SCHOOL NAME: WAVES II

1.

(a) constant phase difference B1 [1] (b) allow wavelength estimate 750 nm \rightarrow 550 nm C1 separation = $\ddot{e}D / x$ C1 = (650 × 10⁻⁹ × 2.4) / (0.86 × 10⁻³) = 1.8 mm. A1 [3] (allow 2 marks from inappropriate estimate if answer is in range 10 cm \rightarrow 0.1 mm) (c) no longer complete destructive interference / amplitudes no longer completely cancel.. M1 so dark fringes are lighter.. A1 [2]

2.

(a)
$$\frac{\sin i}{\sin r} \frac{c}{r} \frac{c}{v}$$
 with terms for each expression defined; 1
(b) $=\frac{3.0 \times 10^8}{2.1 \times 10^8}$;
 $= 1.4$; 2
(c) speed of light in a medium depends on frequency; the refractive index depends on frequency; light of different frequencies refracted by different amounts / *OWTTE*; 3

3.

superposition of two waves / OWTTE; of same frequency and amplitude travelling in opposite directions;	2
stationary/standing wave is set up in the tube; heaps form at the (displacement) nodes / powder pushed away from antinodes;	2
wavelength = (2 × 9.3 =) 18.6 cm; speed = (1800 × 0.186 =) 330 m s-1; ECF if value of wavelength wrong.	2
	Superposition of two waves / OWTTE; of same frequency and amplitude travelling in opposite directions; stationary/standing wave is set up in the tube; heaps form at the (displacement) nodes / powder pushed away from antinodes; wavelength = $(2 \times 9.3 =) 18.6 \text{ cm};$ speed = $(1800 \times 0.186 =) 330 \text{ m s-1};$ ECF if value of wavelength wrong.

(c) heaps further apart means longer wavelength; hence speed increases (as temperature rises); [6]

[f	Do no fallac	t award if there is no reasoning or reasoning is ious or misleading.	2
((i)	the phase difference between light leaving S ₁ and S ₂ is constant; Do not penalize the candidate if they state "has the same phase".	1
((ii)	to produce sufficient diffraction; for the beams to overlap; <i>OWTTE</i> ;	2 max

4.