NAME:

## FLOATING AND SINKING

1. $C$
2. B
3. A
4. B
5. B
6. 

a. $100 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
b. $0.13 \times 100=13 \mathrm{~N}$
c. 13 N
d. float
7.
(i) Weight of the substance in air $=6 \mathrm{~N}$

Weight of the substance in water $=4 \mathrm{~N}$
Lost weight of the substance in water $=6-4=2 \mathrm{~N}[1 \mathrm{~m}]$
Upthrust acting on the body = Loss of weight of the substance in water
$=2 \mathrm{~N}$ [1m]
(ii) Weight of water displaced $=2 \mathrm{~N}[1 \mathrm{~m}]$

Volume of water displaced $=200 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
Volume of the substance $=200 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ [1m]
R.D. of the substance $=w t$. of the substance in air/loss in wt in water

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =6 \mathrm{~N} / 2 \mathrm{~N} \\
& =3
\end{aligned}
$$

8. 

(i) when the cork is under water, despite its weight, there is some force, called upthrust,
which pushes it upwards[1m].
(ii)

Volume of the body submerged in the liquid - (V), or volume of the liquid displaced - (V) [1m]
Density of the liquid - (d) [1m]
Acceleration due to gravity - (g) [1m]
i.e., Upthrust $=\mathrm{V} \times \mathrm{d} \times \mathrm{g}$
[Total 4m]

