**CATHOLIC DIOCESE OF KAKAMEGA**

**C.R.E PAPER 2**

**MARKING SCHEME**

**1. (a) Jeremiah’s prophecies about the Messiah (Jeremiah 23: 5-6)**

* God would raise up a righteous descendant/branch of David.
* The king will rule wisely / execute justice of the Lord
* He shall do what is right and just.
* He will ensure that Judah is safe from her enemies and people of Israel will live in peace.
* He would be called ‘The Lord our salvation’.
* He would rule Judah and Israel
* Bring peace among the people of Israel.
* Make them dwell securely in their land. **(Any 6x1=6marks)**

**(b) Seven similarities in the annunciation of the birth of John the Baptist and that of**

**Jesus Christ**

* In both, Angel Gabriel announced their births.
* In both, the unborn were males
* In both, the conception was through divine intervention.
* In both, there were some element of doubt.
* Zechariah and Mary were Holy and God fearing.
* Zechariah and Mary were both troubled and afraid.
* In both, the children were first born.
* In both, the names of the children were given by the Angel before birth.
* In both, the mission of the children was given by the angel. **(First 7x1=7marks)**

**(c) What challenges did John the Baptist face during his ministry? (7marks)**

* Preached in the wilderness
* He was imprisoned for challenging Herod’s behavior
* Lived on locusts and honey in the wilderness
* He led a solitary life
* He was beheaded
* He was misunderstood to be the Messiah
* Rebuking Herod the tetrarch because of marrying Herodias, his brother’s wife and other evils he had committed
* Had a challenge in identifying Jesus as the Messiah
* Pharisees and tax collectors rejected the Baptist of John/they hadn’t been baptized by John the Baptist
* He was falsely accused of/considered being demon possessed. **(Any 7x1=7marks)**

**2. (a) Teachings of Jesus on the qualities of a true disciple (Luke 6:20-49) (8marks)**

* Perseverance in the face of persecution-A true disciple should endure suffering
* Unwavering faith in Jesus-A true disciple should have absolute faith in God
* Love for enemies-A true disciple should love even their enemies/pray for enemies
* Obedience/implementers of the teachings of Jesus-A true disciple should accept the Lordship of Christ/implement his teaching
* Forgiving others-A true disciple should forgive others/not revenge
* Generosity/kindness-A true disciple should share with others/be generous
* Not judge others-A true disciple should exercise self criticism before judging others
* Show compassion/mercy to others-A true disciple should be merciful just like God
* A true disciple should bear good fruits **(First 4x2=8marks)**

**(b) Activities that took place during the feeding of the 5,000 Luke 9:10-17(7marks)**

* After the return of the 12 Disciples from their mission, Jesus took them to a quiet place in the town of Bethsaida
* A crowd of about 5,000 people followed him to whom he preached about the Kingdom of God.
* The disciples requested Jesus to release him people to look for food.
* Jesus told the disciples to give the people something to eat.
* The disciples were in a dilemma because they did not have enough food to feed the people.
* Jesus told the disciples to organize the people into groups of fifty.
* He took loaves, two fish, prayed for it, broke them and asked the disciples to distribute to the people.
* The crowd ate to its fill and left remains that filled 12 baskets. **(7x1=7marks)**

**(c) Lessons learnt about Jesus from the feeding of the 5,000**

* Jesus is the Messiah offering the messianic banquet prophesied by the prophet Isaiah (Isaiah 25:6)
* Jesus is the bread of life.
* Jesus has a divine power.
* Jesus provides for both physical and spiritual needs of people.
* Jesus has power over nature (multiplied loafs enough to feed 5,000 people)
* Jesus had faith in God’s providence.
* Jesus had compassion for the needy. **(First 5x1=5marks)**

**3. (a) Instructions that Jesus gave to the seventy two disciples when he sent themon**

**a mission**

* The disciples were to pray for more labourers to be sent for the harvest,
* The disciples were not to carry any pulse / bag / sandals.
* They were not to salute anyone on the road.
* They were to say peace any house they entered.
* They were to remain in the same house / NOT to go from house to house.
* They were to eat / drink whatever was provided.
* They were to heal the sick
* They were, to tell the people that the kingdom of God has come near
* They were to wipe off the dust on their feet against the people if not received. **(Any 8x1=8marks)**

**(b) Narrate the parable of the widow and the unjust judge**

* There was a judge who neither feared God nor regarded man
* There was a widow who kept on coming to the judge to settle a case between her and

her adversaries

* The judge at first refused to grant the request of the widow;
* The widow did not give up/persisted on her request
* The judge was afraid of getting warned out by the widow's insistence;
* The judge finally accepted to grant the widow her request;
* Jesus said the God would vindicate/grant the request of those who pray to Him

Persistently

* Jesus said that God responds to those who pray to Him in faith speedily. **(6x1=6marks)**

**(c) Reasons why Christians should have faith in God (6marks)**

* God fulfils the promises he makes to human beings;
* Faith is a requirement for all Christians;
* Those who pray in faith receive their request;
* Christians are dependent on God for all things;
* Faith is a sign of commitment to God/helps Christians to grow spiritually;
* It is through faith, in God that Christians can perform miracles/great things;
* Christians who have faith in God can be saved /healed;
* Faith in God helps Christians to overcome temptations/face challenges/persecutions.
* Faith in God enables the Christians to wait patiently for second coming of Jesus/Kingdom of God

**(First 6xl=6marks)**

**4.(a) Gifts of the Holy Spirit according to Saint Paul (I Corinthians12:7-11)**

* Gift of Wisdom
* Gift of Knowledge
* Gift of Faith
* Gift of Healing
* Gift of working miracles
* Gift of Prophecy/preaching
* Gift of speaking in tongues
* Interpreting of tongues
* Distinguishing between spirits

**(Any 8x1=8marks)**

**(b) Describe how the unity of believers is expressed in the image of the people of God**

**(1st Peter 2: 9 - 10)**

* The believers are chosen people/race/they have been selected.
* They are a royal priesthood/they are to save the greatest King/God.
* They are Holy nation/expected to lead holy/righteousness lives
* They belong to God/they form a family of God’s own possession.
* They are to declare wonderful deeds of God/that is to lead a life of worshipping God/testifying about God.
* They were called from darkness to light/their lives had been transformed and should not be dominated by evil.
* They were once not a people/they were outside the covenant way of life.
* They are led by the mercies of God/have received God’s grace

**(Any 6x1=6marks)**

**(c) Ways in which Christians are able to identify those who posses the**

**gifts of the holy spirit**

* By listening to their confession. They should confess Jesus as Lord.
* By analyzing the kind of teaching they profess. The teaching should be about Jesus Christ/Christian doctrine
* By examining their life so as to know whether they possess/show the fruit of Holy Spirit. (Love, joy, peace, patience, kindness, self-control, goodness, faithfulness/gentleness.)
* By observing their behavior. The behavior should not contradict the teaching of Jesus Christ/ be role models
* When the Christians notice the victorious life of such people over temptations/works of the flesh.
* If such persons do not use the gift of the Holy spirit for selfish gains/enrich themselves
* When such believers given glory to God/Jesus after serving performing miracles.
* Those with the Holly spirit are guided by the principle of sincerity and honesty
* Those with the gift of the Holy spirit are subjected to the word of God

**(First 6x1=6marks)**

**5. (a) Traditional African teaching on Leisure**

* Leisure is an important aspect of life / life is made up of both work and leisure
* Leisure is meant to develop potential personal resources in work
* It is for personal refreshment
* It is part of education/learning opportunity through stories, riddles, parables, songs
* Most leisure activities are active / communal rather than individualistic / bring people together e.g. visiting relatives, feasts, celebrations rites of passage etc.
* Rites of passage provide an opportunity for communal leisure activities and acquisition of values e.g. co-operation, sharing, love
* Leisure activities are free and people are not expected to pay for them in order to participate.
* In African societies human life follows the rhythms of life. Night hours are spent sleeping.
* Seasons determine leisure activities e.g. wrestling and hunting are for the dry season while singing and dance takes place during harvest.
* Leisure is put to the right use and those who misbehave are punished.
* Discipline is followed e.g. putting on dress that befits the occasion.
* Leisure activities are organized on gender and age group lines e.g. dances for boys and girls for warriors, women etc. the elderly meet and drink beer etc.

**(Any 6x1=6marks)**

**(b) Christian criteria for evaluating the use of Leisure**

* Leisure should not be harmful to an individual or others. It should not put one’s life at risk e.g. boxing, wrestling, car racing.
* A leisure activity that is addictive is wrong. It makes a person become a slave on the activity.
* Leisure should be for personal growth both physical and spiritual
* In leisure, the principle of moderation must be observed
* A leisure activity should be moral within the laws of God
* Leisure should bring people together/unite people in fellowship
* Leisure should come after work
* Christians should avoid leisure activities that lead to sins e.g. gambling, drunkenness and sexual immorality.
* Christians should engage in activities that promote their respect and dignity.
* Leisure activity should be done for the glory of God **(Any 7x1=7marks)**

**(c) Dangers of using illicit drugs among the youth in Kenya today**

* There is an increase in rate of crimes committee
* Use of illicit drugs leads to sexual immorality/contracting STIs /HIV and AIDS;
* Dependence on illicit drugs depletes resources leading to poverty/lowers productivity;
* Illicit drugs can damage vital organs/ill health;
* Illicit drugs causes indiscipline in institutions of learning;
* The number of street children/families is increasing as a result of using the drugs;
* Use of illicit drugs is illegal/the offenders are liable for punishment;
* Use of illicit drugs can cause employer/employee conflicts;
* Ilicit drug users become irresponsible/quarrelsome/irritable leading to family

Disagreements/breakup

* Use of illicit drugs can lead to murder/death;
* Addiction  **(Any 7x1=7marks)**

**6. (a) Reasons why laws are important to the people of Kenya**

* Laws safeguard people’s rights/citizen’s rights.
* People’s property is protected under the law.
* They protect the consumer from exploitation.
* It allows/provides for economic development/growth.
* Individuals are able to enjoy the freedom of worship.
* The law acts as a check/measure of those in authority.
* The law outlines how foreigners should be handled.
* They control taxation/collection of revenue.
* It enables the government to protect its citizens against oppression.
* The law determines the type of punitive measures for a crime done/prevents crime.
* It ensures political stability in a country/nation (order/peace/love/unity).
* It outlines the relationship between different nations/countries. **(First 6x1=6marks)**

**(b) Rights of a Kenyan citizen**

* Rights to life/ live
* Rights to have basic needs/ food/ shelter/ clothing
* Right to receive education
* Right to marry/ raise up a family/ belong to a family
* Right to have freedom of association/ assembly
* Right to freedom of speech/ receive information/ expression
* Right to own property
* Freedom of worship
* Right to liberty/ movement
* Right to work/ earn a living
* Right to medical care/ health
* Right to security/ protection by law
* Freedom of conscience / right to vote **(First 7x1=7marks)**

**(c) Reasons why Christians in Kenya are against the capital punishment**

* The law of God forbids killing
* Death sentence is irreversible in case an innocent person is killed
* Life is sacred/belongs to God
* Killing does not reform the offender
* The offender’s right as human being is undermined as he/she is used as a means to

deter others

* It is against God’s principle of forgiveness
* It undermines Christian virtue of love
* The victim’s dependants/family are denied a chance to be with their loved one
* It can be misused by those in power to instill fear/discourage opposing views/eliminate

others

**(Any 7x1=7marks)**