**MOMALICHE 2 CYCCLE 10**

***Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education (K.C.S.E)***

 **311/2**

**HISTORY**

**MARKING SCHEME**

Paper 2

1. Identify the theory explaining that the world and all that is in was created by a special supreme being. (1mk)

***- Creation theory(1 x 1 =1mk)***

1. Name the group of old stone age man, who is associated with oldwan tools. (1mk)

***- Austrolopithecus,***

***- Homo habilis***

***(1 x 1 = 1mk)***

1. Name **two** ancient writing in Mesopotamia and Egypt. (2mks)
* ***Mesopotamia – Cuneiform***
* ***Egypt – Hieroglyphics,***

***(2 x 1 = 2mks)***

1. Give two forms of traditional currency used in Africa. (2mks)
* ***Gold,***
* ***clothes***
* ***cowries shells***
* ***iron***
* ***copper***

***(2 x 1 = 2mks)***

1. Give two forms of water transport used during ancient times. (2mks)
* ***Rafts***
* ***Canoes***
* ***Dhows***
* ***boats***

***(2 x 1 = 2mks)***

1. State two uses of horn blowing in traditional African societies. (2mks***)***

***- To announce take over of a new ruler***

***- Calling warriors to war***

***- Announcing commencement of various ceremonies***

***(Any two 2 x1 = 2mks)***

1. State one reason why African slaves were preferred during the Trans- Atlantic slave trade. (1mk)

***- Were thought to be resistant to many diseases***

***- Were readily available in large numbers***

***- Were thought to be adaptable to hot and humid tropical climate***

1. ***x 1 = 1mk)***
2. Identify two chartered companies used to administer East Africa during the process of colonization. ***(2mks)***

***- Imperial British East Africa Company***

***- German East Africa Company***

***(1 x1 = 1mk)***

1. State two factors that facilitated scientific revolution in Europe from 14th century. (2mks)

***- Renaissance time made people develop interest in research/ learning***

***- Governments and individual financed scientific research***

***- Religion failed to answer all questions (Any 2 x 1 = 2mks)***

1. Give two duties of the Katikiro in the Buganda community. (2mks)

***- Collected taxes***

***- Planned wars***

***- Informed Kabaka about war***

***- Planned public works***

 ***(2 x 1 = 2mks)***

1. State one main function of the royal fire in Mwene Mtapa Kingdom. (1mk)

***- Sign of unity (unifying factor)***

***(1 x 1 = 1mk)***

1. Identify one way through which the Europeans maintained peace among themselves during the partition of Africa. (1mk)

***- Signing treaties among themselves***

***- Organizing the Berlin conference to lay down guiding principles of partition (2 x 1 = 2mks)***

1. Name two former Portuguese colonies in Africa. (2mks)

***- Angola***

***- Mozambique***

***- Guinea Bissau***

 ***- Cape verde***

***(2 x 1 =2mks)***

14.Give one specialized UN agency which finances development programmes in developing Nations. (1mk)

***- The International Bank for Reconstruction and Development or World Bank***

 ***- The International Monetary Fund(IMF)*** ***(1 x 1 = 1mk)***

15. Give the immediate cause of the first world war (1mk)

 ***- Assassination in Sarajevo of Archduke Franz Ferdinard (1 x 1= 1mk)***

16.Name one type of dwellings used by early man during Old Stone Age periods (1mk)

 ***-Rock shelters***

 ***-On top of trees***

 ***- Caves***

 ***- Tree trunks (1 x 1= 1mk)***

17. Give one military organization formed by power blocks during the cold war period.(1mk)

***- War saw pact-USSR***

***- North Atlantic treaty organization (NATO)-USA***

***(1 x 1= 1mk)***

***SECTION B(ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS)***

1. a Give three stages in the evolution of man after Homo Habilis. (3mks)

 ***Homo – Erectus***

***- Homo – Sapiens***

***- Homo Sapiens sapiens***

1. ***x 1 = 3mks)***

b) Explain six cultural practices of Homo-erectus during the old stone age period. (12mks)

 ***-Made tools and weapons (Acheullian tools)***

 ***- Lived in caves and tree –tops***

 ***- Hairy body kept them warm***

 ***- Ate raw meat, fruits, vegetables, insects and roots***

 ***- Lived in small groups for security purposes***

 ***- Used gestures for communication***

 ***- Hunted animals***

 ***- They gathered wild fruits and honey***

1. ***x 2 = 12mks)***

19 a Outline three disadvantages of road transport. (3mks)

 - ***High number of accidents on roads leads to lose of life***

***- Pollution caused by exhaust fumer***

***- The use of roads is limited to specific areas i.e cannot go beyond land.***

***- Construction of all weather roads is expensive***

***- Due to increased number of vehicles on roads traffic congestion is a***

***major concern in most cities and towns***

 ***- When roads become impassable especially those that are not all weather roads***

 ***- The quantity of goods carried is limited as roads cannot carry bulky goods compared to the railway***

 ***(3 x 1 = 3mks).***

b) Explain six positive effects of telecommunication in modern society. (12mks)

***- Improved communication***

 ***- Education of the public through media***

 ***- In the transport of ship at sea and Aeroplane in the air co-ordinates***

***through telecommunication.***

 ***- Exploration of outer space – satellites sent to space send information***

 ***- Promotes national unity***

 ***- Provides employment***

1. ***x 2 = 12mks)***

20 a Give three systems of administration used by the colonists in Africa. (3mks)

 ***- Direct rule***

 ***- Assimilation***

***- Indirect rule***

***- Association***

***(Any 3 x1 = 3mks)***

***b)*** Explain six results of the collaboration between the British and Lewanika. (12mks***)***

***- Bulozi lost their independence to the British***

 ***- They lost most of their land to the British***

 ***- Lewanika was made a paramount cheif***

 ***- Bulozi got the British protection against their enemies Ndebele***

 ***- Led to introduction of western education and development of***

***infrastructure in Barotseland***

 ***-Lewanik’s son and his people received Western education***

 ***(6 x2 = 12mks)***

21 a. Give three methods used by Mozambican nationalists to struggle for Independence. (3mks)

***a) - Guerrilla warfare***

***- Through press which articulated African grievances***

***- Formation of associations***

***- Strikes against forced labour and poor working conditions in 1947 and 1956***

***- Formation of political parties like FRELIMO, UDENAMO,UNAM and MANU***

***- Civil education from FRELIMO***

b) Explain six challenges faced by FRELIMO in nationalist struggle

 ***- Internal division due to ideological differences and selfish ambitions***

 ***- Apartheid regime in South Africa and unilateral Declaration of independence in***

 ***S. Rhodesia joined forces with Portuguese against FRELIMO.***

 ***- Competition from rural guerilla movements such as Revolutionary Committee of***

 ***Mozambique.***

***- Attack of FRELIMO from the church claiming that it was a terrorist organization, thus many church followers were reluctant to join.***

***- Asassination of Eduardo Mondlane in Dar-es salam in February 3rd 1969 demotivated the Africans from active nationalist struggle.***

***- Shortage of basic needs among the Africans in the initial stages of the war.***

***- Portuguese used ruthless and cruel methods in suppressing the FRELIMO supporters such as massacre of 400 civilians at Wiriyamu in December 1972.***

***(6 x 2 = 12mks)***

***SECTION C( ANSWERANY TWO QUESTIONS)***

1. a Give three reasons why the British used direct rule to administer Zimbabwe.(3mks)

 ***- They desired to control the economy of Zimbabwe***

***- Local political institutions based on Induna system had been destroyed during the British occupation of Zimbabwe.***

***- To ensure complete control of African to end African resistance***

***- Company officials in the area were familiar with the area and British system of administration.***

***- Adequate finance for administration from the colony.***

***- Adequate personnel from the white settlers***

***(3 x1 = 3mks)***

 b)Explain six reasons for the failure of majimaji rebellion (12mks)

***-African were not organized in their resistance***

***-Germany had superior weapons***

***-Germany’s applied scorched earth policy***

***-Failure of magic water to protect Africans***

***-Lack of unity and co-ordination among Africans***

***-Africans weakened by 1907 famine***

 ***( 6 x 2 = 12mks)***

23a.Apart from Britain name three permanent member states of the UN security council.(3mks)

***- USA***

***- France***

***- Russia***

***- China***

***(3 x 1 = 3mks)***

 ***b)*** Explain six causes of the cold war after 1945. (12mks)

 ***-Ideological difference between capitalist USA and the communist USSR***

 ***- Arms race and failure of the two powers to agree on arm reduction plan.***

 ***- Economic rivalry and formation of marshal plan by USA and COMECON by USSR***

 ***- Formation of military alliances and military support to opponents enemies.***

 ***- Use of Russian veto powers in the UN to defeat USA proposal.***

 ***- Differences over Germany as USA wanted a strong Germany to assist in economic prosperity in other European nations while the soviet union wanted a Politically weak Germany***

***(6 x 2 = 12mks)***

***24*** a Name the three countries that formed tripple entente (3mks)

***- Britain***

 ***- France***

***- Russia (3 x 1= 3mks)***

b) Discuss six results of the first world war (12mks)

***-Many people died***

***-There was destruction of property***

***-Formation of league of nations to maintain peace in the world***

***-The war led to creation of new nations in Europe***

***-Large sums of money were spent on the purchase of war equipments.***

***-The war weakened Europe’s economic activities***

***-The war created refugee problem in Europe many people were displaced .*** ***(6 x 2 = 12mks)***