

7

2024

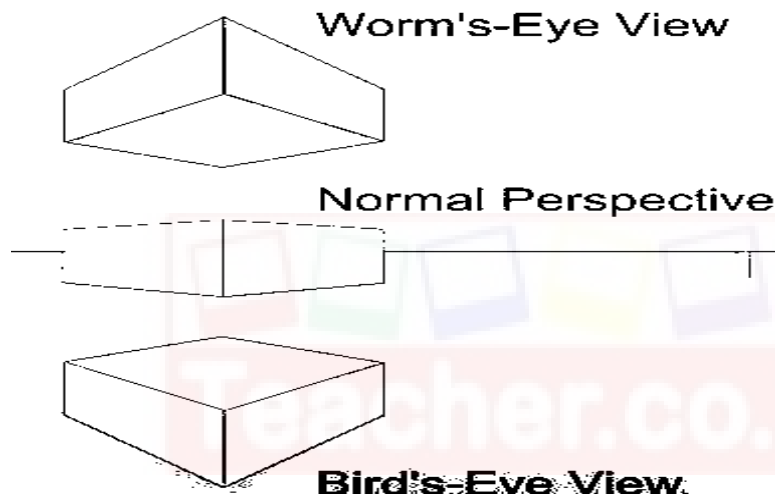
COMPETENCE BASED CURRICULUM

JUNIOR SCHOOL

CREATIVE ARTS

MARKING SCHEME

1. Name the following types of eye views. (3mks)



2. What are 3d art forms?(3 mks)

These are artworks that have length, width and height. These artworks have volume. They can be turned around and viewed from more than one direction.

3. Name three examples of 3d artworks (3 mks)

- Pottery.
- Sculpture.
- Basketry.
- Ornaments.

4. Define (6 mks)

a. A still life drawing

Is a drawing of non-moving objects on a surface. Can be done from observation, memory or imagination.

b. A composition

Means arranging or placing different objects together.

c. Painting

Is a picture making technique that involves application of colour on a surface.

5. List down three tools and materials used in painting.(3 mks)

- a. Papers.
- b. Pencils.
- c. Ruler.
- d. Paint.
- e. Sponge.
- f. Paint brush
- g. Pair of compasses.
- h. Protractor.
- i. Palettes.

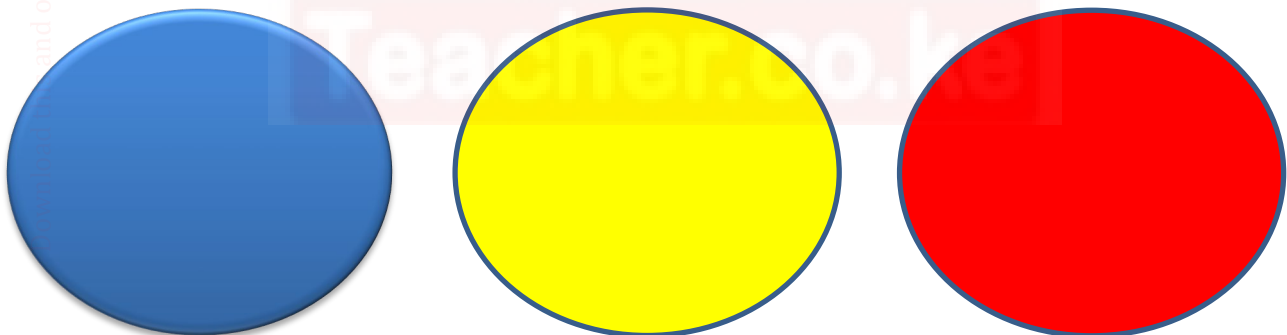
6. What is a colour wheel?(2 mks)

A colour wheel is an arrangement of colours on a circular diagram to show how they and are related to each other.

7. Name three primary colours. (3 mks)

- a. Yellow
- b. Red
- c. Blue

8. On the circles below, insert the colours you have identified as primary colours.(6 mks)



9. Name some examples of analogous colours: (2mks)

- a) Red.
- b) Red orange.
- c) Orange.

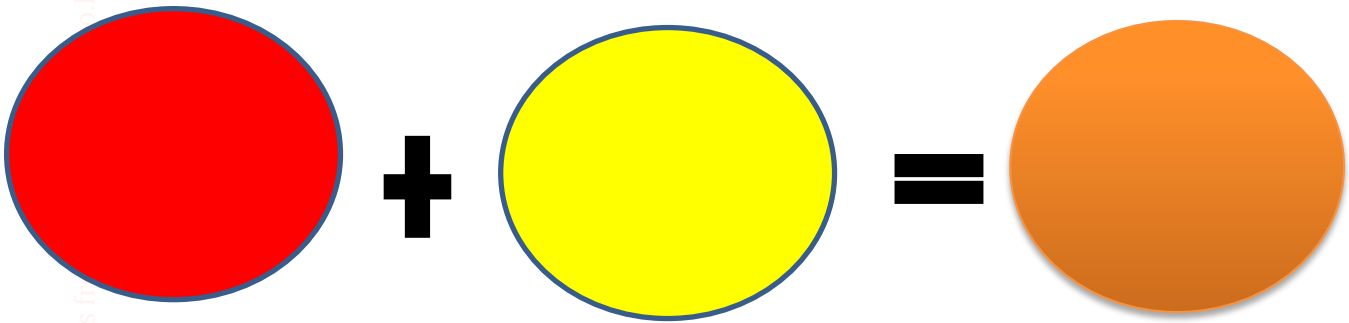
10. There are three basic properties of colours. Namely(3 mks)

- a. Hue.
- b. Intensity.
- c. Value.

11. What is perspective?(2mks)

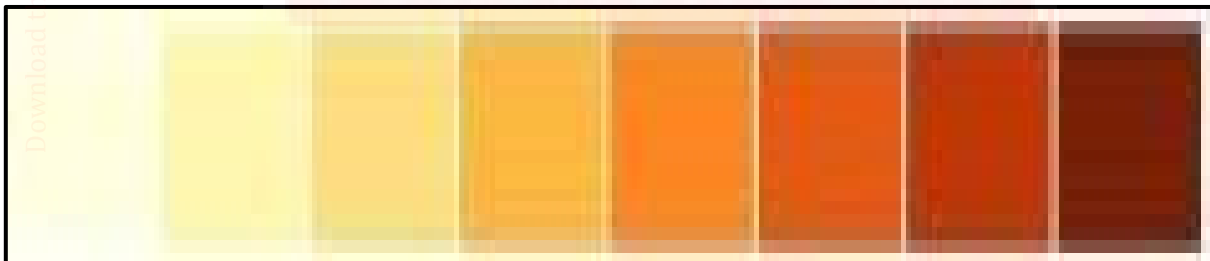
- Perspective is a way objects appear in relation to each other depending on the distance from and position of the viewer.

12. **State three components of perspective. (3mks)**
- Projection lines or Convergence lines.
 - Vanishing points.
 - Horizon.
13. By adding white to make the colour lighter. This is called tinting. (1mk)
14. By adding black to make the colour darker. This is called shading. (1mk)
15. **Demonstrate using painting to show intensity scale. Mix primary colour to get orange then using appropriate procedure, paint to show intensity(7 mks)**



Red + Yellow = Orange

16. Using the strip below, make a colour gradation strip by appropriately mixing red and yellow in their appropriate proportions

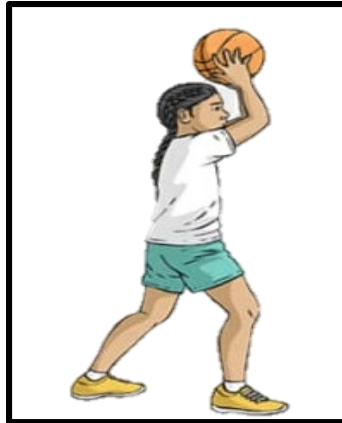


Learners must appropriately mix yellow and red to get orange (shading of colour)

17. Identify the type of pass demonstrated below.(3 mks)



Underarm pass



Overhead pass



Chest pass

18. Which type of game is shown below? **netball**(1 mk)



19. Identify the type of marking illustrated below.(2 mks)



Marking player with a ball



marking player without a ball

20. From the game of netball, what do you think these two players are doing? (1 mk)



Marking

21. Which of the following is not a punishment in the game of handball?

- A. 5 minutes suspension
- B. Yellow card
- C. 2 minutes suspension
- D. Red card

22. A centre player is offside whether he or she enters which part of the netball court?

Goal area (1 mk)

23. Which is the most common type of injury in a netball game?

- a) sprains,
- b) bruising,
- c) fractures and
- d) dislocation (1 mk)

24. What does a referee do to start a netball game? (1 mk)

By blowing the whistle.

25. Identify the materials needed in the game of handball. (2 mks)

- a. Balls
- b. Red Cards
- c. Whistle
- d. Yellow Cards

26. Give two types of passes in a game of handball. (2 mks)

- a. Jump pass
- b. Side pass
- c. flick pass

27. Define the following terms. (4 mks)

a. Reception.

Is the act of receiving the ball with one or both hands.

b. Passing

It is delivering the ball to a team mate during play in a handball game.

c. Pivoting

It is the act of turning with one foot on the ground while the other foot makes repeated short steps.

d. Marking

It is a defensive action that limits the chances of attacking players gaining possession of the ball.

28. What size is a handball court? (1 mk)

- a. 20 by 30m
- b. 20 by 40m**

b. 20 by 40m

c. 20 by 50 m

d. 20 by 60 m

29. Penalties are thrown from what distance in a game of handball?

7

Metres from the goal line.(1 mk)

30. Identify the type of game played using the ball below.(1 mk)

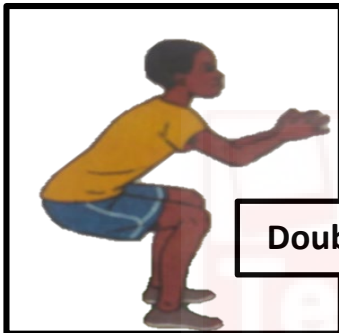


Netball

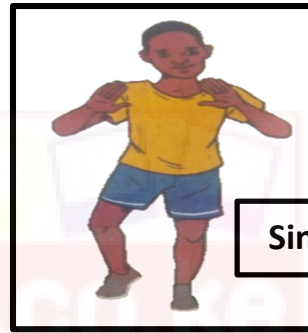
31. How many seconds after catching the ball does a player have to pass or shoot in netball game?

3 Seconds(1 mk)

32. Identify two landing techniques in footwork in netball.(2 mks)



Double Foot Landing



Single Foot Landing

33. How many players from each team are allowed to be on the field in a netball game?

7 Players (1 mk)

34. How long does a netball game last?

60 Minutes (1 mk)

35. Which type of performance has been shown below?







Dance

36. Say why the injuries happened above
- i. Too high speed
 - ii. Sticks on the floor
 - iii. Slippery floor
 - iv. Poor stage formation
 - v. Unconsciousness of the dancer
 - vi. Uncoordinated body movements etc
37. State four ways to make sure that you are safe when dancing
- a. **Maintaining correct speed**
 - b. **Good stage formation**
 - c. **Avoiding too much use of props**
 - d. **Proper rehearsal before stage performance to avoid panic and falling unconscious**
 - e. **Checking stage to remove things that might cause falls**
 - f. **Ensuring the floor/stage is properly dry**
 - g. **Proper spacing of the dancers etc**
38. Name some of the activities dancers need to do before a performance on stage.
- a. **Rehearsal**
 - b. **Taking water to avoid panic**
 - c. **Exercise and relieving oneself**
 - d. **Making sure one is conversant with the stage etc**
39. A person who leads a song performance is called a **soloist**
40. What are the functions of a soloist in a song performance?
- a) **Lead the song**
 - b) **Give clues**
 - c) **Change tone**
 - d) **Change formations**
 - e) **Starting the dance**
 - f) **Ending dance**
 - g) **Help capture the message and the mood of the dance**
 - h) **Pitching the dance songs**
 - i) **Cuing dance on the change of melodies, movements and dance**

formations.

41. Tufanye sote bidii is a line in Kiswahili Kenya National Anthem. In which verse is the line found? **3**
42. Write the French rhythms for the following.

Note symbol	Note name
	crotchet
	quavers
	minim
	semibreve

43. A guitar produces sound when it is **plucked**
44. What is the function of a resonator in a drum?

Amplify sound



THIS IS THE LAST PRINTED PAGE

.....*Every learner counts*.....