner correctly	Learner hardly
identify	and correctly	identifies all the	identifies most of the	identifies the verbs in
tenses.	identifies all the	present and past	verbs in the present and	the present and past
	present and past tense	tense verbs in a	past tense in a given text.	tense in a given text.
	verbs in a given text.	given text.		
Ability to	Learner always uses	Learner uses past	Learner uses past and	Learner uses past and
use past and	past and present	and present tenses	present tenses to	present tenses to
present	tenses to construct	to construct simple	construct simple	construct simple
tenses.	simple sentences	sentences	sentences, makes errors	sentences, makes
	correctly.	correctly.	that affect correctness to	considerable errors
			a limited extent.	that affect correctness.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry
		Outcomes	Experiences	Question(s)
4.0	4.2	By the end of the sub	The learner is guided to:	What is the imperative
Language structures	Imperative mood (2 lessons)	strand, the learner should be able to: a) extract verbs in the imperative mood from a given sentence b) use the imperative mood correctly in communication c) differentiate imperative mood from other tenses d) appreciate the use of tenses in developing communication skills	 read sentences and underline the imperative mood (Fiil amr) from the sentences Idhab Ilalmadrasa, Irabil mai construct sentences using the imperative mood extract imperative mood from a given dialogue (idhab ilal jazzar washtar lahman) use digital devices to search for more tenses and arrange them in the correct column from a table given in groups 	mood?

- Communication and collaboration: learners develop teamwork skills as they use digital devices to search for tenses in groups.
- Digital Literacy: learners connect with technology to search for more tenses from digital devices.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

• Financial literacy: learners develop an awareness of budgeting as they discuss the Key Inquiry Question.

Values:



• Love and unity: learners work harmoniously in pairs.

Link to other subjects:

• Learning is linked to all other languages where verbs are taught.

Assessment I	Rubric			
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Ability to identify verbs in the imperative mood.	Learner confidently and correctly identifies all the verbs in the imperative mood in a given text.	Learner correctly identifies all the verbs in the imperative mood in a given text.	Learner correctly identifies most of the verbs in the imperative mood in a given text.	Learner is assisted to identify verbs in the imperative mood in a given text.
Ability to use the imperative mood.	Learner constantly and correctly uses the imperative mood to communicate effectively.	Learner correctly uses the imperative mood to communicate effectively.	Learner mostly uses the imperative mood to communicate, makes minimal errors.	Learner struggles to use the imperative mood to communicate, makes considerable errors.

Strand	Sub	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
	Strand	Outcomes		Question(s)
4.0	4.3	By the end of the sub	The learner is guided to:	Why is language
Language	Gender	strand, the learner should	 match the nouns and verbs used in 	correctness
Language structures	Gender (3 lessons)	strand, the learner should be able to: a) assign nouns and verbs the appropriate gender b) conjugate verbs according to the gender c) follow instructions to accomplish language related tasks d) recognise the place of language correctness in communication	 match the nouns and verbs used in a passage with their appropriate gender(Al-Mudhakar wal-Muannath) extract the masculine and feminine words from sentences (sariirun, maaidatun) identify the prefixes and suffixes denoting verbs in the feminine form (tadhahab, dhahabat) identify suffixes denoting feminine nouns (twalibatun, madrasatun) construct sentences using the masculine and feminine words dhwarabat al umm at-twiflata related to items and rooms in a house write the feminine nouns from a list of masculine nouns 	correctness important in communication?
			design a game on feminine and masculine nouns using ICT	

devices and discu-	ss gender issues
in their day to day	y life

- Critical Thinking and Problem Solving: learners apply active listening and communication as they follow instructions on how to derive feminine nouns from the masculine ones.
- Digital literacy: learners create with technology as they design a game on feminine and masculine nouns.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

• Gender Issues: learners discuss and appreciate gender issues in their day to day lives.

Values:

• Respect: learners explore gender in both nouns and verbs they acquire awareness on the role that gender plays in society.

Link to other subjects:

• Learning is linked to German and French on aspects of gender.

Assessment Rubric					
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations	
Ability to assign nouns and verbs appropriate gender.	Learner confidently matches all nouns and verbs with the appropriate gender.	Learner matches all nouns and verbs with the appropriate gender.	Learner matches most of the nouns and verbs with the appropriate gender.	Learner has difficulty matching nouns and verbs with the appropriate gender.	
Ability to conjugate verbs	Learner always conjugates verbs according to the gender correctly.	Learner conjugates verbs according to the gender correctly.	Learner conjugates most verbs according to the gender	Learner conjugates verbs, makes errors that affect correctness	



according to the gender.			correctly, makes errors that affect correctness to a limited extent.	
Ability to follow instructions to accomplish language related tasks.	Learner confidently and correctly follows instructions in deriving feminine from the masculine nouns.	Learner correctly follows instructions in deriving feminine from the masculine nouns.	Learner most of the time follows instructions in deriving feminine from the masculine nouns.	Learner needs probing to derive feminine from the masculine nouns as per the instructions given.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
4.0 Language structures	4.4 Negation Adawat an- Nafy (3 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify different types of negating articles b) use negating articles in simple sentence construction c) value the usage of correct language structures in communication	 The learner is guided to: mention food stuffs found in a restaurant in short texts using the different types of negating articles extract the articles of negation in a given paragraph from the internet on the importance of engaging restaurant staff (<i>La Lan, Lam</i>) in groups, explain the different types of negation <i>Nahiya and Nafiya</i> construct sentences about diseases that result from unhygienic behaviours in a restaurant using negating articles 	What are negating articles?

- Communication and collaboration: learners exhibit teamwork skills as they discuss the different types of negation in groups.
- Digital literacy: learners connect using technology to extract the articles of negation from the internet.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

• Health related issues: learners construct sentences on lifestyle diseases and appreciate the importance of personal hygiene.

Values:



• Respect: learners engage with staff at the restaurant appropriately.

Link to other subjects:

• Learning is linked to Home Science in aspects of food and nutrition and all languages where learners are also taught about negating articles.

Assessment Rubric				
Indicator	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Ability to identify types of negating articles.	Learner confidently and correctly identifies negating articles.	Learner identifies negating articles correctly.	Learner sometimes identifies negating articles correctly.	Learner is assisted to identify negating articles.
Ability to use negating articles in sentences.	Learner always uses negating articles in sentences appropriately.	Learner uses negating articles in sentences appropriately.	Learner uses negating articles in sentences appropriately most of the time.	Learner has challenges using negating articles in sentences.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
4.0 Language structures	4.5 Interrogative pronouns (3 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) name interrogative pronouns based on various contexts b) use the interrogative	The learner is guided to: • list interrogative pronouns (Adawaat Al istifham) found in a short paragraph; (ma; man, mata, madha) • construct simple sentences on the importance of health	How do interrogative pronouns contribute to effective communication?
		pronouns in sentences c) recognize the importance of using interrogative pronouns for effective communication	workers using interrogative pronouns use interrogative articles on disease preventive measures in pairs search the internet to find information about caring for the sick and how to reduce risks of contamination in a hospital in pairs, extract interrogative pronouns from the given excerpts	

• Digital Literacy: learners connect using technology to retrieve information on taking care of the sick and reducing contamination risks in a hospital.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

• Disaster risk reduction: learners acquire skills on how to avert contamination in a hospital.

Values:

• Patriotism: learners appreciate caring for the sick in enhancing a healthy society.

Link to other subjects:

• Health Education and Languages covers content related to health.

Assessment F	Rubric			
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations
Ability to name interrogative pronouns.	Learner confidently names all the interrogative pronouns used in a short paragraph correctly.	Learner names the interrogative pronouns used in a short paragraph correctly.	Learner names most of the interrogative pronouns used in a short paragraph.	Learner is guided to name the interrogative pronouns used in a short paragraph.
Ability to use interrogative pronouns.	Learner exemplarily uses interrogative pronouns effectively in sentences.	Learner uses interrogative pronouns effectively in sentences.	Learner uses most interrogative pronouns effectively in sentences.	Learner hardly uses interrogative pronouns in sentences.

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
4.0 Language structures	4.6 Prepositions Huruf al Jaar (3 lessons)	Outcomes By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) list the prepositions used in the context b) use the prepositions in sentences c) recognize the importance of using prepositions for effective communication	 The learner is guided to: extract the following prepositions from a given text; (Min, ila, ala, fi) construct simple sentences on social relations using prepositions; (adhhabu ila suq maa jary) in groups discuss the importance of associating with good friends using prepositions; (Uhibbu swadiqy liannahu yadhhabu ilal masjid kulla yuamin) in pairs carry out a dialogue on living peacefully with others using prepositions and make recordings using digital devices 	Question(s) Why are prepositions important in communication?
			 participate in Arabic language club for language and personality skills development 	

- Learning to learn: learners work collaboratively to discuss the importance of using prepositions.
- Digital Literacy: learners interact with digital technology to make recordings on living peacefully with others.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

• Clubs and Societies: learners actively participate in Arabic language club for language and personality skills development.

Values:

• Peace and Unity: learners converse on how to live peacefully with others.

Link to other subjects:

• Learners link to languages where concepts of prepositions are taught.

Assessment Rubric				
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches	Below Expectations
			Expectations	
Ability to	Learner confidently	Learner correctly lists	Learner lists most of	Learner needs assistance
list	and correctly lists the	the prepositions in a	the prepositions in a	to correctly list some
prepositions	prepositions from a	given text.	given text.	common prepositions in a
from a text.	given text.			given text.
Ability to	Learner distinctively	Learner clearly uses		Learner rarely uses
use	and clearly uses	interrogative	Learner sometimes	interrogative pronouns
interrogative	interrogative	pronouns in	uses interrogative	correctly in sentences.
pronouns.	pronouns correctly in	sentences correctly.	pronouns in sentences	
	sentences.		correctly.	

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Question(s)
4.0 Language structures	4.7 Relative pronouns (3 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify relative pronouns in a passage b) use relative pronouns in constructing sentences c) appreciate the use of language structure for skills development	 The learner is guided to: underline relative pronouns in a passage (al-ladhy, al- laty, al-ladhany) match relative pronouns to corresponding nouns construct simple sentences on types of road and water transport using relative pronouns (hadha huwa alqitwar al-ladhy safartu bihi) and make presentations in class discuss the importance of observing road safety measures using relative pronouns;(usafiru bissayyarat al-laty tuutabaru aminah) with peers research online how cultural perspectives vary in different communities with regards to gender issues 	How are relative pronouns important in communication?

Core Competencies to be developed:

• Communication and collaboration: learners practise teamwork skills when discussing the importance of observing road safety measures with peers.

• Digital Literacy: learners connect using technology to research online how cultural perspectives vary in different communities.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

• Gender issues: learners observe and appreciate different relative pronouns for different genders.

Values:

• Social justice: learners appreciate different cultural perspectives on gender issues.

Link to other subjects:

• Learning is linked to other languages that have relative pronouns.

Assessment F	Assessment Rubric						
Indicators	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Approaches Expectations	Below Expectations			
Ability to identify relative pronouns.	Learner confidently and correctly identifies the relative pronouns.	Learner correctly identifies the relative pronouns.	Learner identifies most of the relative pronouns.	Learner is able to identify relative pronouns only with support.			
Ability to use relative pronouns.	Learner always constructs sentences using relative pronouns correctly.	Learner constructs sentences using relative pronouns correctly.	Learner some of the time constructs sentences correctly using relative pronouns.	Learner has challenges constructing sentences using relative pronouns.			

COMMUNITY SERVICE LEARNING (CSL) PROJECT

The CSL project is based on two themes, food and shopping and health. Beyond giving learners knowledge and skills in language competency, the project seeks to provide learners an opportunity to extend learning to financial literacy as they shop, eat and consider health issues as they eat, shop for food and choose food in restaurants. Learners will consider the relationships between language skills and the need to save, spend wisely and eat healthy. The learners will be expected to work in groups, identify a problem in the identified themes and come up with a viable solution.

1. Meaningful Learning Experience Created

Learners will apply communication skills that relate to listening, speaking, reading and writing in a project related to the theme as explained above.

2. Integration of Learning and Community Service

Learners will consider pertinent and contemporary issues such as spending wisely, eating healthy and resisting peer pressure as a life skill to make informed decisions that relate to food, shopping and health.

Strands relating to CSL project	Themes	Project Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
1. Listening and Speaking 2. Reading 3. Writing	Food and shopping Health	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify and analyse a pertinent issue in society to be addresses through the sub strands food, shopping, and health b) document the proposed plans and processes of the project for effective implementation c) apply the knowledge in food shopping, and health to generate issues related to the theme	 The learner is guided to: find out possible issues around food shopping, and health in their school community and write them down discuss the issues and come up with a priority list brainstorm and select the issue they consider most relevant brainstorm and come up with the best solution for the identified issue discuss with peers what they need to carry out the project and write them down come up with the plan for implementation of the project assign each other tasks and responsibilities generate data using tools such as questionnaires, interviews, group discussions, observation schedule 	 How can the community play a role in enhancing your learning? What role can you play in improving the community?

parent teacher association	d) address the identified problem using knowledge, skills and values acquired in the class e) appraise the mutual benefits of the project for learning and the community f) evaluate the project in relations to its objectives	 analyse the data, do a report and present it monitor and receive feedback to address the generated issues get feedback on the project in the context of its contribution to their learning and positive changes to the community assess if their solutions impacted the community positively assess if the project enhanced their skills in research, communication, life skills, community development, citizenship, leadership, financial literacy and entrepreneurship skills present the success of the project within the school setting during functions like class meetings, assembly, prize giving day and 	
 meetings to motivate others analyse if the entire project was executed in the best manner in 		within the school setting during functions like class meetings, assembly, prize giving day and parent teacher association meetings to motivate others • analyse if the entire project was	

implementation, presentation of findings, benefits and rate the	
success of the projects with proposals for improvement	

Key component of CSL developed are research, financial literacy and effective communication.

Research: Importance of research in the school / community

- The learners have the opportunity to use skills in research to identify a problem of their choice related to food, shopping and health and provide a solution to address it.
- The learners explore areas in food, shopping and health where they can apply their financial literacy skills through wise spending, saving and healthy living.
- Learners have an opportunity to consider enhancement of their communication skills.
- Learners have an opportunity to enhance their life skills in making decisions.

Core competencies to be developed:

- Critical thinking and problem solving; learners research on the generated issues and make conclusions.
- Communication and collaboration; as learners interact with each other during data collection, brainstorming sessions, presentations and when they provide feedback in the assembly etc.
- Self-efficacy; when learners are planning, assigning each other roles and mobilising resources.
- Citizenship; when learners identify beneficiaries that benefit from the knowledge and skills that they possess by changing the local community to be better in spending, saving and healthy eating.

Values

Examples

- Responsibility and respect; learners take up different roles in the project, present their feedback and assess if their solutions have impacted the community positively.
- Unity; when learners support each other to execute and implement the project together as a team.
- Social cohesion; as learners work together in groups to collect, present data and share it with the community.

• Integrity; when learners uphold transparency in the different roles and tasks that they are undertaking in the project and when presenting the success of the project with the community.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

- Financial literacy; learners consider issues in applying their financial literacy skills through wise spending, saving, healthy living and preventive health.
- Citizenship; learners explore ways in which to impact the school community by the solutions that they provide.
- Life skills; learners develop interpersonal relationships, leadership skills and conflict resolution skills when working together.
- Parental Empowerment and Engagement; as learners work together with their parents to find solutions for the issues addressed.
- Counselling services; learners present data that can be used to make informed decisions in the school and community.

Links to other subjects

Business Studies, Health Education, Home science and Social studies have elements of financial literacy, food and nutrition, citizenship, respectively.

Assessment Rubric						
Indicator	Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation		
The ability to	Learner critically	Learner defines and	Learner to some	Learner discusses a		
identify and	defines and elaborately	discusses a pertinent	extent defines and	pertinent issue to be		
analyse a pertinent	discusses a pertinent	issue to be addressed	discusses a pertinent	addressed through		
issue in society to	issue to be addressed	through food,	issue to be addressed	food, shopping and		
be addressed.	through food, shopping	shopping and health.	through food,	health. Requires		
	and health.		shopping and health.	assistance to critically		

The ability to document the proposed plans and processes of the project for effective implementation.	Learner correctly and systematically establishes resources needed, develops plans, assigns responsibilities, and generates data on the CSL project.	Learner correctly establishes resources needed, develops plans, assigns responsibilities, and generates data on the CSL project.	Learner sometimes establishes resources needed, develops plans, assigns responsibilities, and generates data on the CSL project.	examine and select the appropriate issue. Learner has difficulty establishing resources needed, developing plans, assigning responsibilities and generating data on the CSL project.
The ability to apply the knowledge in food, shopping and health to generate issues related to the theme.	Learner constantly applies the knowledge in food, shopping and health to generate issues on saving, spending wisely and health.	Learner applies the knowledge in food, shopping and health to generate issues on saving, spending wisely and health.	Learner applies the knowledge in food, shopping and health to generate issues on saving, spending wisely and health with some support.	Learner requires a lot of probing to apply the knowledge in food, shopping and health to generate issues on saving, spending wisely and health.
The ability to appraise the mutual benefits of the project for learning and the community. The ability to evaluate the project	Learner distinctively and clearly outlines the benefits of the project on the target community and own learning. Learner objectively and comprehensively	Learner clearly outlines the benefits of the project on the target community and own learning. Learner objectively evaluates if the entire	Learner outlines the benefits of the project on the target community and own learning, a few unclear. Learner evaluates if the entire project was	Learner needs a lot of assistance to outline the benefits of the project on the target community and own learning. Learner evaluates if the entire project was

in relations to its	evaluates if the entire	project was executed	executed in the best	executed in the best
objectives.	project was executed in	in the best manner in	manner in	manner in
	the best manner in	identification,	identification,	identification,
	identification, planning,	planning,	planning,	planning,
	implementation,	implementation,	implementation,	implementation,
	presentation of findings,	presentation of	presentation of	presentation of
	benefits and rates the	findings, benefits and	findings, benefits and	findings, benefits and
	success of the projects	rates the success of	rates the success of	rates the success of
	with proposals for	the projects with	the projects with	the projects with
	improvement.	proposals for	proposals for	proposals for
		improvement.	improvement,	improvement,
			exhibits some gaps.	exhibits gaps that
				require support.

Reflections

Has the project led to in-depth understanding of the concepts in food, shopping and health and development of requisite skills among learners?

Has the knowledge of the concept and its application been useful in serving the needs of the community? How have learners benefitted from interactions in terms of their knowledge and virtues?

ANNEX 1: LIST OF STRANDS, SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES, SUGGESTED ASSESSMENT METHODS AND NON-FORMAL ACTIVITIES.

Strand	Suggested learning resources	Suggested assessment methods	Non- formal activities
1.0 Listening and Speaking	 Flashcards Pictures Images Drawings Audio and video recordings Standardised tests Internet Course books DVD players Listening texts TV Charts Projectors Laptops Radio Magazines 	 Role play Discussions Observations Projects Learning logs Quizzes Portfolios Multiple choices Exit or Admit stamps Total Physical Response Peer assessment 	 Kenya Music Festival Arabic language Clubs Tandem (face-to-face or electronic) and intercultural learning School Open Days Exchange Programs Language Days Inter-House Competitions Inter-Class Competitions Inter-School Contests
2.0 Reading	Reading textsFlashcardsPictures	Reading aloudDiscussionsObservations	School Open DaysKenya Music FestivalArabic language Clubs

	 Images Drawings Poems Course books Magazines Internet Charts Posters Easy readers Menus 	 Quizzes Portfolio Reading for fluency Role play Learning logs Exit or Admit stamps Peer assessment Checklists 	 Exchange Programs Tandem (face-to-face or electronic) and intercultural learning Language Days Inter-House Competitions Inter-Class Competitions Inter-School Contests
3.0 Writing	 Audio and video recordings Internet Charts Posters Cross word puzzles Pictures Drawings Magazines Photographs Newspapers Flashcards Illustrations Journals 	 Total Physical Response Writing texts Forming sentences Peer assessment Writing menus Observations Designing brochures Matching names to pictures Filling in missing information Writing simple plays Matching of sentences 	 Exchange Programs Tandem (face-to-face or electronic) and intercultural learning Language Days School Open Days Kenya Music Festival Arabic language Clubs Inter-House Competitions Inter-Class Competitions Inter-School Contests

	- D1: 1:		
	• Recording devices		
	• Menus		
	• Brochures		
	Resource person		
4.0 Language structures	• Libraries	 Observations 	Arabic language Clubs
	 Projectors 	Writing texts	• Tandem (face-to-face or
	• Course books	• Construction of	electronic) and
	• Internet	sentences	intercultural learning
	• Charts	 Designing games 	 Language Days
	• Pictures	 Discussions 	 School Open Days
	• Drawings	Role play	Kenya Music Festival
	• Illustrations	• Checklists	 Exchange Programs
	• Newspapers	• Quizzes	Inter-House
	• Maps		Competitions
	• Chalkboard		Inter-Class
			Competitions
			• Inter-School Contests