**Name:** …………………………………………………… **Adm No**: …………………..

**School:** …………………………………………………… **Candidate’s Sign**: …………

**Date:**………………………………………………………

**101/2**

**ENGLISH**

**(COMPREHENSION, LITERARY, APPRECIATION AND GRAMMAR)**

**PAPER 2**

**TIME: 2 ½ HOURS**

**END OF TERM 1 EXAM 2023**

**FORM THREE**

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:-**

Write **your name** and **admission number** in the spaces provided.

Sign and write the **date** of examination in the spaces provided above.

Answer ***all*** questions in this question paper.

Answers to all questions ***must*** *b*e written in the spaces provided in this booklet.

**For Examiner’s Use Only**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **QUESTION** | **MAXIMUM SCORES** | **CANDIDATE’S SCORES** |
| 1 | 20 |  |
| 2 | 25 |  |
| 3 | 20 |  |
| 4 | 15 |  |
| **Total Score** | **80** |  |

**QUESTION 1: COMPREHENSION. (20MKS)**

***Read the passage below and answer the questions that follow.***

Substance Abuse has emerged in recent decades as a major concern both on and off the job. Although reasons vary, substance abuse can be a way that some people try to manage or reduce distress.

But it is important to be clear on what is generally meant by a drinking problem. In all cases related to alcohol abuse, a common factor is the unfavorable effect alcohol has on the health or well-being of the drinker and his or her associates. Common signs and symptoms that frequently indicate a drinking problem include being constantly absent from work, causing on-the-job accidents and expressing grievances most of the time.

Alcoholic employees can sometimes go undetected for years. Coworkers cover up for those unable to perform their jobs because of drunkenness. Even managers may be adept at concealing their alcohol abuse problems. Their secretaries or loyal associates may cover up for them. Alcoholics can be clever at inventing “credible” excuses when detected: “I must have a drink or two when I’m entertaining customers, of course.”

Drug abuse, or drug addiction, exists when the taking of drugs, whether prescribed or non-prescribed, legal or illegal, causes difficulties in any area of an individual’s life. Years ago, the stereotype of the drug user was either of a glazed-eyed musician frantically beating his sticks on a tight skin or a person who dwelt in a slum. Mass publicity on drug abuse has long since caused that stereotype to fade from view.

Complicating the ongoing war on drugs are changes in public attitudes and drug-use patterns. It sometimes seems that no sooner is progress made in combating one illegal drug than a different kind of substance abuse comes into vogue. Ethyl alcohol was the social drug during prohibition (1920 – 1933), marijuana became the social drug of the 1960s and 1970s, and some observers believe that crack cocaine and possibly ecstasy – another so-called upper – became the social drugs of the 1980s and 1990s. the drugs of choice and people’s attitude toward them may change, but the problem of drug abuse appears to be continuing unabated.

Pinpointing the specific symptoms of alcohol and drug abuse problems is not a simple task. A supervisor’s main responsibility, therefore should not necessarily be uncovering evidence of dependency on alcohol and drugs but instead being observant for declining job performance. Yet there are certain behavioral patterns that some excessive users of alcohol and drugs display. These patterns can sometimes be spotted through simple observation. Increasingly though, employers are taking more aggressive steps to ferret out substance abuse among their workforces. A growing number of companies, especially large ones with many employees and those in business with potential to effect public health or safety, are adopting drug-testing programmer.

The signs of alcohol dependency, unfortunately, do not always become manifest until the middle of the late stages of the problem. No wonder some managers have mistaken an employee’s euphoric appearance for the “look of love”. The earlier treatment begins, naturally, the earlier treatment begins, naturally, the easier it will be. A person could experience some isolated incidents of such drinking problems without necessarily being an alcoholic. However, alcohol abuse usually results in declining job performance.

Because there are many symptoms of drug abuse, no one person would exhibit all of them and a supervisor should guard against assuming that the presence of one or more symptoms is conclusive of alcohol or drug abuse.

**Questions**

1. What is the main reason given for substance abuse? (2 mks)

2. From paragraph two, state three ways in which alcohol abuse can unfavorably affect the
 workmates of a drunker? (3mks)

 3. According to the passage, what is drug abuse? (2mks)

4. What was the common misconception about who a drug user was? (2mks)

5. Rewrite the following sentences using “as soon as”

It sometimes seems that no sooner is progress made in combating one illegal drug than a different kind of substance abuse comes into vogue. (1mk)

 6. What can we infer about “prohibition”? (2mks)

7. In not more than 55 words, summarize the reasons that make it difficult to effectively deal

 with substance abuse. (4mks)

8. Why do you think the author of the passage cautions supervisors against hastily

 concluding that one is a drug abuser? (2mks)

 9. Explain the meaning of the following words as used in the passage. (2mks)

 Credible

 Stereotype –

**EXCERPT (page 16) 25 marks**

**Read the following oral poem and answer the questions that follow.**

Oh beautiful bride, don’t cry,

Your marriage will be happy,

Console yourself, your husband will be good.

And like your mother and your aunt,

You will have many children in your life,

Two children, three children, four……

Resign yourself do like all other,

A man is not a leopard,

A husband is not a thunderstruck,

Your mother was your father’s wife,

It will not kill you to work.

It will not kill you to grind the grain

Nor will it kill you to wash the pots

Nobody dies from gathering firewood

Nor from washing clothes.

We did not do it for you,

We did not want to see you go,

We love you too much for that

It’s your beauty that did it

Because you are so gorgeous

Ah, we see you laugh beneath your tears!

Goodbye, your husband is here

And already you don’t seem

To need our consolations.

**Questions**

 With evidence, classify the oral poem. (2mks)

 Who do you think are the singers of the song? Illustrate. (2mks)

 How do the singers make the situation bearable for the lady? (2mks)

 What is the attitude of the society from which the song is derived towards women?

(2mks)

 Illustrate and explain the use of the following stylistic devices in this oral poem.

(4mks)

 Repetition –

 Simile –

 State in note form the duties of a wife according to the song. (2mks)

 Explain any social aspect and one economic activity carried out in the community from which the oral poem is taken. (4mks)

 Explain the irony in the 7th stanza. (2mks)

**GRAMMAR 15 marks.**

***Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the word in brackets. (3mks)***

Who is the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ person in you life? (important)

My brother was offended by the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of their joke. (vulgar)

You will improve your \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ if you listen to people keenly. (pronounce)

***Complete the sentences below using a little, little, afew or few. (3mks)***

There was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ work to do, so slept almost the whole day.

Though \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ teams turned up, the competition was successful.

The thief had \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ accomplices.

***Use an appropriate phrasal verb to replace the underlined word. (3mks)***

The fire engines arrived in time to extinguish the ranging inferno.

The chairman decided to postpone the meeting at the eleventh hour.

It is not good to despise others.

***Choose the correct pronoun from the options provided to complete the following sentences. (2mks)***

Ms Kilundu gave my sister and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a lift to school. (I/me)

To \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ life had no meaning at all. (he/him)

***Provide the appropriate question tag. (2mks)***

Greet your wife for me, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

I am responsible for this,\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

***For each of the nouns below, write a gender neutral equivalent. (2mks)***

Cateress

Watchman