#### LOCAL AUTHORITIES IN KENYA

- 1. Name any one officer of municipal council who is appointed by the public service commission.
  - (i) The town clerk
  - (ii) The treasurer
  - (iii) The engineer
  - (iv) The medical officer of health
  - (v) Municipal education officer

(any 1 x 1 = 1 mark)

- 2. a) Name three types of local authorities in Kenya.
  - (i) City councils
  - (ii) Municipal council
  - (iii) Town council
  - (iv) County council
  - (v) Urban council

Any  $3 \times 1 = 3 \text{ marks}$ 

- b) Explain the services offered by local authorities.
  - (i) They provide street lighting
  - (ii) Ensure safety of residents
  - (iii) Provide houses to residents & approves housing plans for individuals and companies
  - (iv) Maintain roads within their areas of jurisdiction.
  - (v) Provide education facilities to residents
  - (vi) Provide recreational facilities e.g. stadium, social hall
  - (vii) Provide health facilities
  - (viii) Provide employment opportunities & training to many people.
  - (ix) Provide water & sewerage services, collect garbage in towns & provide proper sanitation.
  - (x) Burying unclaimed bodies/offer cemeteries.
  - (xi) Link the people with the government of Kenya through elected leaders.
  - (xii) Mobilize local resources and energy in carrying projects within their areas
  - (xiii) They promote commercial activities by building and maintaining markets .
  - (xiv) They make by-laws that regulate the activities and behaviour of those living in their areas of jurisdiction.
  - (xv) Maintain public areas such as squares and gardens

Any  $6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ marks}$ 

- 3. Mention two senior officers in Local Authority appointed by the minister of Local government in conjunction with the public service commission (2mks)
- clerk
- treasurer
- engineer

- medical officer of health. Any 2 = 2mks

### 4.(a) Identify five types of Local Authorities in Kenya

- -City council
- -Urban council
- -Municipal council
- -Town council
- -County council
- -Area council

### (b) Explain the functions of Local Authorities in Kenya

- -local authorities construct and maintain transport network in their areas of jurisdiction
- -they provide social service to the people in their areas
- -provision of recreation facilities e.g social hall, stadium
- facilitate business transaction between people by providing market
- issuing of trade license
- offers employment opportunities
- Provision of water and sewerage services

## 5. Name one local Authority responsible for the administration of rural areas

- County Council
- Area council

 $1 \times 1 = 1 \text{ mark}$ 

## 6. Name the political head of a town council in Kenya (1mk)

- Chairman / chair person .

 $1 \times 1 = 1 mk$ 

## 7. Name two types of local government authorities in Kenya. (2 mks)

- i) City council
- ii) Urban council
- iii) Municipality
- iv) Town council
- v) Area council

(Any 2 x 1 = 2 mk)

### 8. Ways on how the central government controls city councils

- -The government appoints professionals officers to serve in the council e.g engineers
  - -Enact laws under which the council operates
  - -Approve council by-laws before they become operational
  - -Approval of loan application before disbursing funds
- -Can appoint a commission to investigate the operations and financial mismanagement of the councils if such arise
  - -Appointment of nominated councilors to the city council
- -Dissolve councils which failed to perform and appoint a committee to run the council (5x2=10mks)

# 9a) Name <u>three</u> types of local authorities in Kenya (3mks)

- i) City council
- ii) Municipal council
- iii) Town council
- iv) Urban council
- v) County/area

## 3x1 = 3mks

# b) Name three types of local authorities in Kenya (3mks)

- i) Over employment.
- ii) Misappropriation/embezzlement of funds / corruption
- iii) Inadequate trained personal to provide services.
- iv) Inadequate funds/poverty.
- v) Lack of autonomy due to government control.
- vi) Political interference.
- vii) Street families
- viii) Increased crime rate.
- ix) Vandalism/grabbing of public property
- x) Population increase.
- xi) Unplanned structures.
- xii) Varied sizes/too small to generate enough revenue to offer services to the people while other are too large and their population too high.
- xiii) Traffic congestion/air pollution/Noise pollution.
- xiv) Illiterate councilors
- xv) Growth of slums
- xvi) Duplication of roles.

6x2 = 12mks