**NAME……………………………………………………… INDEX NUMBER…………………..**

**SCHOOL………………………………………….SIGNATURE…………………………………..**

**ADM NO…………………………….STREAM………………………DATE:……………………..**

**311/2**

**HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT**

**PAPER 2**

**2 HRS 30 MINS**

**DECEMBER 2021**

**BUNAMFAN CLUSTER EXAMINATION 2021**

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

1. This paper consists of **three** sections; **A, B** and **C**
2. Answer **All** the questions in section **A, three** questions from section **B** and **two** questions from section C
3. All questions must be answered in the answer booklet provided.

**FOR EXAMINERS’ USE**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **SECTION A** | **SECTION B** | **SECTION C** | **TOTAL** |
| **1-17** |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

**SECTION A (25MARKS)**

***Answer All questions from this section***

1. Identify **two** areas of study of political history (2 marks)
2. Mention the earliest stone tool that was used by early man during the Old Stone Age. (1 mark)
3. Give the main reason why early agriculture developed in Egypt. (1mark)
4. Give **two** inventions which encouraged production of perishable agricultural goods during the agrarian revolution. (2 marks)
5. State **two** ways in which Africans participated in the Trans-Atlantic Trade. (2 marks)
6. State **two** ways in which railway transport promoted industrialization in Europe. (2marks)
7. Give one reason why coal was used as the main source of industrial power in Britain during the Industrial Revolution. (1mark)
8. Identify **one** social functions of the Ancient city of Athens in Greece. (1mark)
9. State the main function of the Golden stool in the Asante Empire during the pre-colonial period. (1mark)
10. Give **one** contribution of religion in the Maji Maji rebellion. (1mark)
11. Why was Ethiopia not colonized by the Europeans in the nineteenth century? (1mark)
12. Identify **two** ways in which Samori Touré acquired fire arms during the Mandinka Resistance. (2 marks)
13. Identify **one** political reform introduced by President de Klerk that led to the achievement of black majority rule in South Africa. (1mark)
14. Give **one** weapon used during the cold war. (1mark)
15. Name **two** agencies of the United Nations Organization which deal with the problem of health. (2marks)
16. Give **two** non-British colonies who are members of the Commonwealth. (2marks)
17. State **two** components of Congress in U.S.A. (2 marks)

**SECTION B (45 MARKS)**

***Answer only THREE questions from this section***

1. a) State **three** disadvantages of hunting as an economic activity of the early man. (3marks)

b) Describe the way of life of human being during the old Stone Age period. (12 marks)

19 a) Highlight five problems faced by factory works in Europe during the industrial revolution (5 marks)

 b) Explain **five** factors that enabled West Germany to recover her industrialization quickly after the Second World War. (10 marks)

20. a) Outline **three** tactics employed by Samori Touré of the Mandinka to resist the French rule (3 marks)

 b) Explain **six** results of Lozi collaboration (12 marks)

21 (a) Give three principles of Arusha Declaration of 1967 in Tanzania. (3 marks)

 (b) Explain six political challenges in Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC) since independence (12 marks)

**SECTION C (30 MARKS)**

***Answer only TWO questions from this section***

22. a) State **five** Terms of the Versailles Treaty (5 marks)

 b) Explain **five** social results of the Second World War (10 marks)

23. a) Highlight **five** aims for the formation of Pan Africanism (5 marks)

 b) Explain **five** problems the African Union has encountered since its formation in 2001. (10 marks)

24. a) State **five** sources of the British constitution. (5 marks)

 b) Explain **five** functions of the U.S Federal Government. (10 marks)