

DISTINCTION UPPER PRIMARY ASSESSMENT



MONITORING LEARNER'S PROGRESS

GRADE 5 -2023

5

CREATIVE ARTS, SOCIAL STUDIES & RELIGION

PREMIER

Time: 1 hour 40 Minutes

SECTION 1: ART AND CRAFT.

1. _____ is formed when lines meet to form an enclosed area.
A. Space B. Form
C. Shape D. Line
2. Arranging forms by making the ones at the back partially hidden is known _____.
A. overlapping B. stippling
C. hiding D. scenery
3. Art made with a combination of different materials, such as collage is referred to as _____.
A. medium B. mixed media
C. composition D. installation
4. What is shading?
A. The technique of using a pencil
B. The markings that fill an outline
C. The markings that create shape
D. The technique of using a pen
5. Which of the following is **not** needed in drawing a still life objects such as the ones shown in the picture?



- A. Still life objects B. Ruler
C. Rubber D. Water
6. Which media would be best for creating thin hatching lines?
A. Crayon B. Pencil
C. Paint brush D. Charcoal
7. Which of these is not an element of art?
A. Balance B. Texture
C. Line D. Colour
8. Pink is an example of which element of art?
A. Texture B. Line
C. Value D. Colour
9. _____ refers to the way something feels or looks.
A. Line B. Space
C. Texture D. Value

10. If you make an artistic arrangement of various materials and glue it to a surface, what do you have?

- A. Collage B. Weaving
C. Painting D. Montage

Study the diagram below then answer questions 8 and 9:



11. Which of the following drawing technique is shown?

- A. Cross hatching B. Stippling
C. Smudging D. Painting

12. _____ can be used to draw the picture above.

- A. A sharp, pointed pencil
B. A large paint brush
C. Crayons
D. Charcoal

13. Which is not an example of a natural object?

- A. Shoes B. Fruits
C. Tree D. Shell

14. The following are examples of textured materials from the environment for making collage except _____.

- A. sand B. grass
C. glass D. leaves

15. Red and blue makes purple. _____.

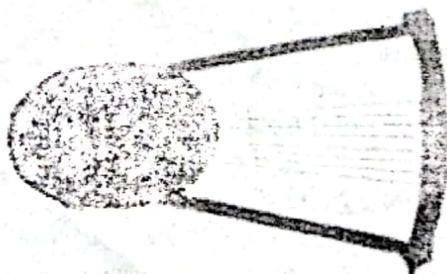
- A. True
B. False
C. Undefined
D. None of the above

SECTION 2: MUSIC

16. During a traditional dance, you noticed the dancers wearing rings, bangles, beads all over their bodies. What could all these be called?

- A. Costumes B. Ornaments
C. Accompaniments D. Shakers

17. Which one is not a feature of a folk song performance?
 A. Message B. Climax
 C. Mood D. Structure
18. Why is a drum, considered a non-melodic percussion instrument?
 A. It is made of a resonator
 B. It can play melodies when tuned
 C. It cannot play melodies when tuned
 D. It does not have strings
19. You are to create an original tune. Which of the following points is not going to apply?
 A. Identify a specific pattern of beats in two, three or four beats.
 B. The starting and ending sol-fa's.
 C. Creating a new rhythm and melody never heard before.
 D. Taking an existing tune and adding in new lyrics/words.
20. You are to prepare for a solo folk song performance. Which of the following points will not apply to your preparation?
 A. Practice how to accompany myself with an instrument.
 B. Practice singing the folk song with confidence.
 C. Work on the diction to be able to pass on the message.
 D. Teach the choral section how to respond to my solo calls.
21. What is not an item that can cause accidents during a folk song performance?
 A. Prop B. Costumes
 C. Sticks D. Wet or slippery stage
22. SSA are voices sang by _____.
 A. Two tenors and an alto line.
 B. Soprano and alto line.
 C. Two soprano and two alto lines.
 D. Two soprano lines with an alto line.
23. How would you classify the instrument below?

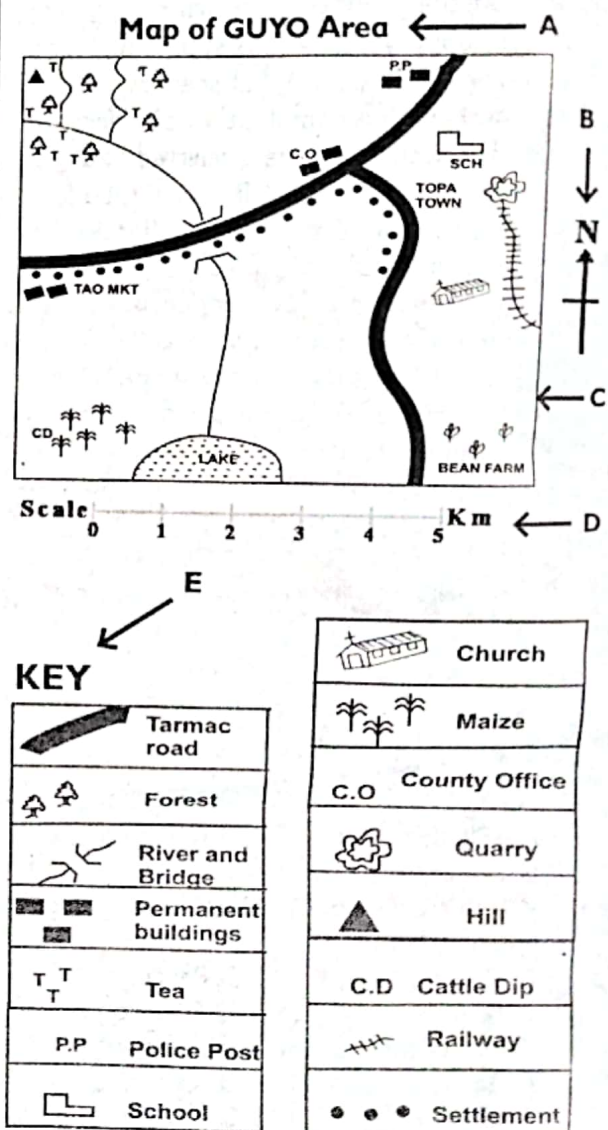


- A. Self sounding instrument.
 B. Wind instrument.
 C. String instrument.
 D. Struck/Hit instrument

24. Which country does not sing East African National Anthem?
 A. Kenya B. Uganda
 C. Ethiopia D. South Sudan
25. A patriotic song is a song sung _____.
 A. To educate people on issues or events affecting us in the society.
 B. To show love for one's country.
 C. To worship God.
 D. To raise issues affecting the society.

SECTION 3: SOCIAL STUDIES.

Study the map below and answer questions 26 to 30.



26. What do we call the border drawn around the map?
 A. Scale, B. Compass
 C. Frame, D. Key,

27. Name the element of a map that relates to the distance on the map and the actual distance on the ground

- A. Scale, B. Compass.
C. Frame, D. Key,

28. What form of transport is used in GUYO AREA?

- A. Water B. Air
C. Road D. Railway

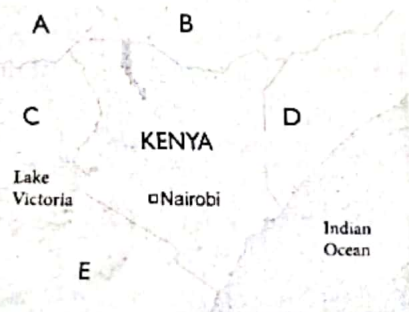
29. The leader found in GUYO AREA is called

- A. MCA
B. Governor
C. Member of Parliament
D. Senator

30. What is the main cash crop in the area?

- A. Maize B. Tea
C. Trees D. Coffee

Study the map below and answer the questions 31 and 32.



31. Using the compass, name the country that neighbour Kenya to the East.

- A. Somalia B. Ethiopia
C. Uganda D. Tanzania

32. Name the countries labelled A, B, C and D.
A. South Sudan, Ethiopia, Uganda, Somalia, Tanzania

B. Ethiopia, Somalia, South Sudan, Uganda, Tanzania

C. Somalia, South Sudan, Uganda, Ethiopia, Tanzania

D. South Sudan, Tanzania, Ethiopia, Uganda, Somalia,

33. Which of the following shows the correct relief features?

Mountain	Hill	Plain	Plateau
A. Mt Longonot	Chyulu	Awara	Yatta
B. Mt Loima	Awara	Yatta	Longonot
C. Mt Elgon	Loita	Lotikipi	Chyulu
D. Mt Kenya	Shimba	Awara	Mau

34. The following are elements of weather. Which one is not?

- A. Rainfall
B. Temperature
C. Wind
D. None of the above

35. The climate of a place can be described in the following ways except.

- A. Hot and dry B. Warm and cold
C. Cool and wet D. Hot and wet

36. The following are characteristics of a climatic region in Kenya.

- a) Experiences cool and wet conditions.
b) The region is characterised by two sides, the leeward side and the windward side.
c) Windward side receives relief rainfall while leeward side is drier.

Identify the climatic region described above.

- A. Mountain climate
B. Tropical climate
C. Desert climate
D. Modified climate

37. Which of the following is a cultural centre?

- A. Koobi Fora B. Fort Jesus
C. Bomas of Kenya D. Kapenguria

38. The following are the importance of historic built environments except.

- A. They are not sources of learning.
B. They are tourists' attraction centres.
C. They teach us about culture.
D. They are sources of employment.

39. Monuments help us to remember important _____ in the country.

- A. Schools B. Events
C. Presidents D. Cultures

40. We can _____ other people on the importance of the historic built environments.

- A. Avoid telling B. Cannot educate
C. Educate D. Discriminate

SECTION 4:

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION.

41. How does a doctor use his abilities to fulfill God's purpose? _____

- A. By treating patients
B. By making friends
C. By charging a lot of money
D. By greeting the patients

42. Which of these values is **not** taught by the parable of the talents? _____
 A. Loyalty B. Disobedience
 C. Respect D. Responsibility
43. Which one of the following **cannot** increase family unity? _____
 A. Spending time with each other
 B. Sharing family responsibilities
 C. Appreciating every family member
 D. Alcohol and drug use
44. Which one of the following is **not** true about a Christian marriage? _____
 A. Bride price is paid
 B. It is for company
 C. It is permanent
 D. Divorce is allowed
45. Which one of the following is **not** a child right? _____
 A. Right to good health
 B. Right to life
 C. Right to education
 D. Right to be abused
46. Which of these values can we use to nurture our talents and abilities? _____
 A. Laziness B. Fear
 C. Honesty D. Irresponsibility
47. Christians need positive values to use their leisure time well. Which one of these is **not** a value? _____
 A. Love B. Hard work
 C. Integrity D. Jealousy
48. It is correct to spend our leisure time doing all the following **except**? _____
 A. Knitting a sweater
 B. Chatting all day on social media
 C. Reading a storybook
 D. Going for a walk
49. Which punishment was given to Eve after they ate the forbidden fruit? _____
 A. She was told never to eat fruits
 B. She would feel pain when giving birth
 C. She was told to eat dust
 D. She would have to wear leaves
50. Which one of the following **cannot** cause child labour? _____
 A. Poverty
 B. Death of parents or guardian
 C. Wealth
 D. Irresponsible parents

SECTION 4: ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION.

41. The last month in the Islamic calendar is _____.
 A. Dhul Hijjah B. Dhul Qaad
 C. Muharram D. Saffar
42. Allah (ST) is the creator, He is _____.
 A. Al-Razaq
 B. Al-Quddus
 C. Al-Khaliq
 D. Ar-Rahman
43. We fast so that we may remember _____.
 A. The rich people
 B. Poor people without food
 C. Importance of eating
 D. The month of Ramadhan
44. One of the following is a teaching from suratul Takathur.
 A. We should not backbite
 B. We should not steal
 C. We should be patient
 D. We should read
45. We perform _____ rakaats during friday prayers.
 A. 4 B. 10
 C. 7 D. 2
46. When there is no water for wudhu we should _____.
 A. Wait for rain water
 B. use any liquid
 C. Perform Tayammum
 D. Pray without wudhu
47. We plant trees so as to _____.
 A. get firewood from trees
 B. Destroy the environment
 C. Take care of our environment
 D. Beautify the land only
48. A Muslim marriage ceremony is called _____
 A. Nikah B. Walimah
 C. Nikkah D. Mahar
49. Our prophet (PBUH) used to fast on _____ and _____.
 A. Mondays, Fridays
 B. Tuesdays, Sundays
 C. Wednesdays, Fridays
 D. Mondays, Thursdays
50. A Muslim cannot work in one of the following _____
 A. Hotel B. Hospital
 C. bar D. bank