NAME:

FLUID FLOW

I. Bernoulli's principle describes the property of a

A. fluid in motionB. fluid at restC. object submerged in a fluid.D. object floating in a fluid.

2. According to Bernoulli's principle if velocity increases pressure _____.

- A. Increases
- B. Decreases
- C. Stays the same
- D. None of the Above

3. According to Bernoulli's principle, if pressure increases then velocity must

- A. DecreaseB. IncreaseC. Does Nothing.
- D. None of the Above

4. If the pressure under the wing of an airplane is greater than the pressure on top of the wing, the airplane should _____.

A. Fall B. Land C. Lift D. A and B 5. a) What is meant by?(i) Streamline flow [Im]

(ii) Turbulent flow [1m]

b) (i) State the equation of continuity. Define any symbols used. [Im]

(ii) In deriving the equation of continuity, what three assumptions are made? [3m] (iii) Water flows along a horizontal pipe of cross sectional area 48cm² which has a constriction of cross sectional area 12cm³ at one place. If the speed of the water at the constriction is 4ms⁻¹, calculate the speed in the wider section. [2m]

c) (i) State Bernoulli's effect. [1m]

(ii) Give three examples of Bernoulli's effect in air.

[3m]

Figure **below** shows a section of a pipe XY. A constant pressure difference maintains a streamline flow of a liquid in the pipe.



If the cross-sectional area A_1 at X is less than A_2 ay Y, state how the liquid velocity V_2 at Y compares with V_1 at X.

[Im]

6.