

## **AGRICULTURE AND NUTRITION**

IARKING SCHEME

1. Identify the following soil conservation practices



2. Name the following agricultural practice for conserving water.



Give three types of planting materials used for establishing agroforestry. (3 mks

- a) Seeds.
- b) Cuttings.
- c) Seedlings.

4. Name two practices carried out when caring for established agroforestry trees. (2 mks)

- a) Mulching.
- b) Watering.
- c) Weeding.
- d) Protecting from animal damage.
- e) Removing diseases and pest infected parts.

f) Pruning.

- 5. Give three types of sites that can be used for planting crops.( 3mks)
  - a) Ground sites.
  - b) Containers sites.
  - c) On walls.
  - d) Along the fence.
  - e) Along the driveways.
- 6. Give two categories of planting materials. (2mks)
  - a) Seeds.
  - b) Vegetative materials.
- 7. List three importance of agroforestry trees in conserving the environment? (3 mks)
  - a) They control soil erosion.
  - b) They provide food for livestock and human beings.
  - c) Their leaves decompose to add nutrients to the soil.
  - d) They provide shade for livestock and shelter for crops.
  - e) They provide habitat to wild animals and birds.
  - f) They act as windbreaks.
  - g) They absorb carbon dioxide from the air and increase oxygen supply.
- 8. Give two characteristics of agroforestry trees. (2 mks)
  - a) Ability to grow alongside other crops.
  - b) Fast growing.
  - c) Have multiple uses.
  - d) Ability to fix Nitrogen into the soil.
  - e) Ability to hold soil particles together to prevent soil erosion.
- 9. Give two factors to consider when choosing agroforestry trees. (2 mks)
  - a) Select trees that protect various living organisms.
  - b) Select trees which control soil erosion.
  - c) Select trees which provide multiple products.
  - d) Select trees which provide nutrients to the soil.
- **10.** Name two types of vegetative planting materials.(2 mks)

- b) Suckers.
- c) Vines.
- d) Bulbils.
- e) Splits.
- f) Tubers.
- g) Crowns.

11. State effective methods and techniques for soil conservation.

- a) Grass water ways
- b) Stone lines
- c) Trash lines
- d) Bunds
- e) Crop rotation
- f) Contour Plowing:
- g) Terracing:
- h) Windbreaks:
- i) Strip Cropping:
- j) Conservation Tillage:
- k) Cover Crops:
- 1) Mulching:
- m) Conservation Buffer Strips
- 12. Why is it important to add value to animal products?(2mks)
  - a) To increase the shelf life.
  - b) To reduce their bulkiness/make them lighter for easy transportation and storage.
  - c) To get a variety of products.
- 13. Identify the following agricultural technologies. (2mks)



Wick irrigated garden



Innovated drip irrigation.

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14. Identify the primary threats to soil conservation Chemical contamination Slash and burn Land overuse, Overgrazing, etc.

- 15. Why is soil conservation a important?
- a) Preserving Agricultural Productivity:
- b) Protecting Ecosystems and Biodiversity:
- c) Water Quality and Quantity:
- d) Climate Change Mitigation
- e) Mitigating Soil Erosion:

## 16. Name five Benefits of Soil Conservation

- a) Sustaining Agricultural Productivity: Preventing Soil Erosion:
- b) Enhancing Water Quality: Mitigating Climate Change:
- c) Conserving Biodiversity and Ecosystems:
- d) Improves soil quality and productivity
- e) Optimizes water infiltration.
- f) Provides food and shelter

17. State four techniques to apply in water harvesting for farming.

- a) Shallow Water Pans
- b) Water Ponds
- c) Water Tanks
- d) Sand Dams
- e) Grey Water Recycling
- f) Contour Trenching
- g) Fog Harvesting
- h) Gutter Installation

**18.** Identify the following water harvesting techniques

