

EUROPEAN INVASION OF AFRICA AND THE PROCESS OF COLONIZATION

1. Name the territories acquired from France by Germany during Franco-Prussian war of 1870.

(2 marks)

2. Mention the role of religion in Chimurenga uprising. (1 mark)

3. State the main political factor that sparked off the scramble and partition of Africa among the European powers (1mk)

4 a) Name three treaties signed between Lewanika and the British representatives (3mrks)

b.) Explain six factors which influenced Lewanika of the Balozzi to collaborate with the British (12mrks)

5. State **two** terms that were agreed upon during the Berlin conference (1884 - 1885) by the European powers 2Mrks

6. a. State **five** benefits enjoyed by the assimilated Africans in the four communes of Senegal during the colonial period (5 Mrks)

b. Explain **five** factors that undermined the application of assimilation policy by the French 10 (Mrks)

7. Mention two territorial disputes that made it necessary to convene the Berlin conference (2mks)

8. Name three political antagonists who were involved in 1960 Congo crisis (3mks)

9. Give **two** political factors that contributed to the scramble and partition of Africa. (2 mks)

10. State **one** economic effect of the Chimurenga war. (1 mk)

11. a) Give **three** reasons why Lewanika made his people to collaborate with the British. (3mks)

b) Explain **six** effects of the Buganda collaboration with the British. (12mks)

12. Where was Samoure Toure of the Mandinka deported to after his capture in 1898? (1mk)

13. Identify two political antagonists in the 1960 Congo crisis. (2mks)

14. Give three communities that collaborated with Europeans in Africa. (3mks)
15. **State one** the condition given to king Lobengula of Ndebele when he signed a treaty with Rev Robert Moffat during the scramble for Africa. (1mk)
16. **State two** treaties signed between Lewanika of Lozi and the British during the process of European colonization. (2mks)
17. (a) **State** the roles of Christian missionaries in European colonization of Africa. (5mks)
- (b) **Explain five** reasons why Kabaka Mutesa of Buganda kingdom collaborated with the British in the 19th century (10mks)
18. State two reasons why Kabaka Mutesa I welcomed Christian missionaries into his Kingdom in the nineteenth century (2mks)
19. a) Identify five challenges which European colonialists faced as they established their rule in Africa (5mks)
- b) Explain five reforms that were introduced by the German administration after the Majimaji uprising. (10mks)
20. Give **one** strategic factor that led to European invasion of Africa and the process of colonization (1mk)
21. a) Give **three** terms of Buganda Agreement of 1900 (3mks)
- b) Discuss the results of African collaboration with the Europeans in the twentieth century (12mks)
22. Name two African leaders who collaborated with European imperialists during the 19th Century. (2mks)
23. Identify two chartered companies which were used to administer European possessions in Africa. (2mks)
24. Name the treaty which marked the spheres of influence in East Africa in 1886. (1mk)

25. State two missionary factors that contributed to the European scramble for and partition of Africa. (2mks)

26. Give any two terms of the Berlin conference (1884-1885) in West Germany.

(2mks).

27. Identify two chartered companies which were used to administer European possessions in Africa. (2mks)

28. Name one strategic factor which led to the scramble for colonies in Africa in the 19th century. (1mk)

29. (a) Give five terms of the coryndon treaty of 1900 between Lewanika of Lozi and the British. (15mks)

(b) What were the results of collaboration between Lewanika of Lozi and the British in the 19th century? (10mks)

30. Name two African communities that participated in the maji maji rebellion 1905 – 1907. (2 mks)

31. (a) Give five reasons why the Buganda collaborated with the British. (5 mks)

(b) Explain the results of Buganda collaboration with the British. (10 mks)

32. What was the main cause of the failure of the Mwangi revolt of 1897 against the British. (1mk)

33. Identify the main aim of the Berlin conference between 1884 and 1885. (1mk)

34. Mention one way through which Samore Toure used diplomacy to prevent the French invasion of Mandinka (1mk)

35. a) List down five reasons why Kabaka Mutesa Collaborated with the British (5mks)

b) Discuss the results of Lewanika with the British (10mks)

36. State **two** reasons why Kabaka Mutesa had to welcome Christian missionaries to Buganda (2mks)

37. State **two** causes of the 1973 economic crisis in Congo. (2mks)

38. a)What were the terms of the Berlin conference of 1884 – 1885
(5mks)

b)Explain the political effects of European partition and colonialism of Africa.
(10mks)

39. Name **two** chartered companies which were used to administer European colonial possessions in Africa. (2 marks)

40. State **one** way through which the European maintained peace among themselves during the partition of Africa (1 mark)

41.State two economic impacts of the partition of Africa. (2mks)

42.Mention one provision in the Buganda agreement on Land (1mk)

43. In which one way did Lewanika benefit by collaborating with the British. (1mk)