**NAME: ……………………………………. INDEX NUMBER: ………….…………….…………….. SCHOOL………………………………. SIGNATURE: ……………………… DATE:……………….**

**311/2**

**HISTORY & GOVERNMENT**

**PAPER 2**

**FORM 4**

**TIME: 2½ HOURS**

**DECEMBER EXAM 2021**

**KENYA CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION**

**HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT**

**PAPER 2**

**INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES**

1. Write your **name**, **index number** and **school** in the spaces provided
2. Answer **all** questions in Section A, **three** questions in section B and **two** questions in section C

**FOR EXAMINERS USE ONLY**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Section A** | **Section B** | **Section C** | **Total**  |
| 1 - 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

**SECTION A – 25 MRKS**

***Answer all questions from this section.***

1. Give two types of electronic sources of information in history and government. (2mks)

2. Identify the two first stages of evolution of man. (2mks)

3. Name the person who invented the seed drill in early agriculture. (1mk)

4. State one theory of origin about the knowledge of iron working in Africa. (1mk)

5. Give two roles played by the Tuaregs during the Trans – Saharan trade. (2mks)

6. State two means of water transport used during the ancient time. (2mks)

7. Give the main contribution of Isaac Newton during the scientific revolution. (1mk)

8. Apart from Johannesburg, name one other modern urban centre in Africa. (1mk)

9. State the main role of the golden stool in the Asante kingdom during the 19th century. (1mk)

10. Give two political benefits enjoyed by the assimilated Africans in the French administration in Senegal. (2mks

11. Give two economic reasons for the growth of nationalism in Ghana. (2mks)

12. Give the main reason for the failure of the League of Nations. (1mk)

13. State main way in which Angola was affected by the cold war. (1mk)

14. Identify two contributions made by Kwame Nkrumah of Ghana in promoting Pan – Africanism. (2mks)

15. State two political causes of instability in the Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC) between 1960 – 1965. (2mks)

16. Define the term non – aligned movement (NAM) (1mk)

17. Name the two houses of parliament in India. (2mks)

**SECTION B 45MARKS**

**Answer any three questions from this section.**

18. (a) Give five reasons why Africa is considered as the cradle of mankind. (5mks)

 (b) Describe the way of life of man during the Old Stone Age period. (10mks)

19. (a) Give five advantages of human transport. (5mks)

 (b) Explain five disadvantages of air transport. (10mks)

20. (a) State five functions of London as an urban centre. (5mks)

 (b) Explain five factors responsible for the growth of early urban centres in Africa. (10mks)

21.(a) Identify five reasons for the growth of nationalism in Mozambique. (1mk)

 (b) Explain five reasons for the slow decolonization process in Mozambique. (10mks)

**SECTION C 30MKS**

***Answer any two questions from this section.***

22.(a) Give three ways in which trade contributed to the rise of Asante Empire. (3mks)

 (b) Describe the political organisation of the Buganda kingdom. (12mks)

23. (a) state three functions of Emiris during the British administration in Nigeria (3mks)

 (b) Explain six reasons why indirect rule policy failed in southern Nigeria. (12mks)

24. (a) State three common characteristics of Common Wealth States. (3mks)

 (b) Explain **six** challenges faced by the Common Wealth nations. (12mks)